

**LYNX**<sup>®</sup>



**OPERATOR'S GUIDE**  
**RE-X • 2013**  
**550 / E-TEC<sup>®</sup>**

EN 619 900 377

## OPERATOR'S MANUAL 2013

Rave™ 550  
Rave™ RE 600HO E-TEC  
Rave™ RE 800 E-TEC  
Xtrim™ 550  
Xtrim™ SC 600HO E-TEC  
Xtrim™ 600HO E-TEC BoonDocker 3700  
Xtrim™ 800R E-TEC BoonDocker 3700  
Xtrim™ 800R E-TEC BoonDocker 3900  
49 Ranger™ 600HO E-TEC

## SAFETY WARNING

Disregarding any of the safety precautions and instructions contained in this Operator's Guide, or on-product warnings may result in injury, including the possibility of death.

This Operator's Guide should remain with the snowmobile at time of resale.



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# FOREWORD

English	This guide may be available in your language. Check with your dealer or go to: <a href="http://www.operatorsguide.brp.com">www.operatorsguide.brp.com</a> .
Français	Ce guide peut être disponible dans votre langue. Vérifier avec votre concessionnaire ou aller à: <a href="http://www.operatorsguide.brp.com">www.operatorsguide.brp.com</a> .
Norsk	Denne boken kan finnes tilgjengelig på ditt eget språk. Kontakt din forhandler eller gå til: <a href="http://www.operatorsguide.brp.com">www.operatorsguide.brp.com</a>
Suomi	Käyttöohjekirja voi olla saatavissa omalla kielelläsi. Tarkista jälleenmyyjältä tai käy osoitteessa: <a href="http://www.operatorsguide.brp.com">www.operatorsguide.brp.com</a> .
Svenska	Denna bok kan finnas tillgänglig på ditt språk. Kontakta din återförsäljare eller gå till: <a href="http://www.operatorsguide.brp.com">www.operatorsguide.brp.com</a> .

Congratulations on your purchase of a new Lynx snowmobile. Whatever model you have chosen, it is backed by the Bombardier Recreational Products inc. (BRP) warranty and a network of authorized Lynx snowmobile dealers ready to provide the parts, service or accessories you may require.

The Operator's Guide has been prepared to acquaint the owner/operator and passenger with this new snowmobile and its various controls, maintenance and safe riding instructions. This guide is indispensable for the proper use of the product and should be kept with this snowmobile at all times.

Make sure you read and understand the content of this Operator's Guide.

After reading, please keep this Operator's Guide with the snowmobile. If the snowmobile is resold, please give the guide to the new owner for his awareness. An extra copy of the Operator's Guide is available from your Lynx snowmobile dealer at no charge.

If you have any question regarding any topic whether or not it is covered in this Operator's Guide, please send a written letter to BRP to following address:

BRP Finland OY  
Service Department  
P.O. Box 8039  
FIN-96101 ROVANIEMI  
FINLAND  
Tel +358 16 3208 111

Although the mere reading of such information does not eliminate the hazard, the understanding and application of the information will promote the correct use of the vehicle.

Your dealer is committed to your satisfaction. He has taken training to perform the initial set-up and inspection of your snowmobile as well as completed the final adjustment required to suit your specific weight and riding environment before you took possession. At delivery, your dealer would have explained the snowmobile controls and provided you with a brief explanation of the various suspension adjustments. We trust you have taken full advantage of this!

At delivery, you were also informed of the warranty coverage and have completed the Warranty Registration process.

The information and components/system descriptions contained in this guide are correct at time of publication. BRP, however maintains a policy of continuous improvement of its products without imposing upon itself any obligation to install them on products previously manufactured.

Because of its ongoing commitment to product quality and innovation, BRP reserves the right at any time to discontinue or change specifications, designs, features, models or equipment without incurring obligation.

The illustrations in this document show the typical construction of the different assemblies and, in all cases, may not reproduce the full detail or exact shape of the parts shown, however, they represent parts which have the same or a similar function.

It is understood that this guide may be translated into another language. In the event of any discrepancy, the English version shall prevail.

Specifications are given in the SI metric system with the SAE U.S. equivalent in parentheses. Where precise accuracy is not required, some conversions are rounded off for easier use.


Most components of this snowmobile are built with parts dimensioned in the metric system. Most fasteners are metric and must not be replaced by customary fasteners or vice versa.

We recommend genuine BRP products for replacement parts and accessories. They've been specially designed for your vehicle and manufactured to meet BRP's demanding standards.

For any questions pertaining to the warranty and its application, consult the WARRANTY section in this guide, and/or an authorized Lynx dealer.


## Safety Messages

The types of safety messages, what they look like and how they are used in this guide are explained as follows:

The safety alert symbol  indicates a potential injury hazard.

### **WARNING**

Indicates a potential hazard, if not avoided, could result in serious injury or death.

 **CAUTION** Indicates a hazard situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

**NOTICE** Indicates an instruction which, if not followed, could severely damage vehicle components or other property.

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# ***SAFETY INFORMATION***

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# IMPORTANT BASIC SAFETY MEASURES

## Training

- ▲ Basic training is required for the safe operation of any snowmobile. Study your Operator's Guide paying particular attention to cautions and warnings. Join your local snowmobile club: its social activities and trail systems are planned for both fun and safety. Obtain basic instructions from your snowmobile dealer, friend, fellow club member or enroll in your local training program.
- ▲ Always show a new operator how to start and stop the vehicle. Indicate the correct riding positions and, above all else, only allow him to operate the snowmobile in a restricted flat area — at least until he is completely familiar with its operation. If there is a local snowmobile operator's training course existing, have him enroll.

## Performance

- ▲ The performance of some snowmobiles may significantly exceed that of other snowmobiles you have operated. Therefore, use by novice or inexperienced operators is not recommended.
- ▲ Snowmobiles are used in many areas and in many snow conditions. Not all models perform the same in similar conditions. Always consult your snowmobile dealer when selecting the snowmobile model for your particular needs and uses.
- ▲ Injury or death may result to the snowmobile operator, passenger or bystander if the snowmobile is used in risky conditions which are beyond the driver's, passenger's or snowmobile's capabilities or intended use.

## Age

- ▲ BRP recommends the operator has at least 16 years old of age. Follow your local legislation.

- ▲ It is very important to inform any operator, regardless of his experience, of the handling characteristics of this snowmobile. The snowmobile configuration, such as ski stance, ski type, suspension type, track length, width and type vary from a model to another. The snowmobile handling is greatly influenced by these characteristics.
- ▲ The novice operator should become familiar with the snowmobile through practice on a level area at slow speeds before venturing far afield.

## Speed

- ▲ Speeding can be fatal. In many cases, you cannot react or respond quickly enough to the unexpected. Always ride at a speed which is suitable to the trail, weather conditions and your own ability. Know your local rules. Speed limit may be in effect and meant to be observed.

## Riding

- ▲ Always keep right hand side of the trail.
- ▲ Always keep a safe distance from other snowmobiles and bystanders.
- ▲ Remember, promotional material may show risky maneuvers performed by professional riders under ideal and/or controlled conditions. You should never attempt any such risky maneuvers if they are beyond your level of riding ability.
- ▲ Never ride after consuming drugs or alcohol or if you feel tired or ill. Operate your snowmobile prudently.
- ▲ Your snowmobile is not designed to be operated on public streets, roads or highways.

- ▲ Snowmobiling at night can be a delightful experience but because of reduced visibility, be extra cautious. Avoid unfamiliar terrain and be sure your lights are working. Always carry a flashlight and spare light bulbs.
  - ▲ Nature is wonderful but don't let it distract your attention from driving. If you want to truly appreciate winter's scenery, stop your snowmobile on the side of the trail so that **you** don't become a hazard to others.
  - ▲ Fences represent a very serious threat for both you and your snowmobile. Give a wide berth to telephone poles or posts.
  - ▲ Hidden wires unseen from a distance can cause serious accidents.
  - ▲ Always wear an approved safety helmet, eye protection and a face shield. This also applies to your passenger.
  - ▲ Be aware of inherent risks associated with riding off trails, such as avalanche and other natural or man made hazards or obstacles.
  - ▲ Avoid road traveling. If you must do so, and it is permitted, reduce speed. The snowmobile is not designed to operate or turn on paving. When crossing a road, make a full stop, then look carefully in both directions before crossing at a 90° angle. Be wary of parked vehicles.
  - ▲ Tailgating another snowmobile should be avoided. If the snowmobile in front of you slows for any reason, its driver and passenger could be harmed through your neglect. Maintain a safe stopping distance between you and the snowmobile in front of you. Depending on the terrain condition, stopping may require a little more space than you think. Play it safe. Be prepared to use evasive driving.
  - ▲ Venturing out alone with your snowmobile could also be hazardous. You could run out of fuel, have an accident, or damage your snowmobile. Remember, your snowmobile is capable of traveling further in half an hour than you may be able to walk in a day. Use the "buddy system". Always ride with a friend or member of your snowmobile club. Even then, tell someone where you are going and the approximate time you plan to return.
  - ▲ Meadows sometimes have low areas where water accumulate and freezes over in winter. This ice is usually glare ice. Attempting to turn or brake on this surface could cause your vehicle to spin out of control. Never brake or attempt speeding or turning on glare ice. If you do happen to travel over such a condition, reduce speed by carefully releasing the throttle.
  - ▲ Never "jump" with your snowmobile. This should be left to professional stunt men. Don't show off. Be responsible.
  - ▲ While on safari, do not "gun" the throttle. Snow and ice can be thrown back into the path of a following snowmobile. In addition, when "gunning" the throttle, the vehicle digs into and leaves an irregular snow surface for others.
  - ▲ Safaris are both fun and enjoyable but don't show off or overtake others in the group. A less experienced operator might try to do the same as you and fail. When riding with others, limit your abilities to the experience of others.
- ## Operation
- ▲ Always make a pre-start inspection **BEFORE** you turn on the ignition.
  - ▲ In an emergency, the snowmobile engine can be stopped by activating the engine cut-out switch, pulling the tether cord cap or turning off the key.

- ⚠ Throttle mechanism should be checked for free movement and return to idle position before starting engine.
- ⚠ Always engage parking brake when vehicle is not in use.
- ⚠ Never run the engine in a non-ventilated area and/or if vehicle is left unattended.
- ⚠ Never operate the engine without belt guard securely installed or, with hood or access/side panels open or removed. Never run the engine without drive belt installed. Running an unloaded engine such as without drive belt or with track raised, can be dangerous.
- ⚠ **Electric start models only:** Never charge or boost a battery while installed on snowmobile.
- ⚠ Ensure the path behind is clear of obstacles or bystanders before proceeding in reverse.
- ⚠ Do not leave your keys in the ignition switch, it is an invitation to thieves and a danger to young children.
- ⚠ Raising the rear of your snowmobile while the engine is running could cause snow, ice or debris to be thrown back at an observer. Never raise the rear of the vehicle while the engine is running. To clear or inspect the track, stop the engine, tilt the vehicle on its side and remove blockage with a piece of wood or branch. Never allow anyone near a rotating snowmobile track.
- ⚠ Only perform procedures as detailed in this guide. Unless otherwise specified, engine should be turned OFF and cold for all lubrication, adjustment and maintenance procedures.
- ⚠ Never have the engine running while the hood is open. Even at idle, a snowmobile engine is turning around 1,800 revolutions per minute. Always turn off the ignition before opening the hood for any reason.
- ⚠ Never remove any original equipment from your snowmobile. Each vehicle has many built in safety features. Such features include various guards and consoles, plus reflective materials and warning labels.
- ⚠ A poorly maintained snowmobile itself can be a potential hazard. Excessively worn components could render the vehicle completely inoperative. Keep the snowmobile in good working condition at all times. Follow your pre-operation check, weekly, monthly and annually routine maintenance and lubrication procedures as detailed in this guide. Consult a snowmobile dealer or acquire a shop manual and proper tools and equipment if other repairs or service is required.
- ⚠ Do not stud the track unless it has been approved for studs. At speed, a studded track that has not been approved for studs could tear and separate from vehicle posing a risk of severe injury or death.

## Maintenance

- ⚠ Know your snowmobile and treat it with the respect and care due of any power driven machine. Common sense, proper handling and routine maintenance will result in safer and enjoyable use.

## Fuel

- ⚠ Always stop the engine before refueling. Fuel is flammable and explosive under certain conditions. Always work in a well-ventilated area. Do not smoke or allow open flames or sparks in the vicinity. Open cap slowly. If a differential pressure condition is noticed (whistling sound heard when loosening fuel tank cap) have vehicle inspected and/or repaired before further operation. Do not overfill or top off the fuel tank before placing the vehicle in a warm area. As temperature increases, fuel expands and might overflow. Always wipe off any fuel spillage from the vehicle. Periodically verify fuel system.

## Basics for Passenger

- ⚠ Always wear a DOT approved helmet and follow the same dressing guidelines as those recommended for the operator and described in this guide.
- ⚠ Make sure that you are able to achieve a stable stance, both feet resting positively on the footboards of footrests with good grip, and that you are able to hold on firmly to the handholds.
- ⚠ Do not forget, with 2-UP models, the operator is responsible for the safety of the passenger. Always remember that the snowmobile handling, stability and braking distance may be affected when riding with a passenger.
- ⚠ Before riding the vehicle, ask your passenger to inform you to slow-down or stop immediately if he feels uncomfortable or insecure during the ride. Keep a watchful eye on your passenger while riding.

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# LAWS AND REGULATIONS

## ▲ Know your local laws.

State, provincial and local government agencies have enacted laws and regulations pertaining to the safe use and operation of snowmobiles. It is your responsibility as a snowmobiler to learn and obey these laws and regulations. Respect and observance will result in safer snowmobiling for all.

Be aware of the liability property damages and insurance laws regarding your equipment.

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# RIDING THE VEHICLE

Before venturing on the trails, operate the snowmobile in a restricted flat area until you are completely familiar with its operation and feel comfortable that you can safely tackle a more demanding task. Have an enjoyable and safe ride.

## Principle of Operation

### Propulsion

Depressing throttle lever increases engine RPM causing the drive pulley to engage. Depending on models, engine RPM must be between 2500 and 4200 before drive pulley engagement will occur.

Outer sheave of drive pulley moves toward inner sheave, forcing the drive belt to move upward on the drive pulley and simultaneously forcing the sheaves apart on the driven pulley.

The driven pulley senses the load on the track and limits the belt movement. The result is an optimized speed ratio between engine RPM and the speed of the vehicle at any time.

### WARNING

Never operate engine without belt guard securely installed or, with hood or access/side panels open or removed.

Power is transferred to the track through the chaincase or gearbox and drive axle.

### WARNING

Always use a wide-base snowmobile mechanical stand to properly support vehicle during any track verification. Slowly accelerate engine in order to rotate track at very low speed when it is not on ground.

### Turning

Handlebar controls the steering of the vehicle. As the handlebar is rotated to right or left, the skis are turned right or left to steer the snowmobile.

### Stopping

Before riding your snowmobile, you should understand how to stop it. This is done by releasing the throttle and gradually depressing the brake lever on the left side of the handlebar. In an emergency, you may stop your vehicle by pressing the engine cut-out switch located near the throttle control and applying the brake. Remember, a snowmobile cannot "stop on a dime". Braking characteristics vary with deep snow, packed snow or ice. If the track is locked during hard braking, skidding may result.

## How to Ride

### How to Dress

Proper snowmobile clothing should be worn. It should be comfortable and not too tight. Always check the weather forecast before going on a ride. Dress for the coldest weather expected. Thermal underwear next to the skin also provides a good insulation.

DOT approved helmets are recommended at all times. They provide both warmth and reduce injury. A stocking type cap, balaclava and face mask should always be carried or worn. Goggles or a face shield that attach to the helmet are indispensable.

Hands should be protected by a pair of snowmobile gloves or mitts which have sufficient insulation and allow use of thumbs and fingers for operation of controls.

Rubber bottom boots with either a nylon or a leather top, with removable felt liners are best suited for snowmobiling.

You should keep yourself as dry as possible when snowmobiling. When you come indoors, take your snowmobile suit and boots off and make certain they dry properly.

Do not wear long scarfs and loose apparels that could get caught in moving parts.

### What to Bring

Every snowmobiler should carry at least the following basic parts and tools that can help him and others in an emergency:

- this Operator's Guide
- spare spark plugs and wrench
- friction tape
- spare drive belt
- spare starter rope
- spare light bulbs
- tool kit (including at least pliers, screwdriver, adjustable wrench)
- knife
- flashlight.

Include other items depending on the length and time of your ride.

### Riding Position

Your riding position and balance are the two basic principles of making your snowmobile go where you want it to. When turning on the side of a hill, you and your passenger must be ready to shift body weight to help it turn in the desired direction. Driver and passenger(s) must never attempt this maneuvering by placing feet outside of the vehicle. Experience will teach you how much lean to put into turns at different speeds and how much you will have to lean into a slope to maintain proper balance.

Generally, the riding position for best balance and control is sitting. However, the posting, kneeling or standing positions are also used under certain conditions.

The novice driver should become familiar with the snowmobile through practice on a level area at slow speeds before venturing afield.

### WARNING

Do not attempt any maneuvers if they are beyond your abilities.

### Sitting

Feet on the running boards, body mid-way back on seat is an ideal position when operating the snowmobile over familiar, smooth terrain. Knees and hips should remain flexible to absorb shocks.



### Posting

A semi-sitting position with the body off the seat and the feet under the body in a sort of squatting posture, thus allowing the legs to absorb the shocks when traveling over uneven terrain. Avoid abrupt stops.





## Kneeling

This position is achieved by placing one foot firmly on the running board and the opposite knee on the seat. Avoid abrupt stops.



## Standing

Place both feet on the running boards. Knees should be flexed to absorb the shock from surface bumps. This is an effective position to see better and to shift weight as conditions dictate. Avoid abrupt stop.



## Rider Position (Reverse Operation)

We recommend sitting on your snowmobile when operating in reverse.

Avoid standing up. Your weight could shift forward against throttle lever while operating in reverse, causing an unexpected acceleration.

## WARNING

Unexpected acceleration when snowmobile operates in reverse can cause a loss of control.

## Carrying a Passenger

Certain snowmobiles are designed for an operator only, others can allow one passenger only, and others can allow up to two passengers. Refer to the registration papers on the vehicles to know if any particular snowmobile can accommodate passengers or not, and if so, how many. Always respect those indications. Overloading is dangerous because snowmobiles are not designed for it.

Even when passengers are allowed, you must make sure that the persons who would like to become passengers are physically fit for snowmobiling.

## WARNING

Any passenger must be able to firmly lay his feet on the footrests and keep his hands on the grab handles or seat strap at all times when seated. Respecting those physical criteria is important to ensure that the passenger is stable and to reduce the risks of ejection.

Each operator has a responsibility to ensure the safety of his passengers and should inform them of snowmobiling basics.

**⚠ WARNING**

- Passengers must only sit on designated passenger seats. Never allow anyone to sit between the handlebar and the operator.
- Each passenger seat must have a strap or grab handles and meet SSCC standards.
- Passengers and operators must always wear DOT approved helmets and warm clothing appropriate for snowmobiling. Make sure that no skin is exposed.
- Once underway, if a passenger feels uncomfortable or unsecure for any reason, he must not wait, and tell the driver to slow-down or stop.

Riding with passengers on board is different than riding alone. The operator has the benefit of knowing what will be the next maneuver and is able to prepare himself accordingly. The operator also benefits from the support of his grip on the handlebar. In contrast, the passengers have to rely on the operator's careful and safe operation of the vehicle. In addition, "body english" is limited with passengers, and the operator can sometimes see more of the trail ahead than the passengers. Therefore, smooth starting and stopping are required with passengers, and the operator must slow down. The operator must also warn passengers of side hills, bumps, branches, etc. An unforeseen bump can leave you passenger-less. Remind your passengers to lean into the turn with you, without causing the vehicle to topple. Be extremely careful, go more slowly and check the passengers frequently.

**⚠ WARNING**

When riding with a passenger:

- Braking ability and steering control are reduced. Decrease speed and allow extra space to maneuver.
- Adjust suspension according to weight.

For complete information on how to adjust the suspension, please refer to the section of this Operator's Guide entitled SUSPENSION ADJUSTMENTS under OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS and to the relevant label on the belt guard.

**Riding with a Child**

On snowmobiles allowing two passengers (with optional seat), if you have an adult and a child for passenger, BRP recommends that the child sits in the center location. This allows an adult sitting in the rear seat to keep a visual contact with the child and hold him if necessary. In addition, the child is best protected against the wind and cold temperature if seated in the center location.

Use extra caution and go even more slowly with a young passenger. Check frequently to make certain the child has a firm grip and is properly positioned with his feet on the running boards.

**Terrain/Riding Variations****Groomed Trail**

On a maintained trail, sitting is the most preferred riding position. Do not race and, above all, keep to the right hand side of the trail. Be prepared for the unexpected. Observe all trail signs. Do not zigzag from one side of the trail to the other.

## Ungroomed Trail

Unless there has been a fresh snowfall you can expect “washboard” and snowdrift conditions. Taken at excessive speeds, such conditions can be physically harmful. Slow down. Hold on the handlebar and assume a posting position. Feet should be under the body assuming a crouched position to absorb any jarring effect. On longer stretches of “washboard” trails, the kneeling position of one knee on the seat can be adopted. This provides a certain amount of comfort, while at the same time keeps the body loose and capable of vehicle control. Beware of hidden rocks or tree stumps partially hidden by a recent snowfall.

## Deep Snow

In deep “powder” snow, your vehicle could begin to “bog” down. If this occurs, turn in as wide an arc as possible and look for a firmer base. If you do get “bogged”, and it happens to everyone, do not spin your track as this makes the vehicle sink deeper. Instead, turn the engine off, get off and move the back of the vehicle onto new snow. Then tramp a clear path ahead of the vehicle. A few feet will generally suffice. Restart the engine. Assume the standing position and rock the vehicle gently as you steadily and slowly apply the throttle. Depending on whether the front or rear end of the vehicle is sinking, your feet should be placed on the opposing end of the running boards. Never place foreign material beneath the track for support. Do not allow anyone to stand in front of, or to the rear of, the snowmobile with the engine running. Stay away from the track. Personal injury will result if contact is made with the revolving track.

## Frozen Water

Traveling frozen lakes and rivers can be fatal. Avoid waterways. If you are in an unfamiliar area, ask the local authorities or residents about the ice condi-

tion, inlets, outlets, springs, fast moving currents or other hazards. Never attempt to operate your snowmobile on ice that may be too weak to support you and the vehicle. Operating a snowmobile on ice or icy surfaces can be very dangerous if you do not observe certain precautions. The very nature of ice is foreign to good control of a snowmobile or any vehicle. Traction for starting, turning or stopping is much less than that on snow. Thus, these distances can be multiplied manyfold. Steering is minimal, and uncontrolled spins are an ever present danger. When operating on ice, drive slowly with caution. Allow yourself plenty of room for stopping and turning. This is especially true at night.

## Hard Packed Snow

Don't underestimate hard packed snow. It can be difficult to negotiate as both skis and track do not have as much traction. Best advice is to slow down and avoid rapid acceleration, turning or braking.

## Uphill

There are two types of hills you can encounter — the open hill on which there are few trees, cliffs or other obstacles, and a hill that can only be climbed directly. On an open hill, the approach is to climb it by side hilling or slaloming. Approach at an angle. Adopt a kneeling position. Keep your weight on the uphill side at all times. Maintain a steady, safe speed. Continue as far as you can in this direction, then switch to an opposite hill angle and riding position.

A direct climb could present problems. Choose the standing position, accelerate before you start the climb and then reduce throttle pressure to prevent track slippage.

In either case, vehicle speed should be as fast as the incline demands. Always slow down as you reach the crest. If you cannot proceed further, don't spin

your track. Turn the engine off, free the skis by pulling them out and downhill, place the rear of the snowmobile uphill restart the engine and ease it out with slow even throttle pressure. Position yourself to avoid tipping over, then descend.

### **Downhill**

Downhill driving requires that you have full control of your vehicle at all times. On steeper hills, keep your center of gravity low and both hands on the handlebar. Maintain slight throttle pressure and allow the machine to run downhill with the engine operating. If a higher than safe speed is reached, slow down by braking but apply the brake with frequent light pressure. Never jam the brake and lock the track.

### **Side Hill**

When crossing a side hill or traversing up or downhill, certain procedures must be followed. All riders should lean towards the slope as required for stability. The preferred operating positions are the kneeling position, with the knee of the down hill leg on the seat and the foot of the uphill leg on the running board, or the posting position. Be prepared to shift your weight quickly as needed. Side hills and steep slopes are not recommended for a beginner or a novice snowmobiler.

### **Slush**

Slush should be avoided at all times. Always check for slush before starting across any lake or river. If dark spots appear in your tracks, get off the ice immediately. Ice and water can be thrown rearward into the path of a following snowmobile. Getting a vehicle out of a slush area is strenuous and in some cases, impossible.

### **Fog or Whiteout Conditions**

On land or water, fog or visibility-limiting snow can form. If you have to proceed into the fog or heavy snow, do

so slowly with your lights on and watch intently for hazards. If you are not sure of your way, do not proceed. Keep a safe distance behind other snowmobilers to improve visibility and reaction time.

### **Unfamiliar Territory**

Whenever you enter an area that is new to you, drive with extreme caution. Go slow enough to recognize potential hazards such as fences or fence posts, brooks crossing your path, rocks, sudden dips, guy wires and countless other obstacles which could result in a termination of your snowmobile ride. Even when following existing tracks, be cautious. Travel at a speed so you can see what is around the next bend or over the top of the hill.

### **Bright Sunshine**

Bright sunny days can considerably reduce your vision. The glare from sun and snow may blind you to the extent that you cannot easily distinguish ravines, ditches or other obstacles. Goggles with colored lenses should always be worn under these conditions.

### **Unseen Obstruction**

There may be obstructions hidden beneath the snow. Driving off established trails and in the woods requires reduced speed and increased vigilance. Driving too fast in an area can make even minor obstacles very hazardous. Even hitting a small rock or stump could throw your snowmobile out of control and cause injury to its riders. Stay on established trails to reduce your exposure to hazards. Be safe, slow down and enjoy the scenery.

### **Hidden Wires**

Always be on the lookout for hidden wires, especially in areas that may have been farmed at one time or any other. Too many accidents have been

caused by running into wires in the fields, guy wires next to poles and roads, and into chains and wires used as road closures. Slow speeds are a must.

### Obstacles and Jumping

Unplanned jumps of snowdrifts, snow-plow ridges, culverts or indistinguishable objects can be dangerous. You can avoid them by wearing the proper color lenses or face shields and by operating at a lower speed.

Jumping a snowmobile is an unsafe and dangerous practice. However, if the trail does suddenly drop away from you, crouch (stand) towards the rear of the vehicle and keep the skis up and straight ahead. Apply partial throttle and brace yourself for the impact. Knees must be flexed to act as shock absorbers.

### Turning

Depending on terrain conditions, there are two preferred ways to turn or corner a snowmobile. For most snow surfaces, "body english" is the key to turning. Leaning towards the inside of the turn and positioning body weight on the inside foot will create a "banking" condition beneath the track. By adopting this position and positioning yourself as far forward as possible, weight will be transferred to the inside ski.

On occasion, you will find that the only way to turn the vehicle about in deep snow is to pull the snowmobile around. Do not over-exert yourself. Get assistance. Remember to always lift using your legs as opposed to your back.



### Road Crossing

In some cases, you will be approaching the road from a ditch or snowbank. Choose a place where you know you can climb without difficulty. Use the standing position and proceed with only as much speed needed to crest the bank. Stop completely at the top of the bank and wait for all traffic to clear. Judge the drop to the roadway. Cross the road at a 90° angle. If you encounter another snowbank on the opposite side, position your feet near the rear of the vehicle. Remember, your snowmobile is not designed to operate on bare pavement and steering on this type of surface is more difficult.

### Railroad Crossing

Never ride on railroad tracks. It is illegal. Railroad tracks and railroad rights-of-way are private property. A snowmobile is no match for a train. When crossing a railroad track, stop, look and listen.

### Night Rides

The amount of natural and artificial light at a given time can effect your ability to see or to be seen. Nighttime snowmobiling is delightful. It can be a unique experience if you acknowledge your reduced visibility. Before you start, make certain your lights are clean and work properly. Drive at speeds that will allow you to stop in time when you see an unknown or dangerous object ahead. Stay on established trails and never operate in

unfamiliar territory. Avoid rivers and lakes. Guy wires, barbed wire fences, cabled road entrances and other objects such as tree limbs are difficult to see at night. Never drive alone. Always carry a flashlight. Keep away from residential areas and respect the right of others to sleep.

### **Riding in a Group**

Before starting out, designate a “trail boss” to lead the party and another person to follow-up at the end of the party. Ensure that all members of the party are aware of the proposed route and destination. Make certain that you are carrying all necessary tools and equipment and that you have sufficient fuel to complete the trip. Never overtake the trail boss or, for that matter, any other snowmobile. Use down-the-line hand signals to indicate hazards or intent of direction change. Assist others whenever necessary.

It is always IMPORTANT to keep a safe distance between each snowmobile. Always maintain a safe interval and allow sufficient stopping distance. Don't be a tailgater. Know the position of the machine ahead.

### **Signals**

If you intend to stop, raise either hand straight above your head. A left turn is indicated by extending your left hand straight out in the proper direction. For right turns, extend the left arm and raise the hand to a vertical position so it forms a right angle at the elbow. Every snowmobiler should relay any signal to the ones behind.

### **Trail Stops**

Whenever possible, pull off the trail when you stop. This will reduce the hazard to other snowmobilers using the trail.

### **Trails and Signs**

Trail signs are used to control, direct or regulate the use of snowmobiles on trails. Become familiar with all signs used in the area where you are snowmobiling.

### **Transporting and Towing**

Follow transporting and towing instructions explained further in this guide.

# ***ENVIRONMENT INFORMATION***

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## GENERAL

Wildlife compliments your snowmobiling day. Snowmobile tracks provide firm ground over which animals can travel from area to area. Do not violate this privilege by chasing or harassing wildlife. Fatigue and exhaustion can lead to animal's death. Avoid areas posted for the protection or feeding of wildlife.

If you happen to be fortunate enough to see an animal, stop your snowmobile and observe quietly.

The guidelines that we support are not designed to limit your snowmobiling fun, but to preserve the beautiful freedom that you can experience only on a snowmobile! These guidelines will keep snowmobilers healthy, happy and able to introduce others to what they know and enjoy about their favorite winter pastime. So, the next time you hit the trails on a cool, crisp and clear winter day, we ask you to remember that you are paving the way for the future of our sport. Help us lead it down the right path! From all of us at BRP, thank you for doing your share.

There is nothing more exhilarating than snowmobiling. Venturing onto snowmobile trails that criss-cross the wild areas of forests an exciting and healthy winter sport. However, as the number of people using these recreational parks increases, so does the potential for damage to the environment. Abuse of land, facilities and resources inevitably leads to restrictions and closures of both private and public land.

In essence, the greatest threat to our sport, is all around us. Which leaves us with one logical choice. When we snowmobile, we must always ride responsibly.

The vast majority respect the law and the environment. Each of us must set an example for those who are new to the sport, young and old alike.

It is in every one's best interest to tread lightly into our recreational areas. Because, in the long run, to protect the sport we must preserve the environment.

Recognizing the importance of this issue and the need for snowmobilers to do their share in preserving areas that make it possible to enjoy our sport, BRP has developed the "Light Treading Is Smart Sledding" campaign for snowmobilers.

Light Treading refers to more than the tread of our tracks. It's a statement of concern, respect and willingness to take the lead and take action. It applies to the environment in general, its proper care and maintenance, its natural inhabitants and all enthusiasts and the public at large who enjoy the great outdoors. With this theme, we invite all snowmobilers to remember that respecting the environment is not only critical to the future of our industry but to future generations.

Light Treading in no way suggests you should curb your appetite for snowmobiling fun! It simply means tread with respect!



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## JUST WHAT IS LIGHT TREADING?

The fundamental objective of Light Treading is one of respect for where and how you ride a snowmobile. You're a light treader when you follow the principles below.

**Become informed.** Obtain maps, regulations and other information from the Forest Service or from other public land agencies. Learn the rules and follow them and that goes for speed limits, too!

**Avoid** running over young trees, shrubs, and grasses and don't cut wood. On flatlands or areas where trail riding is popular, it's important to ride only where authorized. Remember, there is a link between protecting your environment and your own safety.

**Respect wildlife** and be particularly sensitive of animals that are rearing young or suffering from food shortage. Stress can sap scarce energy reserves. Refrain from riding in areas where only animals are intended to tread!

**Obey** gate closures and regulatory signs and remember, light treaders don't litter!

**Stay out** of wilderness areas. They're closed to all vehicles. Know where the boundaries are.

**Obtain permission** to travel across private land. Respect the rights of landowners and other people's privacy. Remember, snowmobile technology has lowered the noise factor considerably, but you still shouldn't rev your engines where quiet "is the order of the day".

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## WHY IS LIGHT TREADING SMART

Snowmobilers know all too well the efforts that have been made throughout the sport's history to enjoy access to areas where people can snowmobile safely and responsibly. This effort continues today, as strong as ever.

Respecting the areas where we ride... wherever they may be... is the only way to ensure their future enjoyment. That's one major reason why we know you'll agree that Light Treading is smart sledding! And there are more.

Enjoying the opportunity to see winter and all its natural majestic wonders, is an experience cherished by snowmobilers. Light Treading will preserve this opportunity and will make it possible for us to expose others to the beauty of winter and the unique thrill of our sport! Light Treading will help our sport to grow!

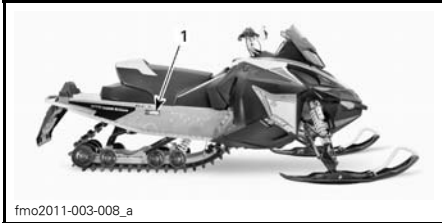
Finally, Light Treading is the sign of a smart snowmobiler. You don't have to leave big tracks or careen through a virgin forest to show you can ride. So whether you're driving a high performance Lynx, a sporty Lynx RE-X snowmobile or any other make or model, show you know what you're doing. Show you know how to send snow flying and make tracks with a light touch!

# ***VEHICLE INFORMATION***

# HOW TO IDENTIFY YOUR SNOWMOBILE

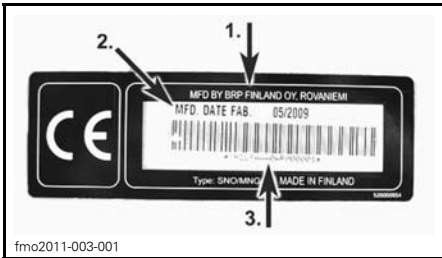
## Vehicle Description Decal

Vehicle description decal is located on right hand side of tunnel.



### TYPICAL

1. Vehicle description decal



### VEHICLE DESCRIPTION DECAL

1. Manufacturer name
2. Manufacturing date
3. Vehicle identification number (VIN)

## Serial Numbers

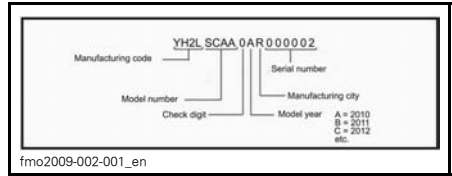
The main components of your snowmobile (engine and frame) are identified by different serial numbers. It may sometimes become necessary to locate these numbers for warranty purposes or to trace your snowmobile in the event of loss. These numbers are required by the authorized Lynx dealer to complete warranty claims properly. No warranty will be allowed by BRP if the engine serial number or vehicle identification number (VIN) is removed or mutilated in any way. We strongly recommend that you take note of all the serial numbers on your snowmobile and supply them to your insurance company.

## Vehicle Identification Number (VIN) Location

VIN is scribed on vehicle description decal. See above. It is also engraved on tunnel near vehicle description decal.

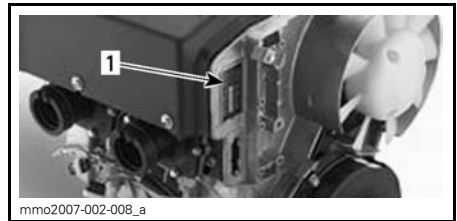
## Model Number Location

Model number is part of vehicle identification number (VIN).



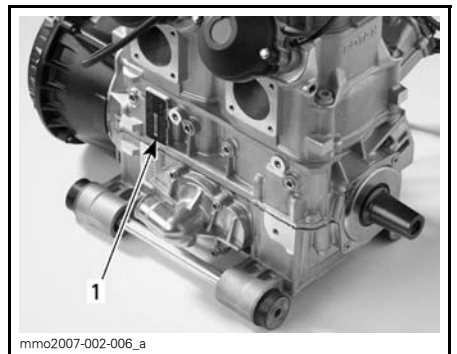
### VIN DESCRIPTION

## Engine Serial Number Location



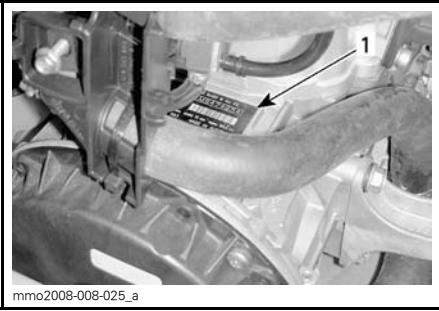
### 550 ENGINE

1. Engine serial number



### 800R E-TEC ENGINE

1. Engine serial number

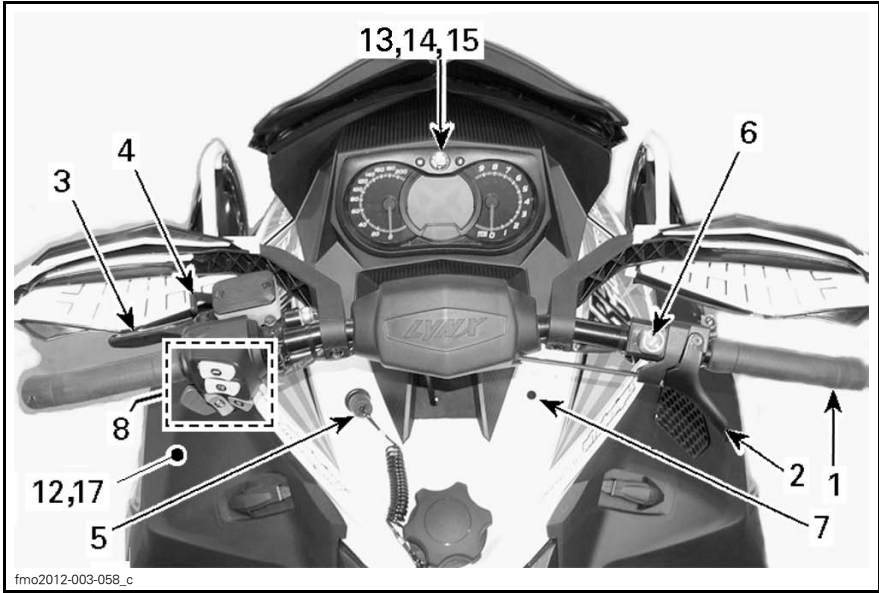


**600 HO E-TEC® ENGINE — RH SIDE OF  
ENGINE COMPARTMENT**

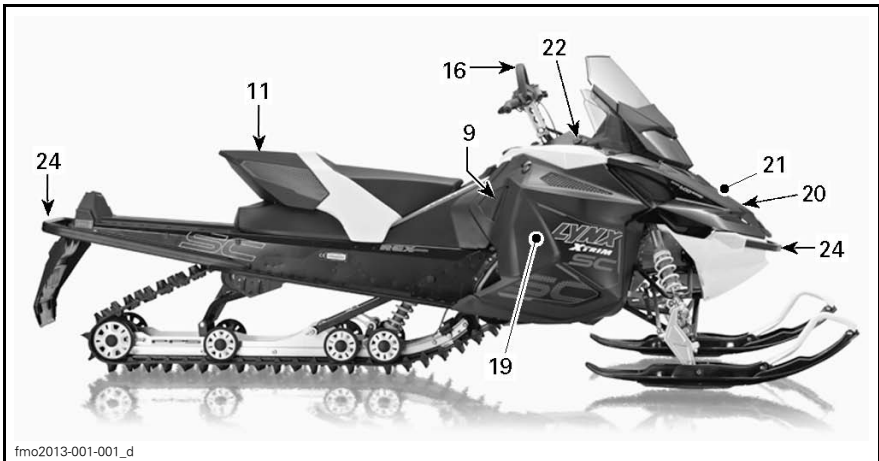
1. Engine serial number

# CONTROLS/INSTRUMENTS/EQUIPMENT

NOTE: Some controls/instruments/equipment do not apply or are optional on some models. In these cases their reference numbers are deliberately missing in the illustrations.



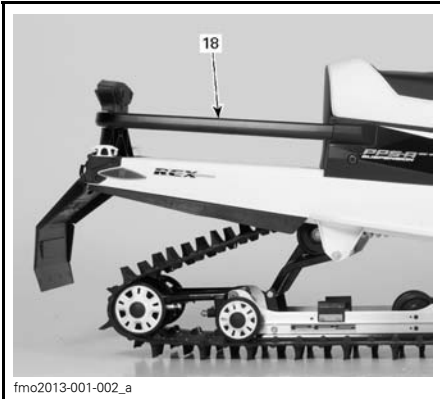
TYPICAL



TYPICAL

**800R ETEC BoonDocker**

fmo2011-003-020\_b

**HEADLAMP DIMMER SWITCH  
AND RER BUTTON**

fmo2013-001-002\_a

**49 RANGER ONLY**

fmo2013-001-017

**23) ACCESSORY ONLY****1) Handlebar**

The handlebar controls the steering of the snowmobile. As the handlebar is rotated to right or left, the skis are turned right or left to steer the snowmobile.

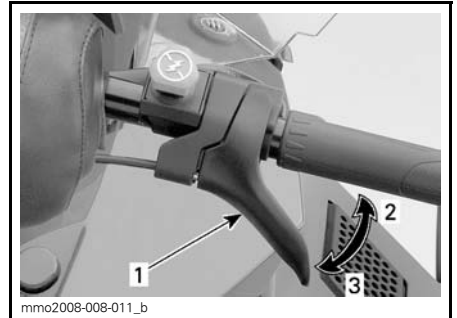
**⚠ WARNING**

Fast reverse while turning, could result in loss of stability and control.

**2) Throttle Lever**

Throttle lever is located on the RH side of handlebar.

Designed to be thumb activated. When squeezed, it increases the engine speed and engages the transmission. When released, engine speed returns automatically to idle.



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**TYPICAL**

1. Throttle lever
2. To accelerate
3. To decelerate

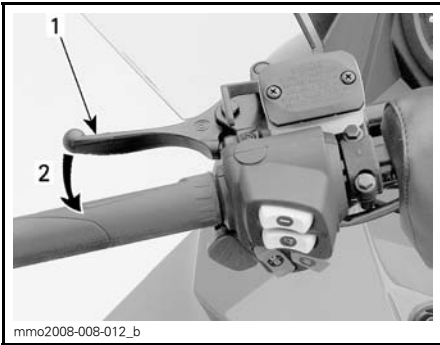
**⚠ WARNING**

Test the throttle lever operation each time before starting the engine. The lever must return to its original position once released. Otherwise, do not start engine.

**3) Brake Lever**

Brake lever is located on the LH side of handlebar.

When squeezed, brake is applied. When released, it automatically returns to the rest. Braking effect is proportional to the pressure applied on the lever and to the type of terrain and its snow coverage.

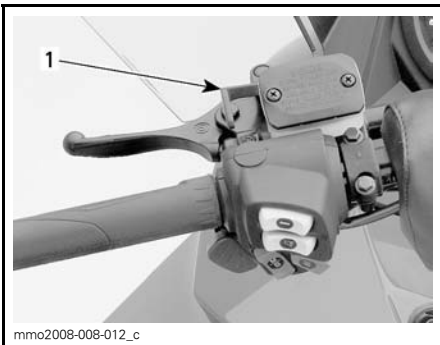


TYPICAL  
 1. Brake lever  
 2. To apply brake

#### 4) Parking Brake Lever

Parking brake lever is located on the LH side of handlebar.

Parking brake should be used whenever snowmobile is parked.



TYPICAL  
 1. Parking brake lever

**⚠ WARNING**

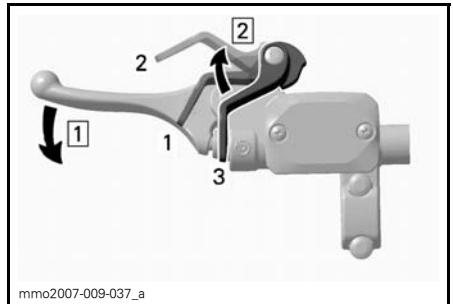
Make sure parking brake is fully disengaged before operating the snowmobile. When you ride the vehicle, brake pads that are caused to drag by a continuous pressure on the lever may cause damage to the brake system and cause loss of braking capacity and/or fire.

#### To Engage Parking Brake

Squeeze brake lever and maintain while pulling locking lever with a finger. When brake lever is held at halfway the parking brake should be fully applied.

**⚠ CAUTION** Parking brake position can vary depending on brake pads wear. Ensure when the parking brake is applied that the vehicle stays securely in place.

NOTE: Locking lever can be adjusted in two different positions.



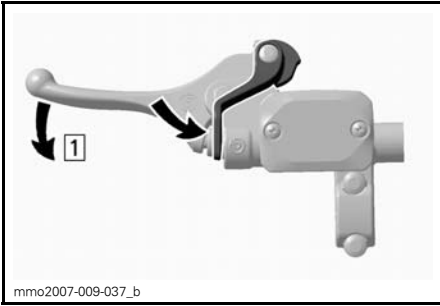
TYPICAL — ENGAGE MECHANISM  
 Step 1: Step 1: Squeeze and maintain brake lever  
 Step 2: Step 2: Adjust locking lever

1. Position 1
2. Position 2
3. OFF

#### To Release Mechanism Parking Brake

Squeeze brake lever. Locking lever will automatically return to its original position. Always release parking brake before riding.





mmo2007-009-037\_b

**TYPICAL — RELEASE MECHANISM***Step 1: Step 1: Squeeze brake lever*

## 5) Engine (Tether) Cut-Out Switch

The engine cut-off switch (tether cord) is located to on the LH side of console.

The tether cord cap must be securely snapped on the engine cut-off switch to allow vehicle operation.

### General

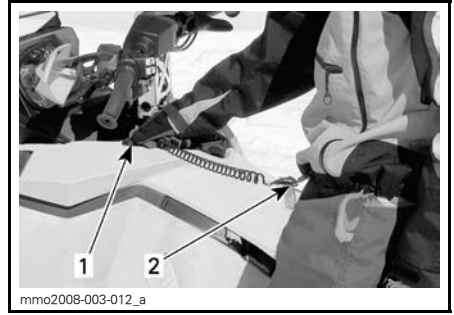
When the tether cord cap (DESS key) is removed, it shuts the engine off preventing snowmobile to runaway if the operator falls off the vehicle accidentally.

### **⚠ WARNING**

Always remove the tether cord cap (DESS key) when vehicle is not in operation in order to prevent accidental engine starting, to avoid unauthorized use by children or others or theft.

### Operation

Attach tether cord eyelet to clothing, then snap cap (DESS key) over post before starting engine.



mmo2008-003-012\_a

**TYPICAL**

1. Snap over post
2. Attach to clothing

If emergency engine shut off is required, pull tether cord cap (DESS key) from post completely.

### **DESS (Digitally Encoded Security System) Key/Cut-Out Switch**

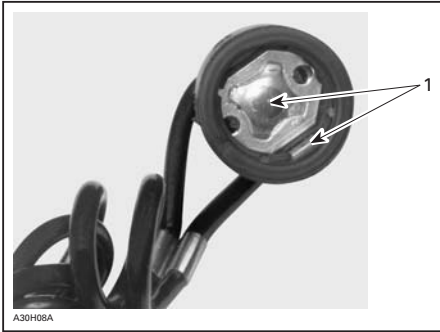
**NOTE:** 550 Engine model has not DESS system!

On these models, the tether cord cap (DESS key) is digitally encoded to provide you and your snowmobile with the equivalent security of a conventional lock key and it shuts off the engine preventing snowmobile to runaway if the operator falls off the vehicle accidentally.

The DESS key provided with your snowmobile contains an electronic chip which features a unique permanently memorized digital code. Your authorized LYNX dealer programs this key in the ECM (Engine Control Module) of your snowmobile to allow engine operation above 3000 RPM if and only if this unique code has been read after engine starting.

If another DESS key is installed, the engine will start but will not reach drive pulley engagement speed to move vehicle.

Make sure the DESS key is free of dirt or snow.



**DESS KEY / TETHER CORD CAP**

1. Free of dirt or snow

**Additional DESS Keys**

The ECM of your snowmobile can be programmed by your authorized LYNX dealer to accept 8 different keys.

We recommend the purchase of additional keys from your authorized LYNX dealer. If you have more than one DESS-equipped LYNX snowmobile, each can be programmed by your authorized LYNX dealer to accept the other vehicles keys.

**DESS Pilot Lamp Codes**

**NOTE:** If any code still occurs, contact an authorized LYNX dealer.

WARNING SIGNALS		DESCRIPTION	
BEEPER	DISPLAY MESSAGE		
2 shorts	WELCOME...	Personalized welcome message, good key	
Slow short beeps/ repetitive	CHECK KEY	Unable to read key (bad connection)	Make sure the key is free of dirt or snow. Reinstall key and restart engine. Vehicle can not be driven.
Fast short beeps/ repetitive	BAD KEY	Invalid key or key not programmed	Use the proper key for this vehicle or have the key programmed. Vehicle can not be driven.

**6) Emergency Engine Stop (Cut-Out) Switch**

The emergency engine stop switch is located on the RH side of handlebar.

Push-pull type switch. To stop the engine in an emergency, select OFF position (down) and simultaneously apply the brake. To restart, button must be at the ON position (up).



OFF POSITION



ON POSITION

All operators of the snowmobile should familiarize themselves with the function of this device by using it several times on first outing and whenever stopping the engine thereafter. This engine cut-out procedure will become a reflex and will prepare operators for emergency situations requiring its use.

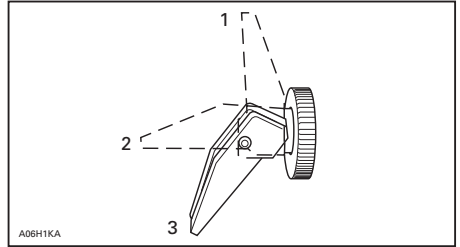
### **⚠ WARNING**

If the switch has been used in an emergency caused by a suspected malfunction, the source of the malfunction should be determined and corrected before restarting engine. See an authorized LYNX dealer for servicing.

## **7) Choke Lever (550 models only)**

See proper usage instructions in *OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS OR BASIC PROCEDURES* section.

This device features a 3-position lever to facilitate cold start.



1. OFF
2. Position 2
3. Position 3

### **Initial Cold Starting**

**NOTE:** Do not operate the throttle lever with the choke lever on.

Move the choke lever to position 3 and start the engine. As soon as the engine starts, move the lever to position 2. After a few seconds (10 seconds maximum) move the choke lever to OFF.

**NOTE:** In severe cold weather, colder than  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$  you may need to flip choke lever from OFF to position 1 a couple of times once engine is started.

### **Warm Engine Starting**

Start the engine without any choke. If the engine will not start after two pulls of the rope or two 5 second attempts with the electric starter move choke lever to position 2. Start the engine without activating the throttle lever. As soon as the engine starts move the choke lever to OFF.

## 8) Multi-Switch Housing



### TYPICAL

1. Start/Electronic Reverse button
2. Headlamp dimmer switch
3. Heating grips
4. Heating throttle lever
5. Mode/set button

### Start/Electronic Reverse (RER™) Button

On electric start models, press to start engine. Refer to *ENGINE STARTING PROCEDURE* in the *BASIC PROCEDURES* subsection.

Once engine is started, press to engage the electronic reverse. Refer to *REVERSE (RER)* in *BASIC PROCEDURES* section for procedure.

### Headlamp Dimmer Switch

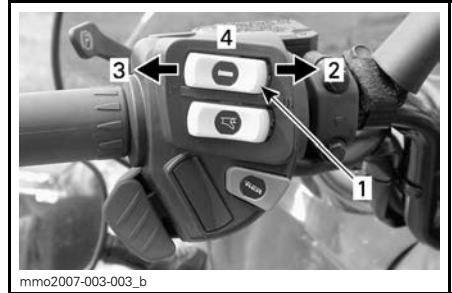
When pressed, it allows selection of headlamp HI or LOW beam. Lights are automatically ON whenever the engine is running.

### Heating Grips Switch

**NOTE:** On E-TEC models, heated grips are enabled above 2000 engine RPM.

Select the desired position to keep your hands at a comfortable temperature.

*550 models / Models with Analog/Digital Gauge*

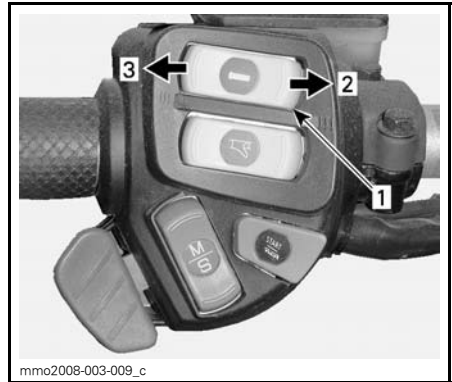


### TYPICAL

1. Heating grip switch
2. Hot
3. Warm
4. Off

*All other RE-X models / Models with Multifunction Analog/Digital Gauge*

**NOTE:** Heated grips are enabled above 2000 engine RPM.

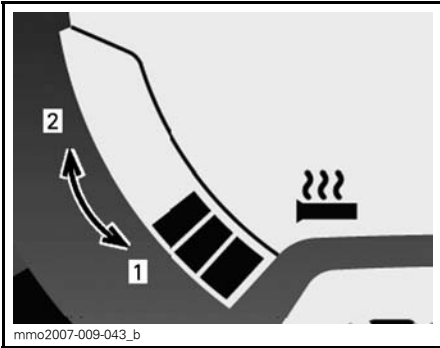


### VARIABLE INTENSITY

1. Heating grip switch
2. Warmer
3. Colder

On the above mentioned models, grips heating intensity will be displayed via the multifunction display

Heating grips will be in OFF position when there are no bars left in the display.



mmo2007-009-043\_b  
**MULTIFUNCTION GAUGE — HEATING INTENSITY**

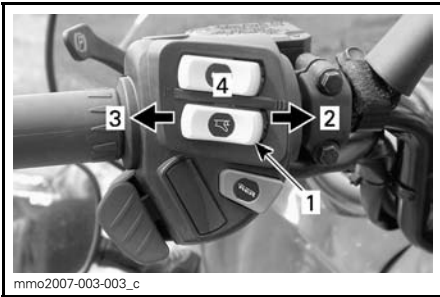
1. Colder (Less heat)
2. Warmer (More heat)

### Heating Throttle Lever Switch

**NOTE:** On E-TEC models, heated grips are enabled above 2000 engine RPM.

Select the desired position to keep your thumb at a comfortable temperature.

*550 models. Models with Analog/Digital Gauge*

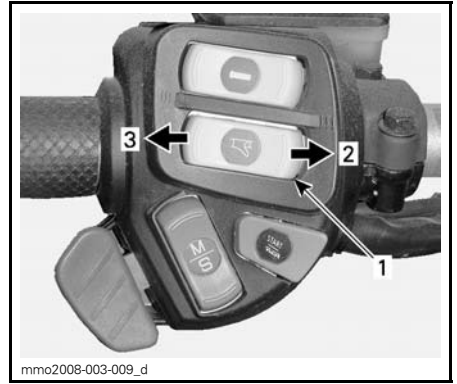


mmo2007-003-003\_c  
**TYPICAL**

1. Heated throttle lever switch
2. Hot
3. Warm
4. Off

*All other RE-X models / Models with Multifunction Analog/Digital Gauge.*

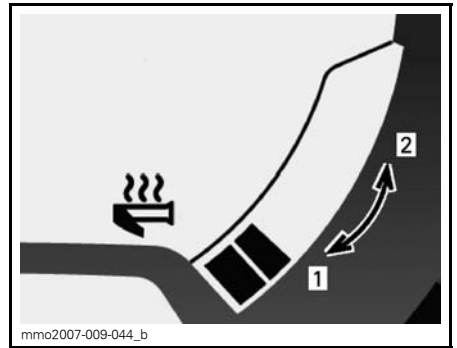
**NOTE:** Heated grips are enabled above 2000 engine RPM.



1. Heated throttle lever switch
2. Warmer
3. Colder

Heating throttle lever will be in OFF position when there are no bars left in the display.

**NOTE:** Bar gauge will be displayed with the activation of the throttle lever switch. When released, display will return to fuel tank level.



mmo2007-009-044\_b  
**MULTIFUNCTION GAUGE — HEATING INTENSITY**

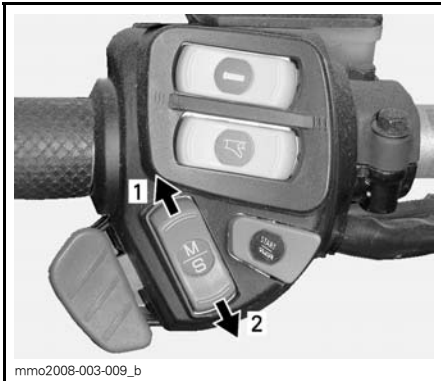
1. Colder
2. Warmer

## Mode/Set Button (not in 550 engine models)

### Models with Multifunction Analog/Digital Gauge

This button can be used instead of the two buttons on top of the analog/digital gauge to facilitate gauge adjustments:

- When pushed upward, it has the same functions as the MODE (M) button.
- When pushed downward, it has the same functions as the SET (S) button.

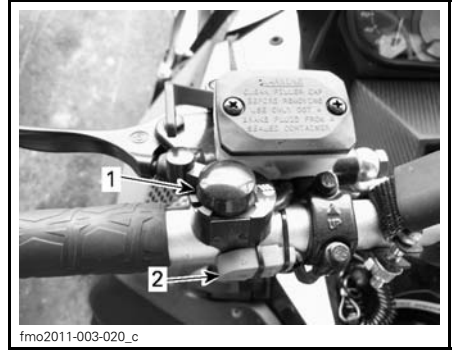


### MULTIFUNCTION GAUGE

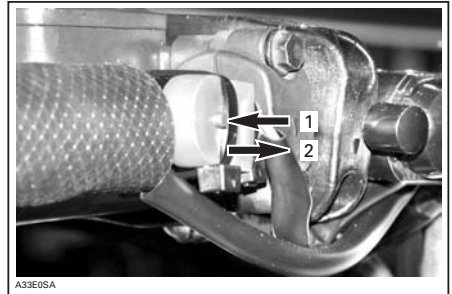
1. MODE function
2. SET function

## 10) Headlamp dimmer switch and Electronic Reverse (RER™) Button

### BoonDocker 800R ETEC



1. Headlamp dimmer switch
2. RER



1. Button depressed position
2. Button released position

## 9) Rewind Starter Handle

### Models without Electric Start

Auto-rewind type located on right hand side of snowmobile. To engage mechanism, pull handle slowly until a resistance is felt then pull vigorously. Slowly release handle.

## 11) Storage Compartment (Some models only)

### Xtrim 550 and Xtrim SC 600HO E-TEC

### **⚠ WARNING**

All storage compartments must be properly latched and they must not contain any sharp, heavy or breakable objects.

**⚠ CAUTION** MAXIMUM load is 1.8 kg (4 lb) evenly distributed.

Pull latch slightly upward then, backward to unlock cover.

## 12) Tool Kit

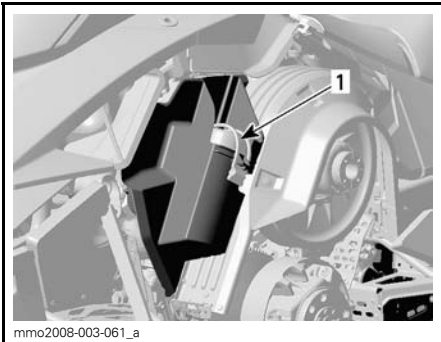
A tool kit containing tools for basic maintenance is supplied with the vehicle.

Tool bag is located in engine compartment on pulley guard.

**NOTICE** Make sure tool kit is secured properly to avoid contact with CVT (continuously variable transmission).

To remove the tool kit from the holder, unlatch the rubber tie.

Always secure the tool kit in its holder using the rubber tie when riding.



TYPICAL

1. Tool kit

## Spark Plug Storage

A space is provided in the tool kit to keep spare spark plugs dry and prevent shocks that might affect the adjustment or break them.

**NOTE:** Spare spark plugs are not supplied with snowmobile.

**NOTE:** Check spare spark plug gap according to *SPECIFICATIONS* before installation.

**CAUTION** Do not attempt to adjust spark plug gap (only E-TEC).

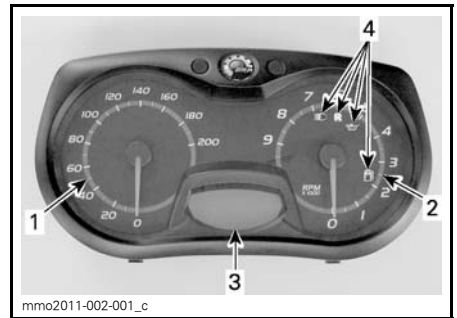
## 13) Gauge

550 Models

### **WARNING**

Reading the gauge digital display can distract from the operation of the vehicle, particularly from constantly scanning the environment.

## Gauge Description



1. Speedometer
2. Tachometer
3. Digital display
4. Pilot lamps

**NOTE:** The gauge is factory preset in metric units but it is possible to change it to Imperial units, contact an authorized Lynx dealer for unit settings.

## 1) Speedometer

Measures vehicle speed (in miles per hour or kilometers per hour depending on the setting).



LH PORTION OF GAUGE

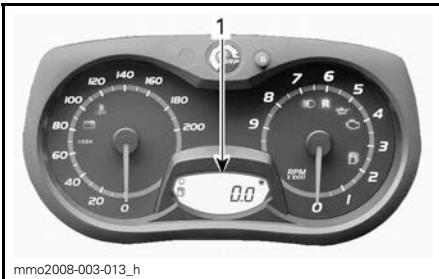
## 2) Tachometer (RPM)

Measures engine revolution per minute (RPM). Multiply by 1000 to obtain the actual revolutions.



RH PORTION OF GAUGE

## 3) Digital Display



1. Digital display

The multifunction display is used to:

- Display the WELCOME message on power up
- Display the KEY recognition message
- Provide various indications as selected by the operator
- Activating or changing various functions or modes of operation
- Display scrolling messages of function activation or system faults
- Display fault codes.





## 4) Pilot Lamps and Messages



1. Pilot lamps

See table below for pilot lamps information.



PILOT LAMP(S) ON	BEEPER	DESCRIPTION
	—	Injection oil level is low. Stop vehicle in a safe place then, replenish injection oil reservoir.
	—	Low fuel level. Replenish fuel tank as soon as possible.
	Long beeps repeating slowly	Reverse is selected.
	—	High beam headlights are selected.

**Gauge Features**

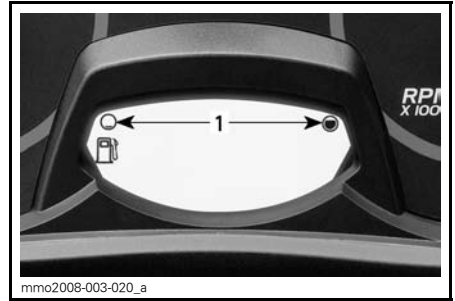
**A) Odometer**

Records the total distance travelled (in miles or kilometers depending on the setting).

The odometer is displayed on the digital display.

**B) Fuel Level**

Bar gauge that continuously indicates the amount of fuel left in the fuel tank. Displayed on the digital display.



**FUEL LEVEL**

1. Operating range

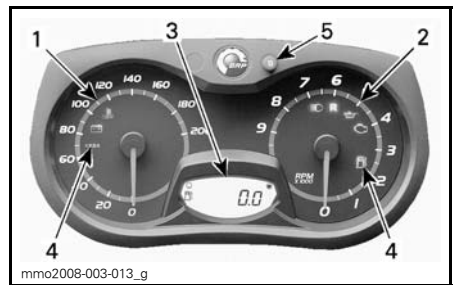
**14) Analog/Digital Gauge (Standard)**

*E-TEC Models, Ranger only*

**⚠ WARNING**

Reading the gauge digital display can distract from the operation of the vehicle, particularly from constantly scanning the environment.

**Gauge Description**



**ANALOG/DIGITAL GAUGE (STANDARD)**

1. Speedometer
2. Tachometer (RPM)
3. Gauge Digital Display
4. Pilot Lamps
5. Gauge SET "S" button

**NOTE:** The gauge is factory preset in metric units but it is possible to change it to Imperial units, contact an authorized Lynx dealer for unit settings.

### 1) Speedometer

Measures vehicle speed (in miles per hour or kilometers per hour depending on the setting).



LH PORTION OF GAUGE

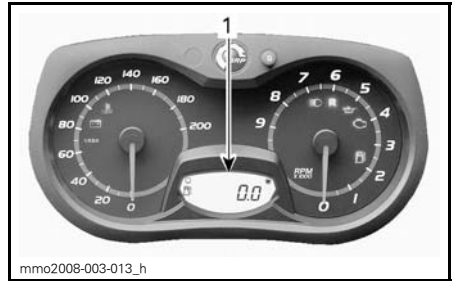
### 2) Tachometer (RPM)

Measures engine revolution per minute (RPM). Multiply by 1000 to obtain the actual revolutions.



RH PORTION OF GAUGE

### 3) Digital Display



1. Digital display

The multifunction display is used to:

- Display the WELCOME message on power up
- Display the KEY recognition message
- Provide various indications as selected by the operator
- Activating or changing various functions or modes of operation
- Display scrolling messages of function activation or system faults
- Display fault codes.

**⚠ WARNING**





Never adjust or set functions on the multifunction gauge while riding the vehicle.

### 4) Pilot Lamps and Messages



TYPICAL — PILOT LAMPS

See table below for usual pilot lamps information. Refer to *MONITORING SYSTEM* for details on malfunction pilot lamps.

PILOT LAMP(S) ON	BEEPER	DESCRIPTION
	4 short beeps every 5 minutes	Injection oil level is low. Stop vehicle in a safe place then, replenish injection oil reservoir.
	—	Low fuel level. One (1) bar left in fuel level display. Replenish fuel tank as soon as possible.
	Long beeps repeating slowly	Reverse is selected.
	3 short beeps	Reverse did not engage, try again.
	—	High beam headlights are selected.
—	—	E-TEC: Engine and/or injection oil need to warm-up before normal operation. The engine's RPM is limited until desired temperature is reached (up to 10 minutes when driving). Warm-up period may occur after a restart in very cold weather.

**5) SET (S) Button**

Button used to navigate, adjust or re-set gauge multifunction display.

In order to memorize settings, engine must be running.

**NOTE:** SET (S) button on the multifunction switch has the same functions and can also be used.

**Gauge Features**

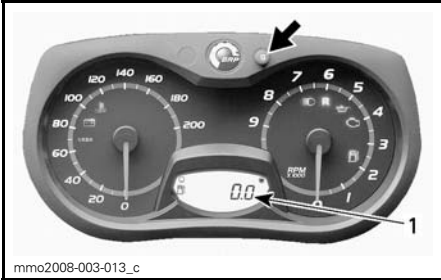
GAUGE FEATURES	
FUNCTIONS	600 HO E-TEC
A) Odometer	X
B) Trip meter "A" or "B"	X
C) Trip hour meter	X
D) Fuel level	X
E) Engine Coolant Temperature <sup>(1)</sup>	X
F) Engine Storage Mode	X
X = An X indicates a standard feature Opt = Feature available as an option N.A. = Not available (1) Coolant temperature is an option package. See a Lynx dealer for more information	

**NOTE:** The display is factory preset in Imperial units but it is possible to change it to Metric units, contact an authorized Lynx dealer for unit settings.

### A) Odometer

Records the total distance travelled.

Press the SET (S) button to select odometer mode.

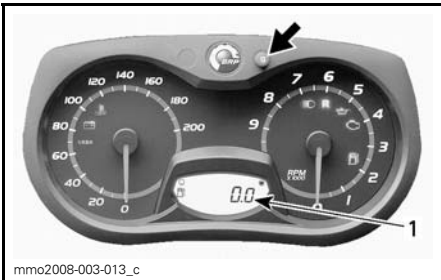


1. Odometer mode

### B) Trip Meter A or B

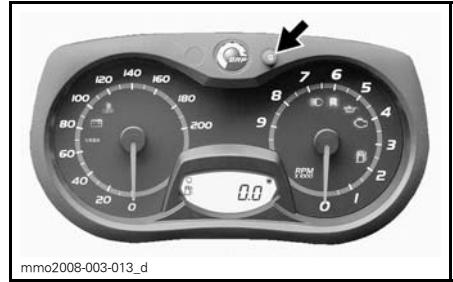
Trip meters records distance travelled since it has been reset.

Press the SET (S) button to select trip meter (TRIP A/TRIP B) mode.



1. Trip meter (TRIP A/TRIP B) mode

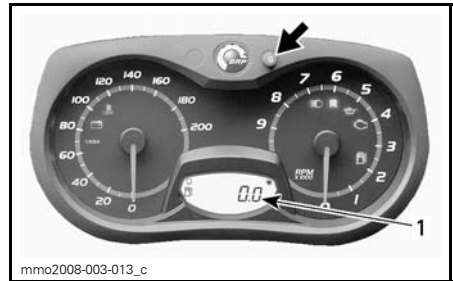
Press and hold the SET (S) button to re-set.



### C) Trip Hour Meter

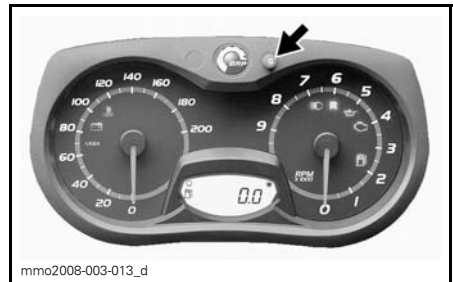
Records vehicle running time when the electrical system is activated since it has been reset.

Press the SET (S) button to select trip hour meter (HrTRIP) mode.



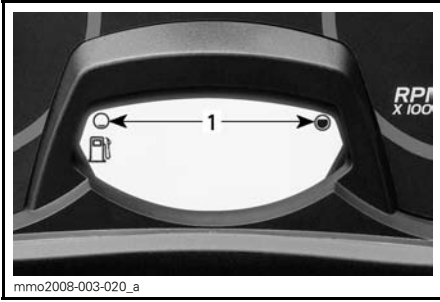
1. Trip hour meter (HrTRIP) mode

Press and hold the SET (S) button to re-set.



### D) Fuel Level

Bar gauge that continuously indicates the amount of fuel left in the fuel tank.



mmo2008-003-020\_a

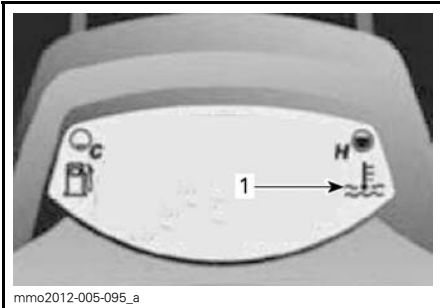
**FUEL LEVEL**

1. Operating range

**Engine Coolant Temperature (Optional Module)**

Overheating indicator.

**NOTICE** If engine overheats, stop vehicle in a safe place. Refer to TROUBLESHOOTING section.



mmo2012-005-095\_a

**OPTIONAL MODULE INSTALLED**

1. Overheating indicator

**F) E-TEC Engine Storage Mode**

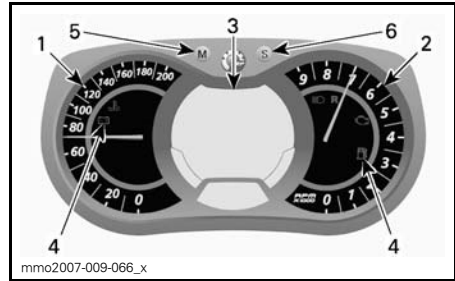
Displays "OIL" when the engine enters the storage procedure.

**15) Multifunction Analog/Digital Gauge**

*E-TEC-Models, All except Ranger*

**⚠ WARNING**  
 Reading the gauge digital display can distract from the operation of the vehicle, particularly from constantly scanning the environment.

**Gauge Description**



mmo2007-009-066\_x

**MULTIFUNCTION ANALOG/DIGITAL GAUGE**

1. Speedometer
2. Tachometer
3. Multifunction digital display
4. Pilot lamps
5. Mode button
6. Set button

**NOTE:** The gauge is factory preset in metric units but it is possible to change it to Imperial units, contact an authorized Lynx dealer for unit settings.

**1) Speedometer**

Measures vehicle speed.



LH PORTION OF GAUGE

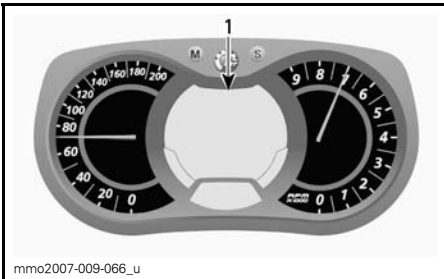
### 2) Tachometer (RPM)

Measures engine revolution per minute (RPM). Multiply by 1000 to obtain the actual revolutions.



RH PORTION OF GAUGE

### 3) Multifunction Digital Display



MULTIFUNCTION ANALOG/DIGITAL GAUGE

1. Multifunction display

See table below for usual pilot lamps information. Refer to *MONITORING SYSTEM* for details on malfunction pilot lamps.

The multifunction display is used to:

- Display the WELCOME message on power up
- Display the KEY recognition message
- Provide various indications as selected by the operator
- Activating or changing various functions or modes of operation
- Display scrolling messages of function activation or system faults
- Display fault codes.

When the information center is first powered up, the numerical display defaults to the last selected indication.





**⚠ WARNING**

Never adjust or set functions on the multifunction gauge while riding the vehicle.

### 4) Pilot Lamps and Messages



TYPICAL — PILOT LAMPS

PILOT LAMP(S) ON	BEEPER	MESSAGE DISPLAY	DESCRIPTION
	4 short beeps every 5 minutes	LOW OIL	Injection oil level is low. Stop vehicle in a safe place then, replenish injection oil reservoir.
	—	—	Low fuel level. One (1) bar left in fuel level display. Replenish fuel tank as soon as possible.
	Long beeps repeating slowly	REVERSE	Reverse is selected.
	3 short beeps	REV. FAIL	Reverse did not engage, try again.
	—	—	High beam headlights are selected.
—	—	WARM UP	Engine and/or injection oil need to warm-up before normal operation. The engine's RPM is limited until desired temperature is reached (up to 10 minutes when driving). Warm-up period may occur after a restart in very cold weather.

### 5) MODE (M) Button

Button use to navigate in gauge multifunction display.

**NOTE:** MODE (M) button on the multi- switch housing has the same functions and can also be used.

### 6) SET (S) Button

Button used to navigate, adjust or reset gauge multifunction display.

In order to memorize settings, engine must be running.

**NOTE:** SET (S) button on the multifunction switch has the same functions and can also be used.

**Gauge Features**

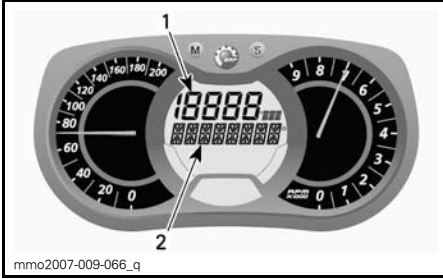
<b>GAUGE FEATURES</b>		
<b>FUNCTIONS</b>	<b>600 HO E-TEC</b>	<b>800R E-TEC</b>
A) Speedometer	Indication by default	
B) Engine RPM	X	X
C) Odometer	X	X
D) Trip meter "A" or "B"	X	X
E) Trip hour meter	X	X
F) Clock	N.A.	N.A.
G) Fuel level	X	X
H) Altitude	X	X
I) Top speed	X	X
J) Average speed	X	X
K) Heated grips heating intensity	X <sup>(1)</sup>	X <sup>(1)</sup>
L) Heated throttle lever heating intensity	X <sup>(1)</sup>	X <sup>(1)</sup>
M) Instant fuel consumption	X	X
N) Total fuel consumption	X	X
O) Message display	X	X
P) Engine coolant temperature	X	X
Q) E-TEC engine storage mode	X	X
R) Lap Record Mode	X	X
S) Engine Storage Mode	X	X
<p>X = An X indicates a standard feature            Opt = Feature available as an option            N.A. = Not available</p> <p>(1) Feature is not available on BoonDocker</p>		



### A) Speedometer

In addition of the analog type speedometer, vehicle speed can also be displayed via the multifunction display.

Vehicle speed can be displayed on display 1 or display 2.



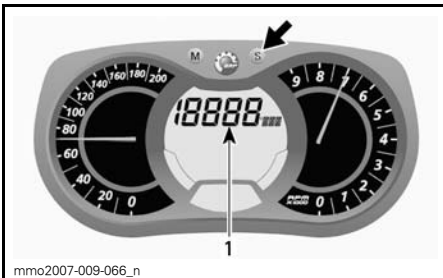
**MULTIFUNCTION DISPLAY**

1. Display 1
2. Display 2

Use MODE (M) button to select the desired display, then proceed as follows:



While display is flashing, press the SET (S) button to select speedometer mode.



1. Speedometer mode

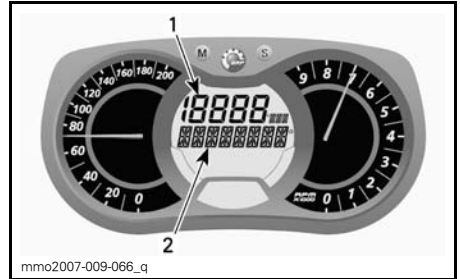
Press the MODE (M) button to confirm selection or wait 5 seconds.



### B) Tachometer (RPM)

In addition of the analog type tachometer, RPM can also be displayed via the multifunction display.

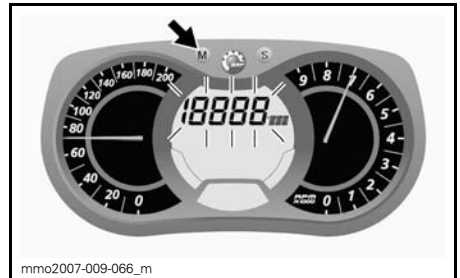
Engine RPM can be displayed on display 1 or display 2.



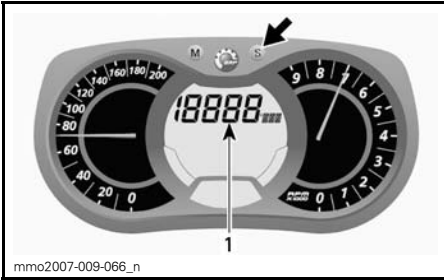
**MULTIFUNCTION DISPLAY**

1. Display 1
2. Display 2

Use MODE (M) button to select the desired display, then proceed as follows:

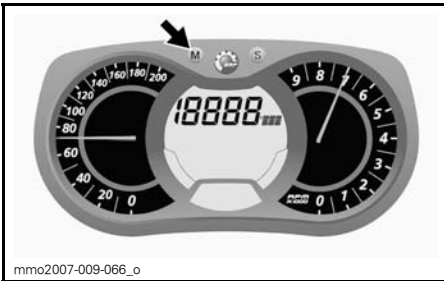


While display is flashing, press SET (S) button to select RPM mode.



1. RPM mode

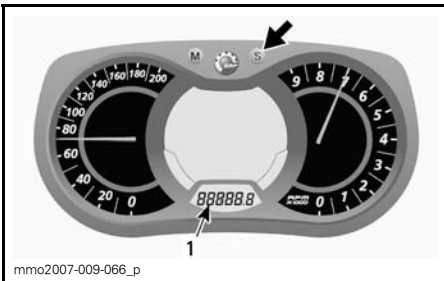
Press the MODE (M) button to confirm selection or wait 5 seconds.



### C) Odometer

Records the total distance travelled.

Press the SET (S) button to select odometer mode.

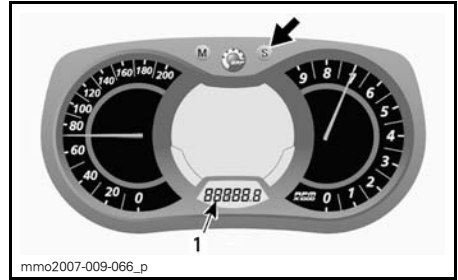


1. Odometer (km/mi) mode

### D) Trip Meter A or B

Trip meters records distance travelled since it has been reset.

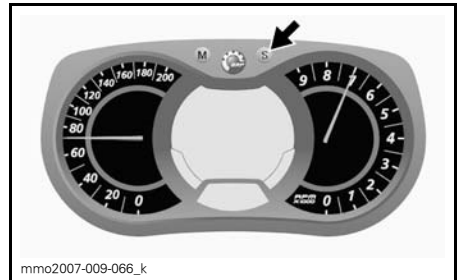
Press the SET (S) button to select trip meter (TRIP A/TRIP B) mode.



1. Trip meter (TRIP A/TRIP B) mode

Press and hold the SET (S) button to reset.

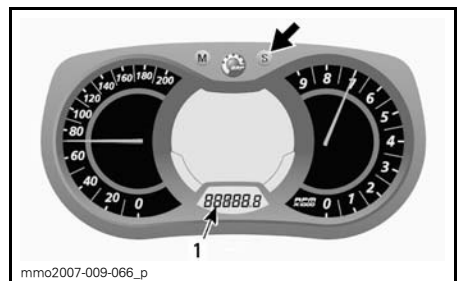
**NOTE:** On E-TEC models, resetting TRIP B mode will also reset TOTAL FUEL CONSUMPTION.



### E) Trip Hour Meter

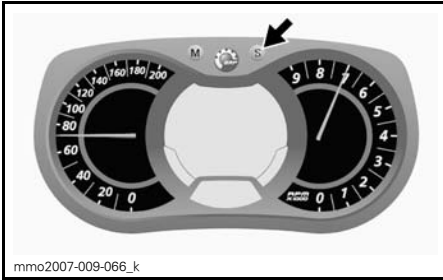
Records vehicle running time when the electrical system is activated since it has been reset.

Press the SET (S) button to select trip hour meter (HrTRIP) mode.



1. Trip hour meter (HrTRIP) mode

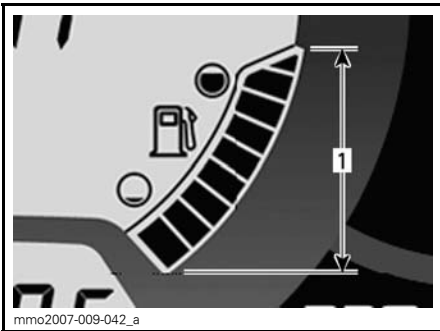
Press and hold the SET (S) button to reset.



F) Clock (Not available)

G) Fuel Level

Bar gauge that continuously indicates the amount of fuel left in the fuel tank.



**FUEL LEVEL**

1. Operating range

H) Altitude

Displays vehicle approximate altitude above sea level calculated from the barometric pressure.

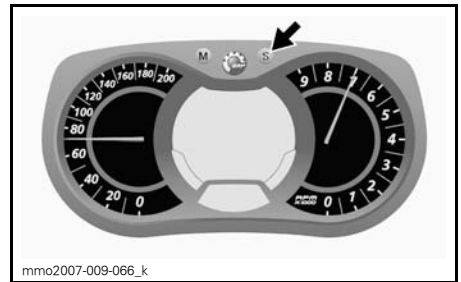
**NOTE:** Altitude displayed is rounded off every 100 meters when set in metric units or 200 feet when set in imperial units.

To display vehicle altitude, proceed as follows.

Press the MODE (M) button to select display 2.



While display is flashing, press the SET (S) button to select altitude mode.



The following symbol appears when altitude mode is selected.



**ALTITUDE MODE**

Press the MODE (M) button to confirm selection or wait 5 seconds.



### I) Top Speed

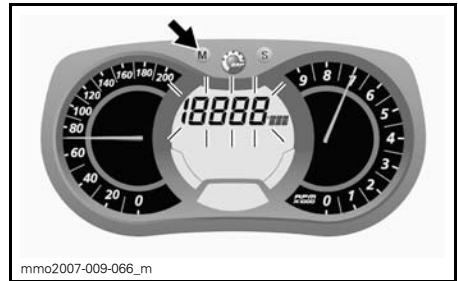
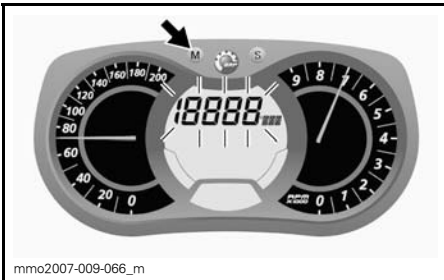
Records vehicle top speed since it has been reset.

To display vehicle top speed, proceed as follows.

Press the MODE (M) button to select display 1.

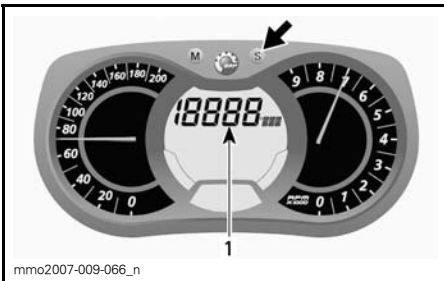
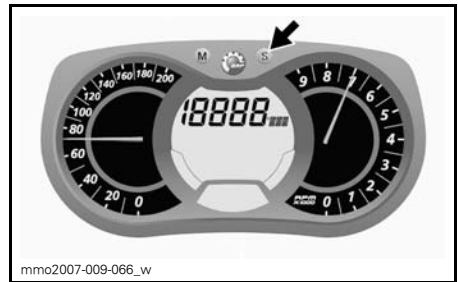


To reset, press the MODE (M) to select mode.



While display flashes, press and hold the SET (S) button within 5 seconds to reset.

While display flashes, press the SET (S) button to select top speed (TOP\_SPD) mode.



1. Top speed (TOP\_SPD) mode

Press the MODE (M) button to confirm selection or wait 5 seconds.

### J) Average Speed

Records vehicle average speed since it has been reset.

To display vehicle average speed, proceed as follows.

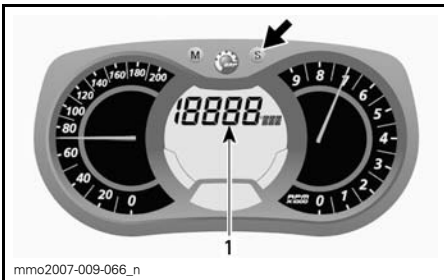
Press the MODE (M) button to select display 1.



While display flashes, press SET (S) button to select vehicle average speed (AVR\_SPD) mode.

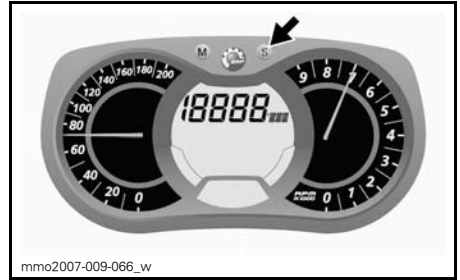


While display flashes, press and hold the SET (S) button within 5 seconds to reset.



1. Vehicle average speed (AVR\_SPD) mode

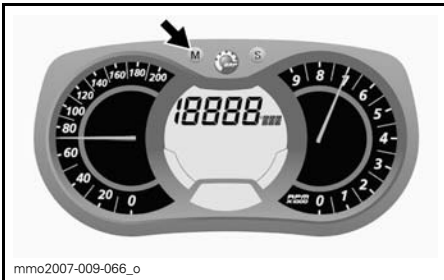
Press the MODE (M) button to confirm selection or wait 5 seconds.



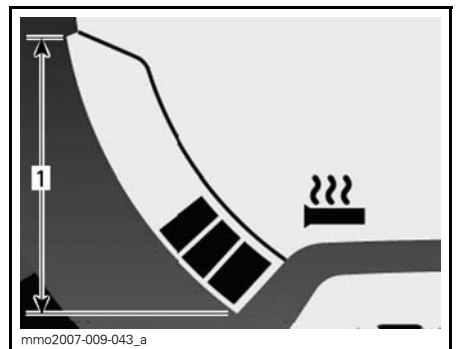
### K) Heated Grips Heating Intensity

Bar gauge that indicates heating intensity.

Refer to *HEATED GRIPS SWITCH* for more details.



To reset, press the MODE (M) to select mode.



### HEATED GRIPS

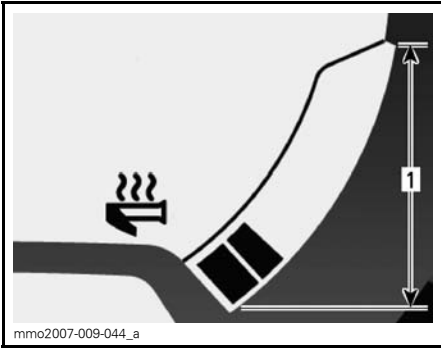
1. Operating range

## L) Heated Throttle Lever Heating Intensity

Bar gauge that indicates heating intensity.

Bar gauge will be displayed instead of the fuel level with the activation of the heated throttle lever switch. When released, display will return to fuel level.

Refer to *HEATED THROTTLE LEVER SWITCH* for more details.



**HEATED THROTTLE LEVER**  
1. Operating range

## M) Instant Fuel Consumption

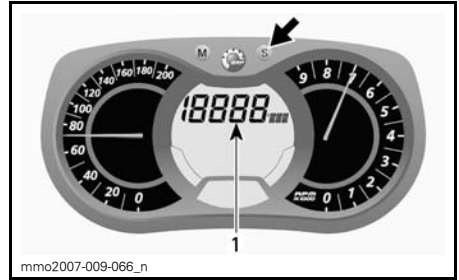
Calculates vehicle average fuel consumption while riding.

To display vehicle average fuel consumption, proceed as follows.

Press the MODE (M) button to select display 1.

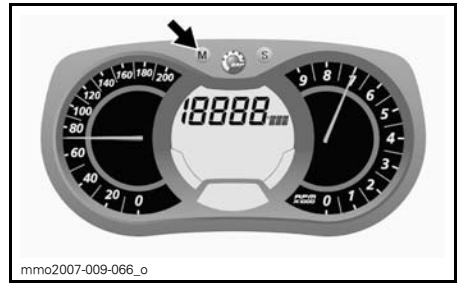


While display flashes, press SET (S) button to select instant fuel consumption mode.



1. Instant fuel consumption mode

Press the MODE (M) button to confirm selection or wait 5 seconds.

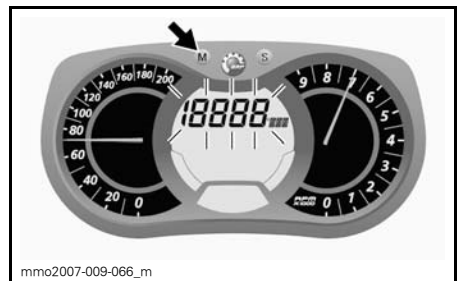


## N) Total Fuel Consumption

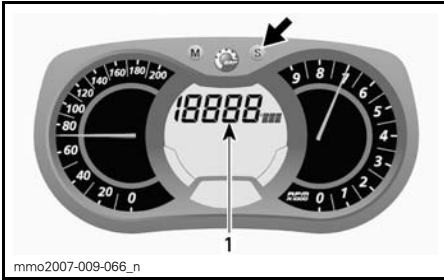
Records vehicle average fuel consumption since it has been reset.

To display vehicle total fuel consumption, proceed as follows.

Press the MODE (M) button to select display.

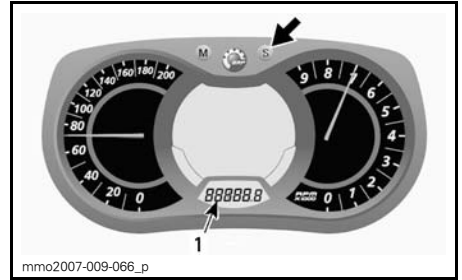


While display flashes, press the SET (S) button to select total fuel consumption (TC) mode.



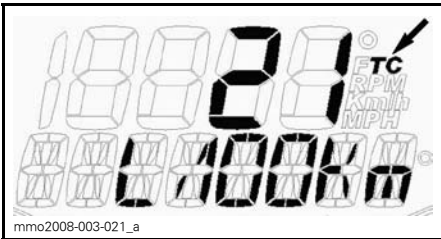
1. Total fuel consumption (TC) mode

TC appears when the mode is selected.



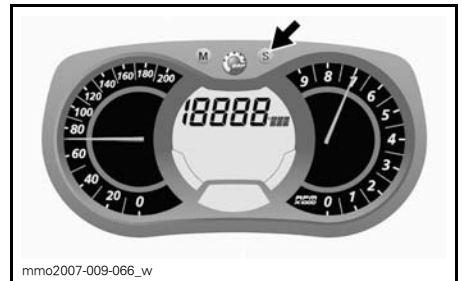
1. Trip meter (TRIP B) mode

Press and hold the SET (S) button to re-set.

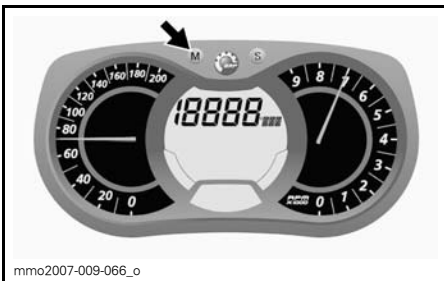


TYPICAL

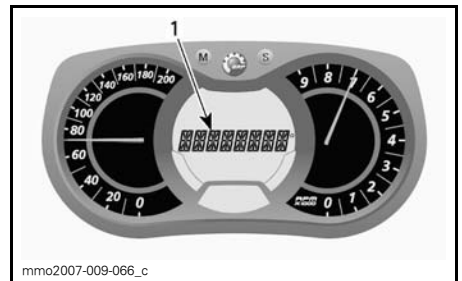
Press the MODE (M) button to confirm selection or wait 5 seconds.



O) Message Display



To reset, set the trip meter to TRIP B. Refer to *TRIP METER A OR B* for more details.



1. Message display

Refer to *PILOT LAMPS AND MESSAGES* in this section for details on usual messages.

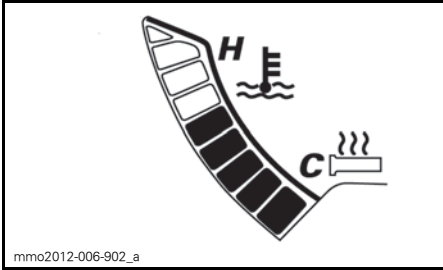
Refer to *MONITORING SYSTEM* for details on malfunction and D.E.S.S. related messages.

P) Engine Coolant Temperature

Bar gauge that indicates the engine coolant temperature.

During normal operation, the bars should not exceed approximately the middle of the gauge.

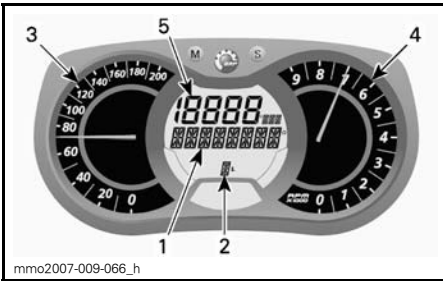
**NOTICE** If engine overheats, stop vehicle in a safe place. Refer to TROUBLESHOOTING section.



### Q) Lap Record Mode

With this mode, vehicle speed, engine revolutions per minute (RPM) and a preselected function in display 1 can be recorded at the same time during a period of time defined by the operator.

Also, a possibility of nine (9) different sessions (laps) can be recorded for a maximum total of 2.5 minutes.



#### LAP RECORD MODE

1. Lap record mode display
2. Sessions (laps)
3. Vehicle speed
4. Engine revolution per minute (RPM)
5. Preselected function

To Activate Lap Record Mode:

1. Press the SET (S) button to select the odometer mode in display 3.

2. Press and hold SET (S) button for 2 seconds to activate mode, REC will be displayed to indicate that record mode has been selected.



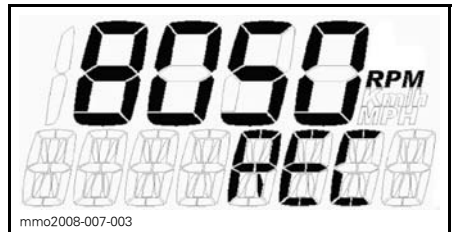
1. Record mode
2. Odometer

3. Press the SET (S) button to scroll between modes.

Available modes are: STOP, REC (record) or PLAY.

To Record:

1. Select REC (record) mode.

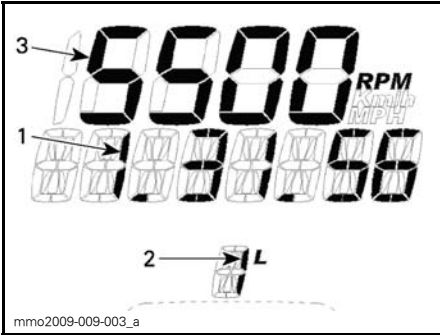


#### RECORD MODE

2. Press the MODE (M) button to start recording.
3. While recording, press the MODE (M) button again each time you want to record a new lap time (from 1 to 9 laps).

Press the SET (S) button to stop recording.



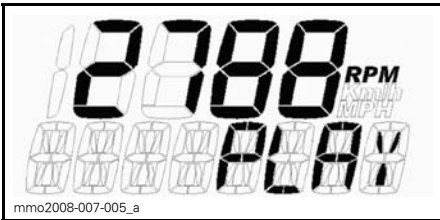
**RECORD MODE**

1. Recording time
2. Lap/session
3. Selected mode

To record another session, press the SET (S) button until REC (record) mode appears in display. Repeat same procedure previously described to record.

To Review Recorded Data:

Select PLAY mode.

**PLAY MODE**

1. Press the MODE (M) button to play recorded data.

All recorded data (speedometer, tachometer and the preselected mode in display 1) will be displayed at the same time.

2. Press the SET (S) button to stop recorded lap OR press the MODE (M) button to switch to another recorded lap.

**NOTE:** Pressing the SET (S) button will stop time of the lap in progress, then the display will show the recorded time length of that lap and will switch automatically to the following recorded lap after 5 seconds.

At the end of all recorded laps, STOP will appear in display.

To review recorded data again, press the SET (S) button to return to PLAY mode. Repeat same procedure previously described to review.

To record other laps, press the SET (S) button to switch to REC (record) mode. Repeat same procedure previously described to record.

Press and hold SET (S) button for 5 seconds to exit the lap record mode, the previously selected mode will be displayed.

**R) Air Control Suspension**

Displays rear suspension air shock absorber set point and actual setting.

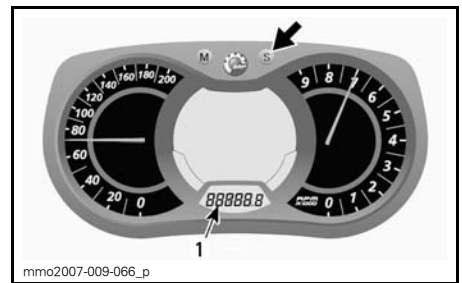
**S) E-TEC Engine Storage Mode**

Displays "OIL" when the storage mode procedure is initiated.

**Gauge Setup****Clock Setting**

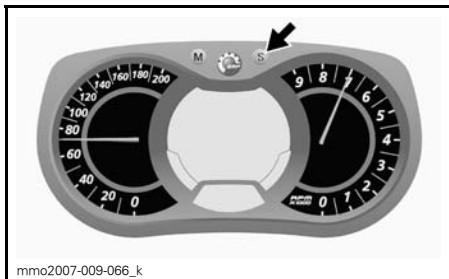
**NOTE:** This clock displays in the 24-hour format only.

Press the SET (S) button to select clock mode.



1. Clock mode

Press and hold the SET (S) button to activate clock set-up.



To change HOURS, while the value of HOURS is blinking, use the SET (S) button to change hours.

To change MINUTES, while the value of HOURS is blinking, press the MODE (M) button to switch to minutes. Use the SET (S) button to change minutes.

Press the MODE (M) button to save clock set-up and exit mode.

### Unit Selection (KM/H vs MPH)

The units can be set in metric or imperial. Refer to an authorized Lynx dealer.

### Language Selection

The gauge display language can be changed. Refer to an authorized Lynx dealer for language availability and setup the gauge to your preference.

## 16) Holding Strap

### *Xtrim Models only*

Holding strap provides a grip for operator when side-hilling.

### **⚠ WARNING**

This strap is not for towing, lifting or other purpose than temporary use as a grab handle during side-hilling. Always keep at least one hand on handlebar.

## 17) Drive Belt Guard

### Drive Belt Guard Removal

### **⚠ WARNING**

NEVER operate engine:

- Without shields and belt guard securely installed.
- With hood and/or side panels opened or removed.

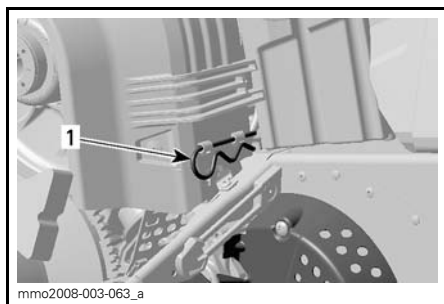
NEVER attempt to make adjustments to moving parts while engine is running.

**NOTE:** Belt guard is purposely made slightly oversize to maintain tension on its pins and retainers preventing undue noise and vibration. It is important that this tension be maintained when reinstalling.

Remove tether cord cap from engine cut-off switch.

Open engine compartment LH side panel.

Remove retaining pin.



### TYPICAL

1. Retaining pin

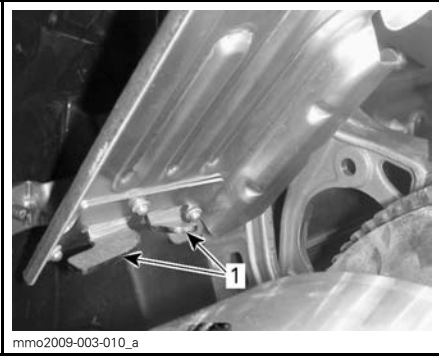
Lift rear portion of guard then release from front tabs by pivoting the guard outwards.

### Drive Belt Guard Installation

When reinstalling belt guard, position its cutaway toward front of snowmobile.

Place the front LH slot of the guard over the longest tab.

Pivot the guard inward to engage the shortest tab in the RH slot.

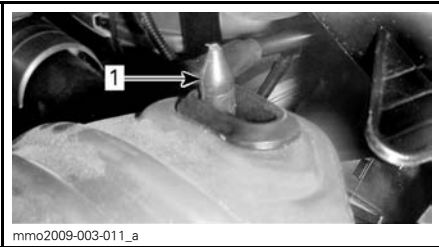


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#### TYPICAL

1. Tabs

Position the grommet over the retaining rod. It may be necessary to slightly lift the console to make room.



mmo2009-003-011\_a

#### TYPICAL

1. Retaining rod

Position rear portion of the belt guard over the retainer and secure it using the retaining pin.

## 18) Rear Rack

49 Ranger only

### **⚠ WARNING**

All objects in rear rack must be properly latched. Do not carry any breakable objects. Excessive weight in rack may reduce steering ability.

**⚠ CAUTION** Always readjust suspension according to the load. The capacity of this rack is limited. The MAXIMUM cargo load is 15.8 Kg (35 lb). Ride at very low speed when loaded. Avoid speed over bumps.

## 19) Fuses

The electrical system is protected with fuses, refer to *MAINTENANCE* for details.

The fuse holders are located in the engine compartment.

**⚠ CAUTION** Do not use a higher rated fuse as this can cause severe damage to electrical components and/or be a potential fire.

### **⚠ WARNING**

If fuse has burnt out, source of malfunction should be determined and corrected before restarting. See an authorized LYNX dealer for servicing.

## All Engines

### Manual Start

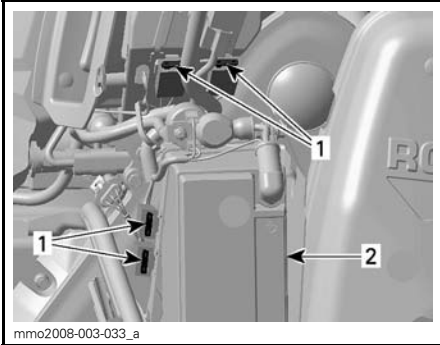


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RH SIDE OF ENGINE COMPARTMENT

1. Fuse location

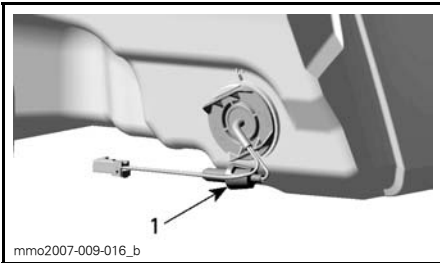
## Electric Start



### RH SIDE OF ENGINE COMPARTMENT

1. Fuse location
2. Battery

## Electric Fuel Level Sender



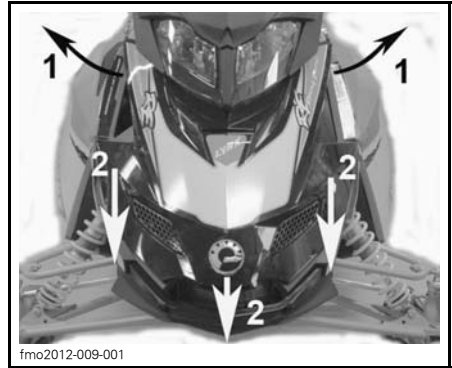
### BEHIND AIR INTAKE SILENCER

1. Fuse location

## 20) Hood and Side Panels

### Hood

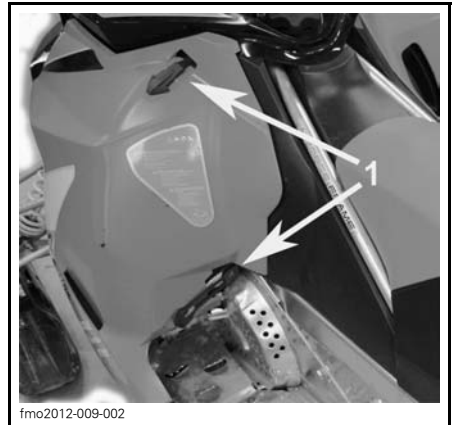
To open hood, release hood retaining pins then slide hood towards the front of the vehicle.



- Step 1: Step 1: Release retaining pins  
Step 2: Step 2: Slide hood towards the front

### Side Panels

To open a side panel, stretch and unhook the latches.



- TYPICAL  
1. Latches

## 21) Spare Drive Belt Holder

A spare drive belt can be stored in holder.

NOTE: Spare drive belt is not supplied with the snowmobile.

**⚠ CAUTION** To avoid damages to the drive belt, ensure that belt does not come in contact with tuned pipe when installed in its support.

All models except BoonDocker and Rave 800 ETEC



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**INSTALLED CORRECTLY**

1. Ensure there is no contact with tuned pipe

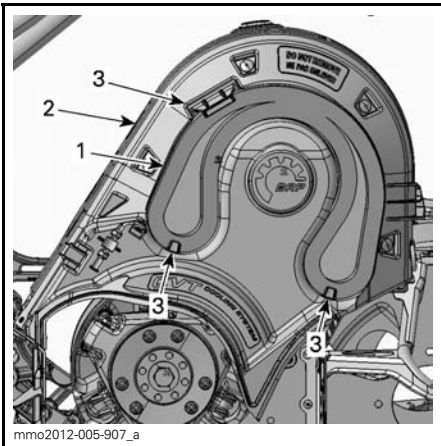
**BoonDocker and Rave 800 ETEC**

A spare drive belt can be stored in its holder located on the drive belt guard.

**NOTE:** The spare drive belt is not supplied with the snowmobile.

Position spare drive belt into drive belt guard slot.

Secure in place by sliding it into the fastener tabs.



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1. Spare drive belt
2. Drive belt guard
3. Fastener tabs

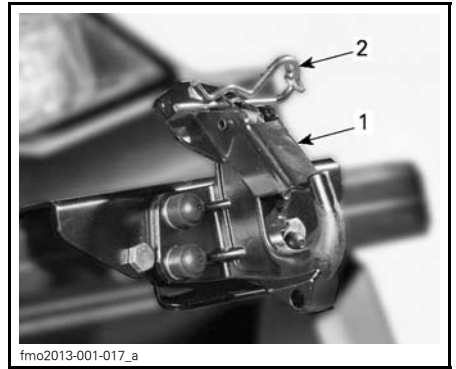
**22) 12-Volt Power Outlet**

*Xtrim models Only (except BoonDocker)*

A 12-volt electric appliance may be connected to that jack connector. Electric current is supplied whenever engine is running.

**23) Hitch ("J" Type)**

*Accessory*



fmo2013-001-017\_a

1. Safety tab
2. Hairpin

**Attaching an Equipment**

1. Remove the hairpin clip.
2. Align accessory attachment hole with the hitch hook.
3. Push the accessory attachment passed the safety tab.
4. Secure safety tab using the hairpin clip.

**Detaching an Equipment**

1. Remove the hairpin clip.
2. Push safety tab forward to free accessory attachment from the hitch.
3. Detach accessory attachment.
4. Install hairpin clip.

## 24) Front and Rear Bumpers

To be used whenever snowmobile requires manual lifting.

**⚠ CAUTION** Beware of injuries by using proper lifting techniques, notably using your legs force. Do not attempt to lift the rear of vehicle if it is above your limits. Use appropriate lifting device or have assistance to share lifting stress if possible.

### **⚠ WARNING**

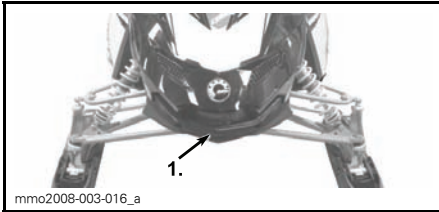
Do not attempt to lift the vehicle by hand alone. Use appropriate lifting device or have assistance to share lifting stress in order to avoid risk of strain injuries.



#### REAR

1. Rear bumper

**⚠ CAUTION** Do not use skis to pull or lift snowmobile.



#### FRONT

1. Front bumper

# RECOMMENDED FUEL

## Recommended Fuel

Use unleaded gasoline containing MAXIMUM 10% ethanol. The gasoline must have the following minimum octane requirements.

MINIMUM OCTANE RATING	
ENGINES	95 RON E10
550	X
600 HO E-TEC	X
800R E-TEC	X

**NOTICE** Use octane rating according to fuel type. Never experiment with other fuels. Engine or fuel system damages may occur with the use of an inadequate fuel.

### WARNING

Always stop the engine before refueling. Fuel is flammable and explosive under certain conditions. Always work in a well ventilated area. Do not smoke or allow open flames or sparks in the vicinity. Open cap slowly. If a differential pressure condition is noticed (whistling sound heard when loosening fuel tank cap) have vehicle inspected and/or repaired before further operation. Do not overfill or top off the fuel tank before placing the vehicle in a warm area. As temperature increases, fuel expands and might overflow. Always wipe off any fuel spillage from the vehicle. Periodically verify fuel system.

## Fuel Antifreeze Additives

When using oxygenated fuel, additional gas line antifreeze or water absorbing additives are not required and should be not used.

When using non-oxygenated fuel, isopropyl base gas line antifreeze can be used in a proportion of 150 ml (5 U.S. oz) of gas line antifreeze added to 40 L (10.6 U.S. gal.) of gas.

This precaution is in order to reduce the risk of frost buildup in carburetors or other fuel system components which may lead, in certain cases, to severe damage to engine.

**NOTE:** Use only methyl hydrate free gas line antifreeze.

## Vehicle Fueling Procedure

### WARNING

- Fuel is flammable and explosive under certain conditions.
- Never use an open flame to check fuel level.
- Never smoke or allow flame or spark in vicinity.
- Always work in a well-ventilated area.

1. Stop engine.

### WARNING

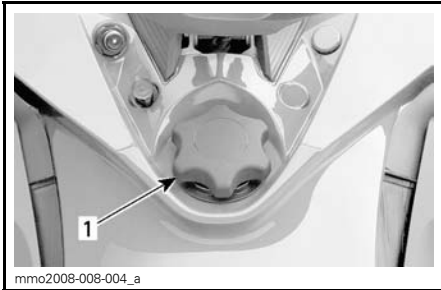
Always stop engine before refueling.

2. Have operator and passenger get off vehicle.

### WARNING

Do not allow anyone seated on the vehicle while fueling.

3. Unscrew slowly the fuel reservoir cap counterclockwise to remove it.



**TYPICAL**

1. Fuel tank cap

**⚠ WARNING**

If a differential pressure condition is noticed (whistling sound heard when loosening fuel reservoir cap) have vehicle inspected and/or repaired before further operation.

4. Insert the spout into the filler neck.
5. Pour fuel slowly so that air can escape from the tank and prevent fuel flow back. Be careful not to spill fuel.
6. Stop filling when the fuel reaches the bottom of filler neck. Do not overfill.

**⚠ WARNING**

Never top up the fuel tank before placing the vehicle in a warm area. As temperature increases, fuel expands and may overflow.

7. Fully tighten fuel reservoir cap clockwise.

**⚠ WARNING**

Always wipe off any fuel spillage from the vehicle.

**NOTE:** Do not sit or lean on seat when fuel tank cap is not properly installed.



# INJECTION OIL

## Recommended Injection Oil

### 550 Models

ENGINE	RECOMMENDED INJECTION OIL
550F	XPS INJECTION OIL (P/N 619 590 100)
	XPS SYNTHETIC BLEND 2-STROKE OIL (P/N 619 590 103)
	XPS SYNTHETIC 2-STROKE OIL (P/N 619 590 106)

**NOTICE** The engine of this snowmobile has been developed and validated using the recommended BRP XPS™ oil. BRP strongly recommends the use of its recommended XPS oil at all times. Damages caused by oil which is not suitable for the engine will not be covered by the BRP limited warranty.

If XPS Injection Oil is not available, API TC high-quality low ash two-stroke injection oil that flows at -40°C (-40°F) may be used.

**NOTICE** Do not use NMMA TC-W, TC-W2 or TC-W3 outboard two-stroke engine oils or ashless two-stroke engine oils.

### E-TEC Models

RECOMMENDED INJECTION OIL		
ENGINES	XPS SYNTHETIC BLEND 2-STROKE OIL (P/N 619 590 103)	XPS SYNTHETIC 2-STROKE OIL (P/N 619 590 106)
600 HO E-TEC	✓	✓
800R E-TEC	✓	✓ Preferred

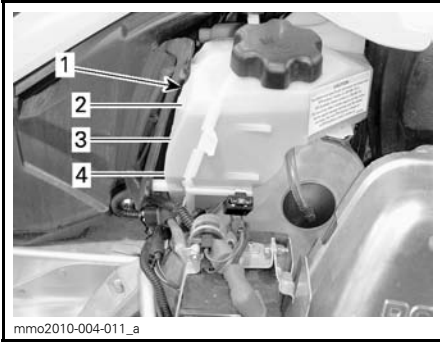
**NOTICE** The engine of this snowmobile has been developed and validated using the recommended BRP XPS™ oil. BRP strongly recommends the use of its recommended XPS oil at all times. Damages caused by oil which is not suitable for the engine will not be covered by the BRP limited warranty.

### Injection Oil Level Verification

The injection oil reservoir is located behind the RH side panel. See *BODY* in *MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES* for opening procedure.

Always maintain a sufficient amount of recommended injection oil in the injection oil reservoir.

**NOTICE** Check level and refill every time you refuel.



1. Oil reservoir
2. 3/4 level
3. 1/2 level
4. 1/4 level

### To Add Injection Oil

Remove injection oil reservoir cap.

Add injection oil. Do not overfill.

Reinstall cap and fully tighten.

**NOTICE** Do not mismatch oil reservoir cap with fuel tank cap.

### **WARNING**

Wipe off any oil spills. Oil is highly flammable when heated.

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# BREAK-IN PERIOD

## Operation During Break-In

**⚠ CAUTION** A break-in period of 10 operating hours — 500 km (300 miles) — is required before running the snowmobile at full throttle.

### *550 Models*

For additional engine lubrication, add 500 ml (17 U.S. oz) of injection oil in the first fuel tank.

### *All Models*

After the break-in period, the vehicle should be inspected by an authorized Lynx dealer. Refer to *MAINTENANCE* section.

During break-in period, maximum throttle should not exceed 3/4 opening. However, brief full acceleration and speed variations contribute to a good break-in.

**⚠ CAUTION** Engine overheating, continued wide open throttle runs and prolonged cruising without speed variations should be avoided, this can cause engine damage during the break-in period.

## Engine

During the break-in period:

- Avoid prolonged full throttle operation.
- Avoid sustained accelerations.
- Avoid prolonged cruising speeds.
- Avoid engine overheating.

However, brief accelerations and speed variations contribute to a good break-in.

During the first few hours of break-in, the engine management system controls some engine parameters which will slightly reduce the engine performance.

### *550 Engine Only*

To assure additional protection during the initial engine break-in, 500 mL of recommended injection oil should be added to fuel for the first full filling of fuel tank. Have spark plugs cleaned after engine break-in.

### *E-TEC Models*

During a predetermined period, the engine management system controls some engine parameters.

The duration is based on fuel volume. It will take approximately two fuel tanks to complete the break-in.

During this period:

- The engine performance and behavior will not be optimal.
- The fuel and oil consumption will be higher.

## Drive Belt

A new drive belt requires a break-in period of 50 km . Avoid strong acceleration/deceleration, pulling a load or high speed cruising.

During the break-in period:

- Avoid strong acceleration and deceleration.
- Avoid pulling a load.
- Avoid high speed cruising.

## 10-Hour Inspection

**NOTE:** The 10-hour inspection is at the expense of the snowmobile owner.

As with any precision piece of mechanical equipment, we suggest that after the first 10 hours of operation or 500 km, whichever comes first, your snowmobile be checked by an authorized LYNX dealer. This inspection will also give you the opportunity to discuss the unanswered questions you may have encountered during the first hours of operation.

# BASIC PROCEDURES

## Pre-Operation Check

### WARNING

The pre-operation check is very important prior to operating the vehicle. Always check the proper operation of critical controls, safety features and mechanical components before starting. If not done as specified here, severe injury or death might occur.

- Remove snow and ice from body including seat, footrests, controls and instruments.
- Lights — The headlamp, the taillight and the brake light are standard equipment. Be sure lights are clear of dirt, slush or snow and are in good working order or condition.
- Verify that track and idler wheels are free to turn and not frozen.

### WARNING

Always use a wide base snowmobile mechanical stand to properly support vehicle during any track verification. Slowly accelerate engine in order to rotate track at very low speed when it is not on ground.

- Activate the brake control lever and make sure the brake fully applies before the brake control lever touches the handlebar grip. It must fully return when released.
- Check the parking device. Apply parking brake and check if it operates properly.
- Activate the throttle control lever several times to check that it operates easily and smoothly.

### WARNING

Throttle lever must operate easily and smoothly. It must return to idle position when released.

- Check operation of tether cord cap (DESS key), engine cut-out switches, headlamp switch (HI-LO), taillight, brake light and pilot lamps.
- Verify that skis and steering operate freely. Check corresponding action of skis versus handlebar.
- Check fuel and oil for levels and leaks. Replenish as necessary and see an authorized LYNX dealer in case of any leaks.
- Verify that air silencer prefilter is free of snow.
- All storage compartments must be properly latched and they must not contain any heavy or breakable objects. Hood and side panels must be also properly latched.

### WARNING

All adjustable features should be positioned at optimal setting. Securely tighten all adjustment locks.

- Make certain your snowmobile is pointed away from people or objects before you start it. No one is to be standing in front of or in back of the snowmobile.
- Be warmly dressed with clothing designed for snowmobiling.

PRE-OPERATION CHECK LIST		
ITEM	OPERATION	✓
Body including seat, footrests, lights, controls and instruments	Check that there is no snow or ice.	
Track and idler wheels	Check for free movement.	
Brake lever	Check proper action.	
Parking device	Check proper action.	
Throttle lever	Check proper action.	
Switches and lights	Check proper action. Tether cord must be attached to driver clothing eyelet.	
Skis and steering	Check for free movement and proper action.	
Fuel and oil	Check for proper level and leaks.	
Air silencer prefilter	Check that there is no snow or ice.	
Adjustable features	Check for optimal adjustment and securely tightened adjustment locks.	
Storage compartment	Check for proper latching and no heavy or breakable objects.	
Vehicle vicinity	Snowmobile must be pointed away from people or objects. No one is to be standing in front of or in back of the snowmobile.	
Clothing	Be warmly dressed with clothing designed for snowmobiling.	

## Engine Starting Procedure

### Procedure

1. Apply parking brake.
2. Recheck throttle control lever operation.
3. Put your helmet on.
4. Ensure that the tether cord cap (DESS key) is in position and that the cord is attached to your clothing eyelet.
5. Ensure that the engine cutout switch is in the ON position.
6. Activate the choke according to the temperature. Refer to *CHOKE APPLICATION* further (550 Models).

7. Start engine as explained below.



### WARNING

Never depress throttle while starting engine.

8. Release parking brake.

**NOTE:** For an initial cold start, do not release parking brake. Perform the *VEHICLE WARM-UP* procedure as explained below.

### Manual Starting

#### 550 Models

1. Turn ignition key to ON position.

2. Grab rewind starter handle, pull handle slowly until a resistance is felt, then hold handle firmly and pull vigorously to start engine.

### *E-TEC Models*

Grab rewind starter handle, pull handle slowly until a resistance is felt, then hold handle firmly and pull vigorously to start engine.

## **⚠ WARNING**

Do not apply throttle while starting.

Electric Starting (if so equipped)

### *550-Models*

1. Turn key clockwise until starter engages.

**NOTE:** If for any reason, the engine cannot be started electrically, start engine manually using the rewind starter.

**NOTICE** Do not engage electric starter for more than 10 seconds at a time. A rest period should be observed between the cranking cycles to allow electric starter to cool down.

2. Release parking brake.

**NOTE:** For an initial cold start, do not release parking brake. Perform the *VEHICLE WARM-UP* procedure as explained below.

### *E-TEC*

Depress the START/RER button to engage the electric starter and start the engine.

Release button immediately when engine has started.

## **⚠ WARNING**

Do not apply throttle while starting.

**⚠ CAUTION** Do not use electric starter for more than 10 seconds. A rest period should be observed between the cranking cycles to let electric starter cool down. Using electric starter when engine has started could damage electric starter mechanism.

**NOTE:** If for any reason, the engine cannot be cranked electrically, start engine manually using the rewind starter.

## **Carburetor Engine Starting Procedure (550 models)**

### **Procedure**

1. Recheck throttle control lever operation.
2. Ensure that the tether cord cap (DESS key) is in position and that the cord attached to your clothing eyelet.
3. Ensure that the engine cutout switch is in the ON position.
4. Activate the choke according to the temperature as explained below.

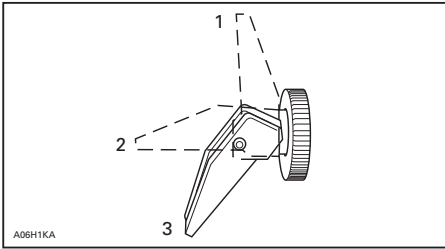
### **Choke Application (550 Models)**

**Initial Cold Starting When Temperature is Below - 10°C (+ 15°F)**

**NOTE:** Do not operate the throttle lever with the choke lever on.

Set the choke lever to position 3.

**NOTE:** After the engine is started, let engine warm up at fast idle until engine speed drops. Then, close off choke to ensure proper air-fuel mixture.



1. OFF
2. Position 2
3. Position 3

### Initial Cold Starting When Temperature is Above - 10°C (above + 15°F)

Set the choke lever to position 2.

**NOTE:** After the engine is started, close off choke to ensure proper air-fuel mixture.

### Warm Engine Starting

Start the engine without any choke. If the engine will not start after two pulls of the rope or two 5 second attempts with the electric starter move choke lever to position 2. Start the engine without activating the throttle lever. As soon as the engine starts move the choke lever to OFF.

### Vehicle Warm-Up

Before every ride, vehicle has to be warmed up as follows.

1. Start engine as explained in *ENGINE STARTING PROCEDURE* above.
2. Allow engine to warm up one or two minutes at idle speed.

### 550 Models

**NOTE:** It is not recommended to let engine running at idle speed for more than 10 minutes.

### E-TEC Models

**NOTE:** Engine will shut down after approximately 12 minutes of idling (not 550 models).

### All Models

3. Disengage parking brake.
4. Apply throttle until drive pulley engages. Drive at low speed the first two or three minutes.

**NOTICE** If vehicle does not move when throttle is applied, stop engine, remove tether cord cap from the engine cut-off switch, then do the following.

- Check if skis are stuck on the ground. Lift one ski at a time by the handle, then put it down.
- Check if track is stuck on the ground. Lift rear of snowmobile enough to clear track from the ground, then drop.
- Check rear suspension for hard snow or ice accumulation that could interfere with track rotation. Clean the area.

**CAUTION** Beware of injuries by using proper lifting techniques, notably using your legs force. Do not attempt to lift the rear of vehicle if it is above your limits.

### WARNING

Make sure tether cord cap is removed before standing in front the vehicle, getting close to the track or rear suspension components.

**NOTE:** On E-TEC models, warm-up is electronically controlled. During this period (up to 10 minutes depending on ambient temperature), engine RPM is limited.

## Engaging Reverse (RER)

When the engine is running, depressing the RER button will slow down engine RPM to almost a stop and advance the ignition timing to cause direction change in crankshaft rotation.

- Engine will automatically shift into forward when re-starting after stopping or stalling.
- Shifting procedure will take place only when the engine is running.
- If engine is running at a speed above 4300 RPM, the reverse function of the RER button is cancelled.
- It is recommended to warm up the engine to its normal operating temperature before shifting.

### Shifting in Reverse

1. Bring vehicle to a complete stop.
2. Apply and hold brake. Remain seated, refer to *RIDER POSITION (REVERSE OPERATION)* for posture information.
3. With engine at idle speed, press and release the RER button.
4. Wait until reverse beeper sounds, then gently depress throttle lever.

### WARNING

Engaging to reverse mode on these snowmobiles is done by depressing the RER button when the engine is running. Wait until the reverse alarm sounds and the RER pilot lamp comes on in the dash before operating throttle to proceed in reverse. The reverse speed of these snowmobiles is not limited. Always proceed with caution as fast reverse could result in loss of vehicle stability. Come to complete stop before depressing RER button. Always remain seated and apply the brake before shifting. Ensure the path behind is clear of obstacles or bystanders before proceeding.

With the snowmobile completely stopped and engine running at idle, press and release the RER button.

The RER pilot lamp will blink when the snowmobile is engaged in reverse.

Apply throttle slowly and evenly. Allow drive pulley to engage then accelerate carefully.

### Shifting in Forward

1. Bring vehicle to a complete stop.
2. Apply and hold brake.
3. Press and release the RER button. RER pilot lamp will stop.
4. RER pilot lamp will stop.
5. Apply throttle slowly and evenly. Allow drive pulley to engage then accelerate carefully.

## Shutting Off the Engine

Release throttle lever and wait until engine has returned to idle speed.

Shut off the engine using either engine cut-out switch or tether cord cap (DESS key) engine cut-out switch.

### WARNING

Always remove the tether cord cap (DESS key) when vehicle is not in operation in order to prevent accidental engine starting or to avoid unauthorized use by children or others or theft.

## Post-Operation Care

Shut off the engine. Install rear of vehicle on a wide-base snowmobile mechanical stand.

Remove snow and ice from rear suspension, track, front suspension, steering mechanism and skis.

Always cover your snowmobile when leaving it outside overnight or during extended periods of inactivity. This will protect it from frost and snow as well as help retain its appearance.



# SPECIAL OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

## Riding at High Altitudes

**⚠ CAUTION** Failure to re-calibrate may cause serious engine damage.

Refer to an authorized LYNX dealer..

## Riding in Cold Weather

### *Carburetor Equipped Models (550 Models)*

All vehicles have been calibrated for -20°C (-4°F). They can be operated at warmer winter temperatures without risk of problems.

**⚠ CAUTION** For colder temperatures than -20°C (-4°F) carburetor(s) must be recalibrated to avoid engine damage. Refer to an authorized LYNX dealer.

**NOTICE** Engine damage will occur if carburetors are not re-calibrated for temperatures below -20°C (-4°F).

### *E-TEC Models*

The engine management of these engines provides the optimum air/fuel ratio for all temperatures.

Refer also to *RIDING AT HIGH ALTITUDES OR SEA LEVEL*.

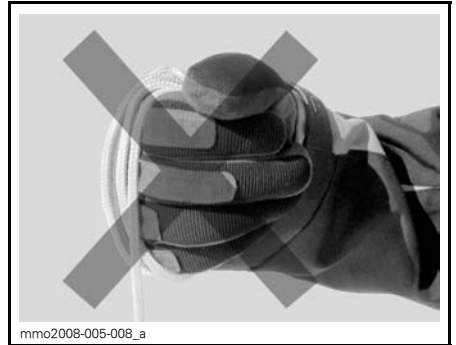
## Emergency Starting

The engine can be started with the emergency starter rope supplied with the tool kit.

Remove belt guard.

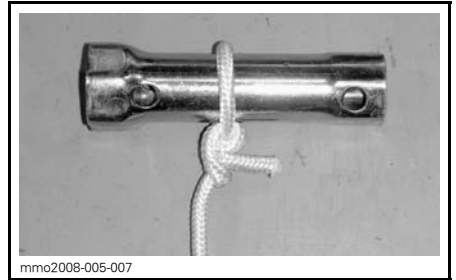
### **⚠ WARNING**

Do not wind starting rope around your hand. Hold rope by the handle only. Do not start the snowmobile by the drive pulley unless it is a true emergency situation. Have the snowmobile repaired as soon as possible.

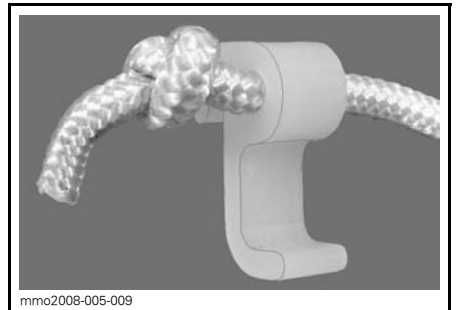


Attach one end of emergency rope to rewind handle.

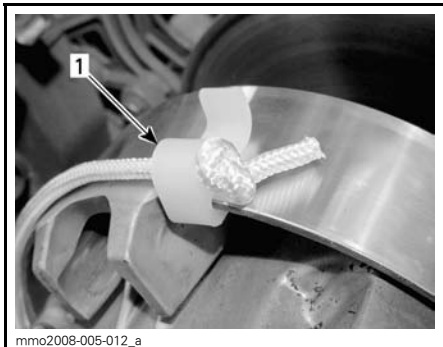
**NOTE:** The spark plug socket can be used as an emergency handle.



Attach the other end of emergency rope to the starter clip supplied in the tool kit.

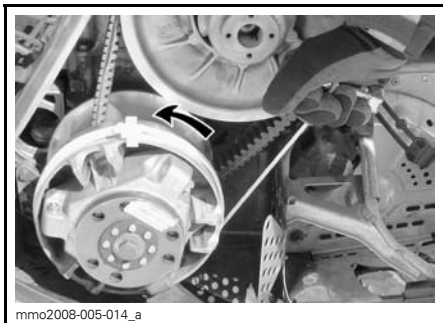


Hook up clip on drive pulley.



1. Clip installation location

Wind the rope tightly around drive pulley. When pulled, pulley must rotate counterclockwise.



Pull the rope using a sharp, crisp pull so the rope comes free of the drive pulley. Start engine as per usual manual starting.

**⚠ WARNING**

When starting the snowmobile in an emergency situation, using drive pulley, do not reinstall the belt guard and return slowly to have snowmobile repaired.

**Towing an Accessory**

Always use a rigid tow bar to tow an accessory. Any towed accessory should have reflectors on both sides and at the rear. Check local laws for brake light(s) requirements.

**⚠ WARNING**

Never tow an accessory with a rope. Always use a rigid tow bar. Using a rope would result in a collision between the object and the snowmobile and possibly in a tip over in case of a rapid deceleration or on a downward slope.

**Towing Another Snowmobile**

If a snowmobile is disabled and must be towed use a rigid tow bar, remove the drive belt from disabled snowmobile and tow at moderate speed.

**⚠ CAUTION** Always remove the drive belt of the snowmobile that is to be towed to prevent damage to its belt and drive system.

In an emergency situation only, if a rigid tow bar is not available, a rope can be used provided you proceed with extra caution. In some areas, it may be illegal to do so. Check with state or local authorities.

Remove the drive belt, attach the rope to the ski legs (spindles), have someone sit on the towed snowmobile to activate the brake, and tow at low speed.

**⚠ CAUTION** In order to prevent damage to the steering system, never attach the tow rope to the ski loops (handles).

**⚠ WARNING**

Never ride at high speed when towing a disabled snowmobile. Proceed slowly with extra caution.

**Transporting the Vehicle**

Make sure that oil reservoir and fuel tank caps are properly installed.

Tilt bed trailers can easily be equipped with a winch mechanism to afford maximum safety in loading. Simple as it may seem, never drive your snowmobile onto a tilt bed trailer or any other kind of trailer or vehicle. Many serious accidents have resulted from driving up and over a trailer. Anchor your vehicle securely, front and rear, even on short hauls. Be certain all equipment is securely fastened. Cover your snowmobile when trailering to prevent road grime from causing damage.

Be certain your trailer meets state or provincial requirements. Ensure the hitch and safety chains are secure and the brake, turn indicators and clearance lights all function.

# TUNE YOUR RIDE

Snowmobile handling and comfort depend upon suspension adjustments.

## **⚠ WARNING**

Suspension adjustment could affect vehicle handling. Always take time to familiarize yourself with the vehicle's behavior after any suspension adjustment have been made. Always adjust LH and RH suspension components to the same setting.

Choice of suspension adjustments vary with carrying load, operator's weight, personal preference, riding speed and field condition.

**NOTE:** Some adjustments may not apply to your snowmobile.

## **⚠ WARNING**

Before proceeding with any suspension adjustment, remember:

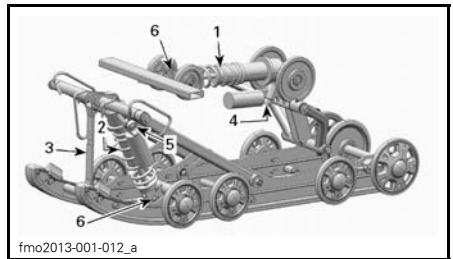
- Park in a safe place.
- Remove the tether cord cap from the engine cut-off switch.
- Use appropriate lifting device or have assistance to share lifting stress. If a lifting device is not used, use proper lifting techniques, notably using your legs force.
- Do not attempt to lift the front or rear of vehicle if it is above your limits.
- Support front of vehicle off the ground with a suitable device before adjusting suspension.
- Support rear of vehicle off the ground with a wide-base snowmobile stand with a rear deflector panel.
- Make sure support device is stable and secure.

The best way to set up the suspension is to customize each adjustment one at a time. Various adjustments

are interrelated. It may be necessary to readjust center spring after adjusting front springs for instance. Test run the snowmobile under the same conditions; trail, speed, snow, operator riding position, etc. Proceed methodically until you are satisfied.

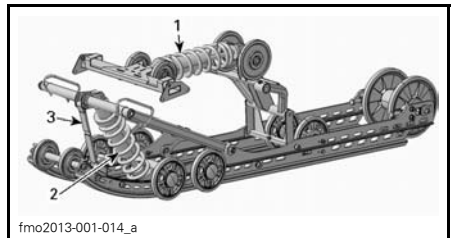
Following are guidelines to fine-tune suspension. Use suspension adjustment tool provided in the tool kit.

## **Rear Suspension Adjustments**



**TYPICAL PPS - ADJUSTABLE COMPONENTS**

1. Rear spring
2. Center spring
3. Stopper strap
4. Rear shock - Damping strength
5. Center Shock - Damping strength
6. Rebound strength adjustment



**PPS3900 - ADJUSTABLE COMPONENTS**

1. Rear spring
2. Center spring
3. Stopper strap

**NOTICE** Whenever adjusting rear suspension, check track tension and adjust if necessary.

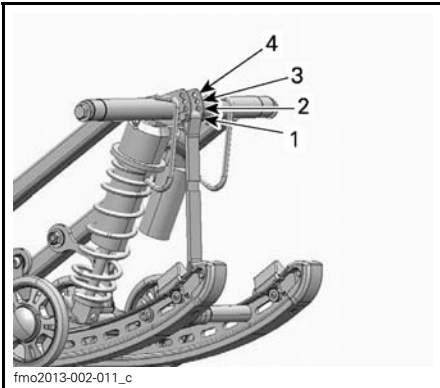
## Stopper Strap

Stopper strap length has an effect on the amount of weight the center spring has to carry especially during acceleration, therefore on the front end uplift.

Stopper strap length also has an effect on center spring travel.

**NOTICE** Whenever stopper strap length is changed, track tension must be checked.

ACTION	RESULT
Increasing stopper strap length	Lighter ski pressure under acceleration
	More center spring travel
	More bump absorption capability
Decreasing stopper strap length	Heavier ski pressure under acceleration
	Less center spring travel
	Less bump absorption capability



### TYPICAL

1. Position 1 (longest)
2. Position 2
3. Position 3
4. Position 4

**NOTE:** Decreasing the stopper strap length may reduce comfort. Always install stopper strap bolt as close as possible to the lower shaft.

When operating the snowmobile in deep snow or hill climbing, it may be necessary to vary stopper strap length and/or riding position, to change the angle at which the track rides on the snow. Operator's familiarity with the various adjustments as well as snow conditions will dictate the most efficient combination.

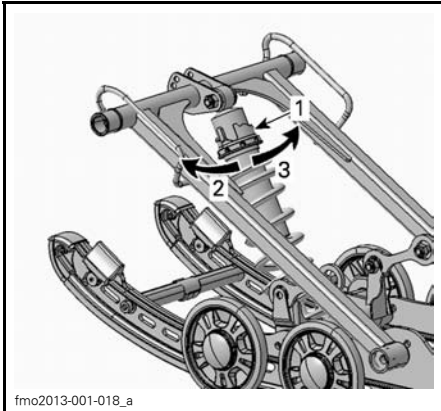
Generally, a longer stopper strap setting gives better performance in deep snow on a flat landscape and a shorter setting will improve handling in steep hill climbing conditions.

## Center Spring

Center spring preload has an effect on steering effort, handling and bump absorption.

Also, since center spring preload adjustment puts more or less pressure on the front of the track, it has an effect on the performance in deep snow.

ACTION	RESULT
Increasing preload	Lighter steering
	More bump absorption capability
	Better deep snow starts
	Better deep snow performance and handling
Decreasing preload	Heavier steering
	Less bump absorption capability
	Better trail handling



fmo2013-001-018\_a

**CAM TYPE - HPG™ SHOCK ABSORBER**

1. Spring preload adjustment cam
2. Decrease preload
3. Increase preload



fmo2012-009-010\_c

**TYPICAL - RING TYPE (INCREASE PRELOAD OR DECREASE PRELOAD)**

1. Spring preload adjustment ring
2. Spring preload adjustment lock ring
3. Increase preload
4. Decrease preload

**NOTE:** For cam type or ring type preload adjuster, use the suspension adjustment tool provided in the tool kit.

**Rear Spring**

Rear spring preload has an effect on comfort, ride height and load compensation.

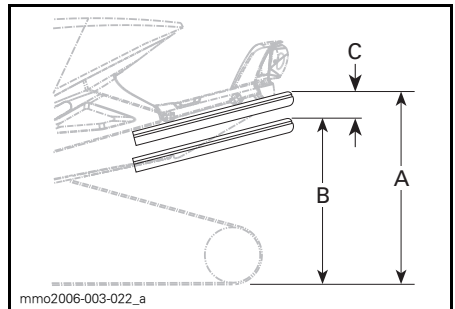
Also, adjusting rear spring preload shifts more or less weight to the snowmobile front end. As a result, more or

less weight is applied to the skis. This has an effect on performance in deep snow, steering effort and handling.

Slight suspension bottoming occurring under the worst riding conditions indicates a good choice of spring preload.

ACTION	RESULT
Increasing preload	Firmer rear suspension
	Higher rear end
	More bump absorption capability
	Heavier steering
Decreasing preload	Softer rear suspension
	Lower rear end
	Less bump absorption capability
	Lighter steering
	Better deep snow performance and handling

Refer to the following to determine if preload is correct.



mno2006-003-022\_a

**TYPICAL — PROPER ADJUSTMENT**

- A. Suspension fully extended
- B. Suspension has collapsed with operator, passenger and load added
- C. Distance between dimension "A" and "B", see table below

"C"	WHAT TO DO
50 to 75 mm (2 to 3 in)	No adjustment required
More than 75 mm (3 in)	Adjusted too soft, increase preload
Less than 50 mm (2 in)	Adjusted too firm, decrease preload

**NOTE:** If the specification is unattainable with the original springs, see an authorized Lynx dealer for other available springs.

## Rear and Center Shock Absorber

### Rear Shock Compression Damping

**NOTE:** Both low and high speed compression damping are adjusted separately.

Low speed compression damping controls how the shock absorber reacts to a low suspension velocity (slow compression strokes, in most cases when riding at lower speeds).

High speed compression damping controls how the shock absorber reacts to a high suspension velocity (quick compression strokes, in most cases when riding at higher speeds).

ACTION	RESULT ON BIG AND SMALL BUMPS
Increasing compression damping force	Firmer compression damping
Decreasing compression damping force	Softer compression damping

To adjust, turn the adjuster button located on the oil reservoir on shock clockwise to increase compression

damping force and counterclockwise to decrease compression damping force.



1. Rear shock absorber
2. Compression damping adjuster (button)

## Front Suspension Adjustments

### Skis

#### *Xtrim, BoonDocker and Ranger Series*

On these models, it is possible to set the ski stance to two different widths.

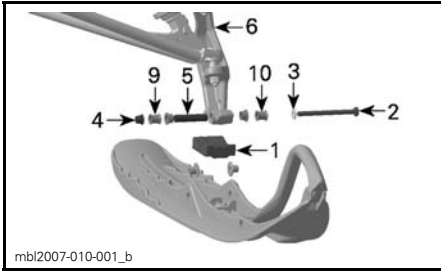
When the spacer is installed inside the ski leg, skis are set to the narrower stance.

When the spacer is installed outside the ski leg, skis are set to the wider stance.

To change the ski stance, proceed as follows on both sides:

1. Lift the front of vehicle.
2. Remove the ski bolt.
3. Place the spacer according to the desired stance, see illustration.

(1) The KYB Pro Series is a registered mark of KYB America LLC.



**PARTS LAYOUT - LH SIDE SHOWN**

1. Ski stopper
2. Ski bolt
3. Washer
4. Nut
5. Ski leg bushing (in the ski leg bore)
6. Ski leg
9. Spacer inwards-narrow stance
10. Spacer outwards-wide stance

4. Install all the other parts and tighten nut to the specified torque.

<b>SKI BOLT TIGHTENING TORQUE</b>
48 N•m ± 6 N•m (35 lbf•ft ± 4 lbf•ft)

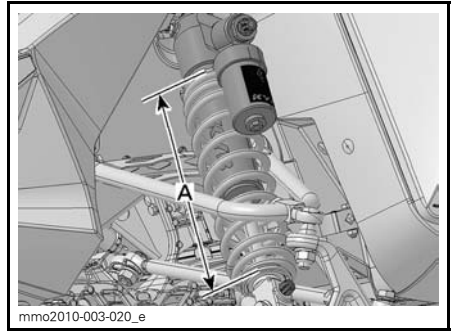
**NOTE:** Make sure your vehicle does not exceed the maximum width allowed for trail riding. Check local regulations.

**Front Springs**

Front spring preload has an effect on front suspension firmness.

Front spring preload also has an effect on the steering behavior.

**NOTICE** In order to have a sufficient preload, the spring free length (with skis off the ground) must not exceed 270 mm (10.63 in). An insufficient preload can cause the spring stopper to fall off the shock absorber.

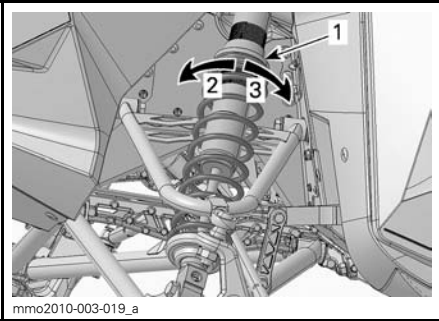


**TYPICAL**

A. Maximum 270 mm (10.63 in) with skis off the ground

ACTION	RESULT
Increasing preload	Firmer front suspension
	Higher front end
	More precise steering
Decreasing preload	More bump absorption capability
	Softer front suspension
	Lower front end
	Lighter steering
	Less bump absorption capability





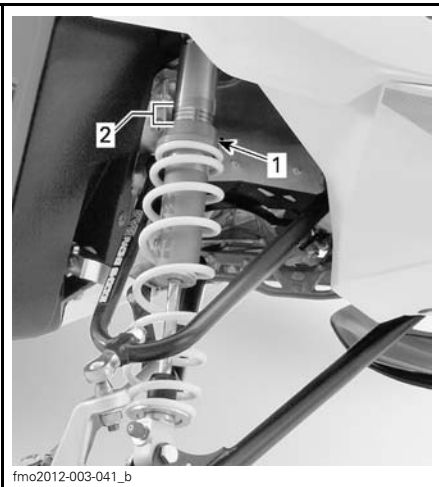
**TYPICAL- RING TYPE**

1. Spring preload adjustment ring
2. Increase preload
3. Decrease preload



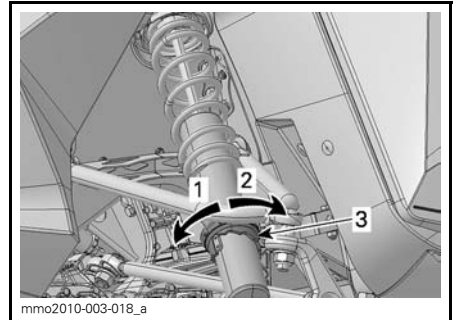
**KYB 40 PB HLCR SHOWN**

1. Adjustment ring



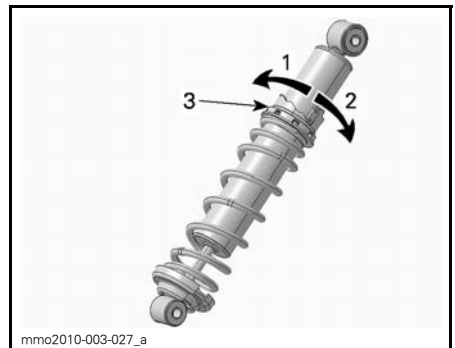
**KYB 36 R SHOWN**

1. Adjustment ring
2. Ring positions



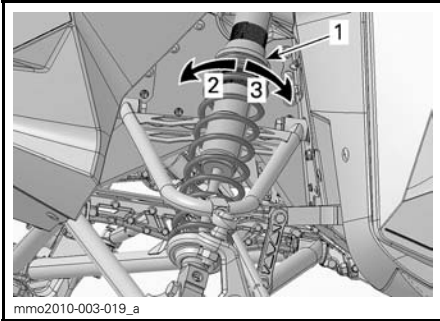
**CAM TYPE - MOTION CONTROL SHOCK ABSORBER**

1. Increase preload
2. Decrease preload
3. Spring preload adjustment cam



**CAM TYPE - HPG SHOCK ABSORBER**

1. Decrease preload
2. Increase preload
3. Spring preload adjustment cam



**TYPICAL- RING TYPE**

1. Spring preload adjustment ring
2. Increase preload
3. Decrease preload

**Front Shock Absorber**

**Front Shock Compression Damping**

**NOTE:** Both low and high speed compression damping are adjusted simultaneously.

Low speed compression damping controls how the shock absorber reacts to a low suspension velocity (slow compression strokes, in most cases when riding at lower speeds).

High speed compression damping controls how the shock absorber reacts to a high suspension velocity (quick compression strokes, in most cases when riding at higher speeds).

ACTION	RESULT
Increasing compression damping force	Firmer compression damping
Decreasing compression damping force	Softer compression damping

To adjust, turn clockwise to increase compression damping force and counterclockwise to decrease compression damping force.



1. Compression damping adjuster knob

**Shock Rebound Damping**

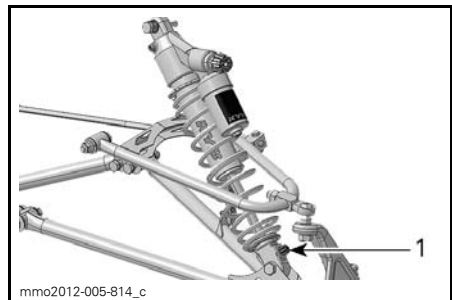
**KYB 40 PB HLCR**

Rebound damping controls how the shock absorber restrains the extension stroke.

Turn the damping adjuster accordingly. Turning it clockwise increases shock damping action (stiffer).

ACTION	RESULT
Increasing rebound damping force	Firmer rebound damping (extension stroke)
Decreasing rebound damping force	Softer rebound damping (extension stroke)

**NOTE:** In repetitive short small bumps (ripple), it is recommended to use a lower rebound damping setting.



1. Rebound adjuster (knob or slot)

## Adjustment Tips According to Vehicle Behavior

PROBLEM	CORRECTIVE MEASURES
Front suspension darting	Check ski alignment. – Reduce front suspension spring preload. – Increase center spring preload. – Reduce rear spring preload.
Steering feels too heavy at steady speeds	– Reduce front suspension spring preload. – Increase center spring preload.
Steering feels too heavy during acceleration	– Reduce rear spring preload. – Lengthen limiter strap.
Too much ski lift during cornering or acceleration	– Shorten limiter strap. – Increase rear spring preload.
Rear of snowmobile seems too stiff	– Reduce rear spring preload. – Reduce compression damping adjustment if equipped
Rear of snowmobile seems too soft	Increase rear spring preload.
Rear suspension is frequently bottoming	– Increase rear spring preload. – Increase center spring preload. – Lengthen limiter strap. – Increase compression damping adjustment if equipped
Snowmobile seems to pivot around its center	– Reduce center spring preload. – Increase rear spring preload. – Increase front suspension spring preload. – Shorten limiter strap.
Track spins too much at start	– Lengthen limiter strap.

REAR AND FRONT SUSPENSION SPRING PRELOAD FACTORY SETTINGS			
MODEL	SKI	FRONT ARM	REAR ARM
Rave 550	4 mm	4 mm / cam position #1	12 mm / cam position #4
Rave RE 600 HO E-TEC	6 mm	5 mm	14 mm
Rave RE 800 E-TEC	6 mm	5 mm	14 mm
Boondocker 3700 600 HO E-TEC	4 mm / cam position #1	4 mm / cam position #1	14 mm
Boondocker 3700 800 E-TEC	11 mm	3 mm	14 mm
Boondocker 3900 800 E-TEC	11 mm	3 mm	1 mm

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# TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDELINES (550)

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## ENGINE IS CRANKED BUT FAILS TO START

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1. One of the switch is not in position to start engine.
  - *Place emergency engine stop switch and ignition switch in the ON position and install tether cord cap on engine cut-off switch.*
2. Mixture not rich enough to start cold engine.
  - *Check fuel tank level.*
  - *Make sure to use choke properly, refer to CHOKE APPLICATION in BASIC PROCEDURES.*
3. Flooded engine (spark plug wet when removed).
  - *Do not choke. Remove wet spark plug, place engine stop switch in OFF position and crank engine several times. Install clean dry spark plugs.*
  - *Start engine following usual starting procedure. If engine continues to flood, see an authorized LYNX dealer.*
4. No fuel to the engine (spark plug dry when removed).
  - *Check fuel tank level; check condition of fuel and impulse lines and their connections. Possible fuel pump or carburetor failure, contact an authorized LYNX dealer.*
5. Spark plug/ignition (no spark).
  - *Install new spark plugs crank engine. If engine fails to start, contact an authorized LYNX dealer.*
6. Engine compression.
  - *As the engine is pulled over with the rewind starter, “cycles” of resistance should be felt as piston goes past top dead center (each piston on multi-cylinder engines).*
  - *If no pulsating resistance is felt, it suggests a major loss of compression. Contact an authorized LYNX dealer.*

## ENGINE LACKS POWER/VEHICLE DOES NOT REACH FULL SPEED

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1. Fouled or defective spark plug.
  - *See item 5 of ENGINE IS CRANKED BUT FAILS TO START.*
2. Lack of fuel to engine.
  - *See item 4 of ENGINE IS CRANKED BUT FAILS TO START.*
3. Carburetor adjustments.
  - *Contact an authorized LYNX dealer.*
4. Drive belt worn too thin.
  - *If the drive belt has lost more than 3 mm (1/8 in) of its original width, it will affect vehicle performance.*
  - *Replace drive belt.*
5. Incorrect track adjustment.
  - *See MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES and/or an authorized LYNX dealer for proper alignment and tension adjustments.*
6. Drive and driven pulleys require servicing.
  - *Contact an authorized LYNX dealer.*

**ENGINE LACKS POWER/VEHICLE DOES NOT REACH FULL SPEED (cont'd)**

---

**7. Engine overheats.**

- *Check fan belt condition and tension.*
- *Check cooling fins. Clean if necessary.*
- *If engine overheating persists, contact an authorized LYNX dealer.*

**ENGINE BACKFIRES**

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**1. Faulty spark plug (carbon accumulation).**

- *See item 5 of ENGINE IS CRANKED BUT FAILS TO START.*

**2. Engine is running too hot.**

- *See item 7 of ENGINE LACKS POWER/VEHICLE DOES NOT REACH FULL SPEED.*

**3. Incorrect ignition timing or ignition system failure.**

- *Contact an authorized LYNX dealer.*

**ENGINE MISFIRES**

---

**1. Fouled/defective/worn spark plugs.**

- *Clean/verify spark plug gap and identification number. Replace if required.*

**2. Too much oil supplied to engine.**

- *Improper oil pump adjustment, refer to an authorized LYNX dealer.*

**3. Water in fuel.**

- *Drain fuel system and refill with fresh fuel.*

**ENGINE HAS SHUT DOWN**

---

**1. The engine shuts down after long periods of idling.**

- *Do not let engine idle too long. Refer to VEHICLE WARM-UP in OPERATING INSTRUCTION.*

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# TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDELINES (600 HO E-TEC AND 800R E-TEC)

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## ELECTRIC STARTER DOES NOT WORK

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1. Emergency engine stop switch in OFF position or tether cord cap not installed on engine cut-off switch.
  - *Place the emergency engine stop switch in the ON position and install tether cord cap (on engine cut-off switch).*
2. Throttle applied while attempting an engine start.
  - *Release throttle while cranking.*

## ENGINE IS CRANKED BUT FAILS TO START

---

1. No fuel to the engine.
  - *Check fuel tank level, add fuel if necessary.*
2. System voltage too low.
  - *Contact an authorized Lynx dealer.*

## ENGINE RPM DOES NOT REACH CLUTCH ENGAGEMENT POINT

---

1. D.E.S.S. did not read D.E.S.S. key code in the tether cord cap. D.E.S.S. pilot lamp blinks (slow short beeps/repetitive).
  - *Properly install tether cord cap.*
2. D.E.S.S. has read a different code than the one programmed. D.E.S.S. pilot lamp blinks rapidly (fast short beeps/repetitive).
  - *Install a tether cord cap for which this snowmobile was programmed.*

## ENGINE LACKS POWER

---

1. Engine warm-up in progress.
  - *Drive vehicle at low speeds for a few minutes.*
2. Engine break-in period not completed.
  - *Complete break-in period.*
3. Incorrect drive pulley adjustment.
  - *Adjust drive pulley, refer to MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES.*
4. Drive and driven pulleys require servicing.
  - *Contact an authorized Lynx dealer.*
5. Engine overheats.
  - *Check coolant level, see MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES.*
  - *Check heat exchangers cleanliness. Clean if necessary.*
6. Drive belt worn too thin.
  - *If the drive belt has lost more than 3 mm (1/8 in) of its original width, it will affect vehicle performance.*
  - *Replace drive belt.*
7. Incorrect track adjustment.
  - *See MAINTENANCE and/or an authorized Lynx dealer for proper alignment and tension adjustments.*

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**ENGINE LACKS POWER (cont'd)**

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8. **R.A.V.E. valves problem.**
  - *Contact an authorized Lynx dealer.*
9. **Fuel pressure too low.**
  - *Contact an authorized Lynx dealer.*

---

**ENGINE BACKFIRES**

---

1. **Engine is running too hot.**
  - *See item 5 of ENGINE LACKS POWER.*
2. **Ignition timing is incorrect or there is an ignition system failure.**
  - *Contact an authorized Lynx dealer.*
3. **Exhaust system leak.**
  - *Contact an authorized Lynx dealer.*
4. **Fuel pressure too low.**
  - *Contact an authorized Lynx dealer.*

---

**ENGINE MISFIRES**

---

1. **Water in fuel.**
  - *Drain fuel system and refill with fresh fuel.*
2. **RAVE valves malfunction.**
  - *Have RAVE valves system inspected by an authorized Lynx dealer.*

---

**HEATED GRIPS/THUMB WARMERS ARE NOT WORKING**

---

1. **Engine RPM is too low.**
  - *Make sure engine RPM is above 2000.*

---

**ENGINE HAS SHUT DOWN**

---

1. **The engine shuts down after long periods of idling.**
  - *Do not let engine idle too long. Refer to VEHICLE WARM-UP in OPERATING INSTRUCTION.*



# SPECIFICATIONS

**NOTE:** Because of its ongoing commitment to product quality and innovation, BRP reserves the right, at any time, to make changes in design and specifications and/or to make additions to, or improvements in its products without imposing any obligation upon itself to install them on its products previously manufactured.

MODEL		RAVE	XTRIM
		550	550
<b>ENGINE SYSTEM</b>			
Engine type		Rotax 550SK, axial fan cooled w/cylinder reed porting	
Cylinders		2	
Displacement (cc)		553,4	
Bore (mm)		76	
Stroke (mm)		61	
Maximum engine speed		6800 RPM	
Carburetion		2 x VM30 Choke	
Exhaust system		Single tuned pipe, baffle muffler	
Fan belt part number		420 980 517	
<b>DRIVE SYSTEM</b>			
Drive pulley type		eDrive	
Driven pulley type		QRS	
Drive belt part number		414 860 700	
Engagement (RPM)		3900	3000
Small sprocket number of teeth		21 steel	19 steel
Large sprocket number of teeth		45	
Drive sprocket number of teeth		8	
Brake system		Hydraulic, R-EX T type brake lever	
Track nominal width (mm)		380	406
Track nominal length (mm)		3052	3705
Track profile height		25,4	39
Track adjustment	Deflection (mm)	20 mm - 25 mm (.787 in - .984 in)	35 mm - 45 mm (1.378 in - 1.772 in)
	Force (kg)	0	
Track adjustment	Deflection (mm)	30 mm - 35 mm (1.181 in - 1.378 in)	50 mm - 60 mm (1.969 in - 2.362 in)
	Force <sup>(1)</sup> (kg)	7,3	
Track alignment		Equal distance between edges of track guides and slider shoes	

**SPECIFICATIONS**

<b>MODEL</b>		<b>RAVE</b>	<b>XTRIM</b>
		<b>550</b>	<b>550</b>
<b>SUSPENSION</b>			
Front suspension		A- LFS	
Front shock		HPG 36	HPG 36
Front suspension max. travel (mm)		242	
Rear suspension		PPS-3000	PPS-3700
Front arm shock		HPG 36	HPG 36
Rear arm shock		HPG 36	HPG 36
Rear suspension max. travel (mm)		390	
<b>ELECTRICAL</b>			
Lightning system output		340 Watts @ 6000 RPM	
Headlamp bulb HI/LOW beam		2 x 60/55 Watts (H4)	
Taillight bulb		21/5W	
Spark plug		Type	NGK BR9ES
		Gap	0,45 ± 0,05mm
Fuse		Refer to FUSE section	
<b>DIMENSIONS</b>			
Vehicle overall length (mm)		2900	3230
Vehicle overall width (mm)		1225	1120-1162
Vehicle overall height (mm)		1130	1210
Mass (Dry) (kg)		205	223
Ski stance (mm)		1080	975 (+42 adj.)
<b>LIQUIDS</b>			
Recommended fuel type		Regular unleaded	
Minimum octane RON		95E E10	
Recommended oil (engine) <sup>(3)</sup>		XP-S 2 stroke mineral injection oil	
Brake system fluid		DOT 4	
Oil type (chaincase/transmission)		XP-S synthetic chaincase oil	

MODEL	RAVE	XTRIM
	550	550
CAPACITIES		
Fuel tank (L)	39	
Oil tank (L)	3,7	
<p>(1) Measure gap between slider shoe and bottom inside track when exerting a downward pull to the track.</p> <p>(2) Drive belt height must be adjusted every time a new drive belt is installed. Confirm drive belt part number application with an authorized Lynx dealer.</p> <p>(3) Note: Although XP-S mineral 2-stroke injection oil or XP-S semi-synthetic 2-stroke injection oil is recommended as a minimum level oil for your vehicle, XP-S Synthetic 2-stroke injection oil is recommended to offer even better protection for your vehicle in extreme conditions.</p>		

**SPECIFICATIONS**

<b>MODEL</b>		<b>RAVE RE 600 HO E-TEC</b>	<b>XTRIM SC 600 HO E-TEC</b>
<b>ENGINE SYSTEM</b>			
Engine type		Rotax 600 HO E-TEC, liquid cooled w/Reed valve,3-D RAVE	
Cylinders		2	
Displacement	cc (in <sup>3</sup> )	594.4	
Bore	mm (in)	72	
Stroke	mm (in)	73	
Maximum engine speed		8100 RPM	
Carburetion		Direct injection E-TEC	
Exhaust system		Single tuned pipe, baffle muffler	
<b>DRIVE SYSTEM</b>			
Drive pulley type		TRA III	
Driven pulley type		QRS	
Engagement		3400 RPM	
Drive belt part number		417 300 383 <sup>(3)</sup>	
Small sprocket number of teeth		23	
Large sprocket number of teeth		45	
Drive sprocket number of teeth		8	
Brake system		Hydraulic, RE-X brake type	
Track nominal width	(mm)	380	406

MODEL		RAVE RE 600 HO E-TEC	XTRIM SC 600 HO E-TEC
<b>DRIVE SYSTEM (Cont'd)</b>			
Track nominal length (mm)		3269	3705
Track nominal height (mm)		38	39
Track tension	Deflection (mm)	25 mm - 35 mm (.984 in - 1.378 in)	35 mm - 45 mm (1.378 in - 1.772 in)
	Force (kg)	0	
Track tension	Deflection (mm)	40 mm - 50 mm (1.575 in - 1.969 in)	50 mm - 60 mm (1.969 in - 2.362 in)
	Force <sup>(1)</sup> (kg)	7.3	
Track alignment		Equal distance between edges of track guides and slider shoes	
<b>SUSPENSION</b>			
Front suspension		A-LFS	
Front shock		KYB 40 PB HLCR	KYB 36 R
Front suspension max. travel		242 mm	
Rear suspension		PPS-3300	PPS3700
Front arm shock		KYB 46 PB HLCR	KYB 36
Rear arm shock		KYB 46 PB HLCR	KYB 46
Rear suspension max. travel		390 mm	

**SPECIFICATIONS**

<b>MODEL</b>		<b>RAVE RE 600 HO E-TEC</b>	<b>XTRIM SC 600 HO E-TEC</b>
<b>ELECTRICAL</b>			
Lightning system output		12V/55V/1200W	
Headlamp bulb HI/LOW beam		2 x 60/55 Watts (H-4)	
Taillight bulb		Led	
Spark plug	Type	NGK PZFR6F <sup>(2)</sup>	
	Gap	Not adjustable (0.8 +0/-0.1mm)	
	Torque	Refer to SPARK PLUG INSTALLATION for proper intallation procedure	
Fuse		Refer to <i>FUSE</i> section	
<b>DIMENSIONSää</b>			
Vehicle overall length	(mm)	3000	3230
Vehicle overall width	(mm)	1250	1182-1225
Vehicle overall height	(mm)	1130	1210
Official dry weight	(kg)	225 kg	230
Ski stance	(mm)	1080	1080 (-42 adj)

MODEL		RAVE RE 600 HO E-TEC	XTRIM SC 600 HO E-TEC
<b>LIQUIDS</b>			
Recommended fuel type		Regular unleaded	
Recommended fuel octane level		95 E (RON) E10	
Recommended oil (engine)		Refer to <i>RECOMMENDED OIL</i> section	
Brake system fluid		DOT 4	
Oil type (chaincase)		XP-S synthetic chaincase oil	
Coolant	Mixture	Ethyl glycol/water mix (50% coolant, 50% distilled water). Use coolant specifically designed for aluminum engines	
	Premix	(P/N 219 700 362) 12 x 1 L	
<b>CAPACITIES</b>			
Fuel tank	L	39	
Oil tank	L	3.7	
<p>(1) Measure gap between slider shoe and bottom inside track when exerting a downward pull to the track.</p> <p>(2) <b>CAUTION: Do not attempt to adjust gap on this plug.</b></p> <p>(3) Drive belt height must be adjusted every time a new drive belt is installed. Confirm drive belt part number application with an authorized LYNX dealer.</p>			

**SPECIFICATIONS**

<b>MODEL</b>		<b>BOONDOCKER 3700 600 HO ETEC</b>
<b>ENGINE SYSTEM</b>		
Engine type	Rotax 600 HO E-TEC, liquid cooled w/Reed valve,3-D RAVE	
Cylinders	2	
Displacement	cc (in <sup>3</sup> )	594.4
Bore	mm (in)	72
Stroke	mm (in)	73
Maximum engine speed	8100 RPM	
Carburetion	Direct injection E-TEC	
Exhaust system	Single tuned pipe, baffle muffler	
<b>DRIVE SYSTEM</b>		
Drive pulley type	TRA III	
Driven pulley type	QRS	
Engagement	3400 RPM	
Drive belt part number	417 300 383 <sup>(3)</sup>	
Small sprocket number of teeth	19	
Large sprocket number of teeth	49	
Drive sprocket number of teeth	8	
Brake system	Hydraulic, RE-X brake type	
Track nominal width	(mm)	406
Track nominal length	(mm)	3705
Track nominal height	(mm)	59
Track tension	Deflection (mm)	35 mm - 45 mm (1.378 in - 1.772 in)
	Force (kg)	0 kg
Track tension	Deflection (mm)	50 mm - 60 mm (1.969 in - 2.362 in)
	Force <sup>(1)</sup> (kg)	7.3
Track alignment	Equal distance between edges of track guides and slider shoes	



MODEL		BOONDOCKER 3700 600 HO ETEC
<b>SUSPENSION</b>		
Front suspension		A-LFS
Front shock		HPG 36
Front suspension max. travel	(mm)	242
Rear suspension		PPS 3700
Front arm shock		HPG 36
Rear arm shock		HPG 36
Rear suspension max. travel	(mm)	390
<b>ELECTRICAL</b>		
Lightning system output		12V/55V/1200W
Headlamp bulb HI/LOW beam		2 x 60/55 Watts (H-4)
Taillight bulb		Led
Spark plug	Type	NGK PZFR6F <sup>(2)</sup>
	Gap	Not adjustable (0.8 +0/-0.1 mm)
	Torque	Refer to SPARK PLUG INSTALLATION for proper intallation procedure

**SPECIFICATIONS**

<b>MODEL</b>		<b>BOONDOCKER 3700 600 HO ETEC</b>
<b>DIMENSIONS</b>		
Fuse		Refer to <i>FUSE</i> section
Vehicle overall length	(mm)	3230
Vehicle overall width	(mm)	1070-1112
Vehicle overall height (incl. windshield)	(mm)	1200
Official dry weight	(kg)	222
Ski stance	(mm)	895 , adj (+42)
<b>LIQUIDS</b>		
Recommended fuel type		Regular unleaded
Recommended fuel octane level		95 E (RON) E10
Recommended oil (engine)		Refer to <i>RECOMMENDED OIL</i> section
Brake system fluid		DOT 4
Oil type (chaincase)		XP-S synthetic chaincase oil
Coolant	Mixture	Ethyl glycol/water mix (50% coolant, 50% distilled water). Use coolant specifically designed for aluminum engines
	Premix	(P/N 219 700 362) 12 x 1 L
<b>CAPACITIES</b>		
Fuel tank	L	39
Oil tank	L	3.7
<p>(1) Measure gap between slider shoe and bottom inside track when exerting a downward pull to the track.</p> <p>(2) <b>CAUTION: Do not attempt to adjust gap on this plug.</b></p> <p>(3) Drive belt height must be adjusted every time a new drive belt is installed. Confirm drive belt part number application with an authorized LYNX dealer.</p>		

MODEL		RAVE RE 800R E-TEC
Engine System		
Engine type		Rotax 800R E-TEC
Cylinders		2
Displacement (cc)		799,5
Bore (mm)		82
Stroke (mm)		76
Maximum engine speed		7900 RPM
Carburetion		Direct injection E-TEC
Exhaust system		Single tuned pipe, baffle muffler
Drive System		
Drive pulley type		TRA 7
Driven pulley type		QRS
Drive belt part number		417300391 <sup>(3)</sup>
Engagement (RPM)		3800
Small sprocket number of teeth		23
Large sprocket number of teeth		45
Drive sprocket number of teeth		8
Brake system		Hydraulic, R-EX T brake type
Track nominal width (mm)		406
Track nominal length (mm)		3269
Track profile height		44
Track adjustment	Deflection (mm)	25 mm - 35 mm (.984 in - 1.378 in)
	Force (kg)	0
Track adjustment	Deflection (mm)	40 mm - 50 mm (1.575 in - 1.969 in)
	Force <sup>(1)</sup> (kg)	7,3
Track alignment		Equal distance between edges of track guides and slider shoes

**SPECIFICATIONS**

<b>MODEL</b>		<b>RAVE RE 800R E-TEC</b>
Suspension		
Front suspension		A- LFS
Front shock		KYB 40 PB HLCR
Front suspension max. travel	(mm)	242
Rear suspension		PPS-3300
Front arm shock		KYB 46 PB HLCR
Rear arm shock		KYB 46 PB HLCR
Rear suspension max. travel	(mm)	390
Electrical		
Lightning system output		12V / 55V / 1200 W
Headlamp bulb HI/LOW beam		2 x 60/55 Watts (H-4)
Taillight bulb		Led
Spark plug	Type	NGK PFR7AB <sup>(2)</sup>
	Gap	Not adjustable (0.80 ± 0.05 mm)
Fuse		Refer to FUSE section
Dimensions		
Vehicle overall length	(mm)	3000
Vehicle overall width	(mm)	1250
Vehicle overall height	(mm)	1130
Mass	(kg)	228
Ski stance	(mm)	1080
Liquids		
Recommended fuel type		Premium unleaded
Minimum octane	RON	95E E10
Recommended oil (engine) <sup>(3)</sup>		Refer to <i>RECOMMENDED OIL</i> section
Brake system fluid		DOT 4
Oil type (chaincase / transmission)		XP-S synthetic chaincase oil

MODEL	RAVE RE 800R E-TEC
Capacities	
Fuel tank (L)	39
Oil tank (L)	3,7
<p>(1) Measure gap between slider shoe and bottom inside track when exerting a downward pull to the track.</p> <p>(2) <b>CAUTION: Do not attempt to adjust gap on this plug.</b></p> <p>(3) Drive belt height must be adjusted every time a new drive belt is installed. Confirm drive belt part number application with an authorized LYNX dealer.</p>	

**SPECIFICATIONS**

<b>MODEL</b>		<b>BOONDOCKER 3700</b>	<b>BOONDOCKER 3900</b>
<b>Engine System</b>			
Engine type		Rotax 800R E-TEC	
Cylinders		2	
Displacement (cc)		799,5	
Bore (mm)		82	
Stroke (mm)		76	
Maximum engine speed		7900 RPM	
Carburetion		Direct injection E-TEC	
Exhaust system		Single tuned pipe, baffle muffler	
<b>Drive System</b>			
Drive pulley type		TRA 7	
Driven pulley type		QRS	
Drive belt part number		417300391 <sup>(3)</sup>	
Engagement (RPM)		3800	
Small sprocket number of teeth		21	19
Large sprocket number of teeth		49	49
Drive sprocket number of teeth		8	
Brake system		Hydraulic, R-EX T brake type	
Track nominal width (mm)		406	
Track nominal length (mm)		3705	3923
Track profile height		59	64
Track adjustment	Deflection (mm)	35 mm - 45 mm (1.378 in - 1.772 in)	50 mm - 60 mm (1.969 in - 2.362 in)
	Force (kg)	0	
Track adjustment	Deflection (mm)	50 mm - 60 mm (1.969 in - 2.362 in)	75 mm - 85 mm (2.953 in - 3.346 in)
	Force <sup>(1)</sup> (kg)	7,3	
Track alignment		Equal distance between edges of track guides and slider shoes	

MODEL		BOONDOCKER 3700	BOONDOCKER 3900
Suspension			
Front suspension		A- LFS	
Front shock		KYB 40 PB HLCR	KYB 36 R
Front suspension max. travel (mm)		242	
Rear suspension		PPS 3700	PPS 3900 DS
Front arm shock		KYB 36	
Rear arm shock		KYB 46 PB HLCR	KYB 46
Rear suspension max. travel (mm)		390	
Electrical			
Lightning system output		12V / 55V / 1200 W	
Headlamp bulb HI/LOW beam		2 x 60/55 Watts (H-4)	
Taillight bulb		Led	
Spark plug	Type	NGK PFR7AB <sup>(2)</sup>	
	Gap	Not adjustable (0.80 ± 0.05 mm)	
Fuse		Refer to FUSE section	
Dimensions			
Vehicle overall length (mm)		3230	3295
Vehicle overall width (mm)		1120-1162	
Vehicle overall height (mm)		1200	
Mass (kg)		236	240
Ski stance (mm)		975, adj (+42)	
Liquids			
Recommended fuel type		Premium unleaded	
Minimum octane RON		95E E10	
Recommended oil (engine) <sup>(3)</sup>		Refer to <i>RECOMMENDED OIL</i> section	
Brake system fluid		DOT 4	
Oil type (chaincase / transmission)		XP-S synthetic chaincase oil	

**SPECIFICATIONS**

<b>MODEL</b>	<b>BOONDOCKER 3700</b>	<b>BOONDOCKER 3900</b>
Capacities		
Fuel tank (L)	39	
Oil tank (L)	3,7	
<p>(1) Measure gap between slider shoe and bottom inside track when exerting a downward pull to the track.</p> <p>(2) <b>CAUTION: Do not attempt to adjust gap on this plug.</b></p> <p>(3) Drive belt height must be adjusted every time a new drive belt is installed. Confirm drive belt part number application with an authorized LYNX dealer.</p>		



MODEL		49 RANGER 600 HO ETEC
<b>ENGINE SYSTEM</b>		
Engine type	Rotax 600 HO E-TEC, liquid cooled w/Reed valve,3-D RAVE	
Cylinders	2	
Displacement	cc (in <sup>3</sup> )	594.4
Bore	mm (in)	72
Stroke	mm (in)	73
Maximum engine speed	8100 RPM	
Carburetion	Direct injection E-TEC	
Exhaust system	Single tuned pipe, baffle muffler	
<b>DRIVE SYSTEM</b>		
Drive pulley type	TRA III	
Driven pulley type	QRS	
Engagement	3400 RPM	
Drive belt part number	417 300 383 <sup>(3)</sup>	
Small sprocket number of teeth	21	
Large sprocket number of teeth	49	
Drive sprocket number of teeth	7	
Brake system	Hydraulic, RE-X brake type	
Track nominal width	(mm)	406
Track nominal length	(mm)	3923
Track nominal height	(mm)	51
Track tension	Deflection (mm)	50 mm - 60 mm (1.969 in - 2.362 in)
	Force (kg)	0
Track tension	Deflection (mm)	75 mm - 85 mm (2.953 in - 3.346 in)
	Force <sup>(1)</sup> (kg)	7.3 kg
Track alignment	Equal distance between edges of track guides and slider shoes	

**SPECIFICATIONS**

<b>MODEL</b>		<b>49 RANGER 600 HO ETEC</b>
<b>SUSPENSION</b>		
Front suspension		A-LFS
Front shock		HPG 36
Front suspension max. travel	(mm)	190 mm
Rear suspension		PPS 3900
Front arm shock		HPG 36
Rear arm shock		HPG 36
Rear suspension max. travel	(mm)	3400
<b>ELECTRICAL</b>		
Lightning system output		12V/55V/1200W
Headlamp bulb HI/LOW beam		2 x 60/55 Watts (H-4)
Taillight bulb		Led
Spark plug	Type	NGK PZFR6F <sup>(2)</sup>
	Gap	Not adjustable (0.8 +0/-0.1mm)
	Torque	Refer to SPARK PLUG INSTALLATION for proper intallation procedure

MODEL		49 RANGER 600 HO ETEC
<b>DIMENSIONS</b>		
Fuse		Refer to <i>FUSE</i> section
Vehicle overall length	(mm)	3230
Vehicle overall width	(mm)	1070-1112
Vehicle overall height (incl. windshield)	(mm)	1455
Official dry weight	(kg)	252 kg
Ski stance	(mm)	895 , adj (+42)
<b>LIQUIDS</b>		
Recommended fuel type		Regular unleaded
Recommended fuel octane level		95 E (RON) E10
Recommended oil (engine)		Refer to <i>RECOMMENDED OIL</i> section
Brake system fluid		DOT 4
Oil type (chaincase)		XP-S synthetic chaincase oil
Coolant	Mixture	Ethyl glycol/water mix (50% coolant, 50% distilled water). Use coolant specifically designed for aluminum engines
	Premix	(P/N 219 700 362) 12 x 1 L
<b>CAPACITIES</b>		
Fuel tank	L	39
Oil tank	L	3.7
<p>(1) Measure gap between slider shoe and bottom inside track when exerting a downward pull to the track.</p> <p>(2) <b>CAUTION: Do not attempt to adjust gap on this plug.</b></p> <p>(3) Drive belt height must be adjusted every time a new drive belt is installed. Confirm drive belt part number application with an authorized LYNX dealer.</p>		

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# ***MAINTENANCE INFORMATION***

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## PERIODIC MAINTENANCE CHART

### **WARNING**

It is recommended that the assistance of an authorized LYNX dealer be periodically obtained on other components/systems not covered in this guide. Unless otherwise specified, engine must be cold and not running. Remove the tether cord cap (DESS key) before performing any maintenance or adjustment, unless otherwise specified. Vehicle must be parked in a safe place, away from the trail.

### **WARNING**

Observe WARNINGS and CAUTIONS mentioned throughout this guide which are relevant to the item being checked. When component conditions seem less than satisfactory, replace with genuine BRP parts or approved equivalents.

Some items may not apply to your particular model. Contact an authorized Lynx dealer for more details.

# BREAK-IN INSPECTION

After the first 10 hours or 500 km (300 mi) of operation, whichever comes first, your vehicle have to be inspected by an authorized Lynx dealer. The break-in inspection is very important and must not be neglected.

**NOTE:** The break-in inspection is at the expense of the vehicle owner.

BREAK-IN INSPECTION (2-STROKE)
Inspect engine motor mounts
Inspect exhaust system and check for leaks
Tighten exhaust manifold screws to specified torque
Check coolant level
Inspect fuel lines and connections
Inspect throttle cable
Inspect oil injection pump adjustment (All except E-TEC)
Inspect drive belt
Visually inspect drive pulley
Tighten drive pulley retaining screw to specified torque
Inspect driven pulley
Adjust and align track
Change chaincase / gearbox oil
Adjust drive chain (Not for models equipped with gearbox)
Check brake fluid level
Inspect brake hose, pads and disk
Inspect steering mechanism
Inspect skis and runners
Tighten frame pyramid rod screws to specified torque
Inspect front suspension
Inspect rear suspension (including stopper strap) and slider shoes
Lubricate front and rear suspension
Adjust oil injection pump (550 model)
Inspect spark plugs (550 model)

# MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE (2-STROKE)

NOTE: The maintenance schedule does not exempt the pre-ride inspection.

EVERY 1 500 KM
Models with chaincase: Adjust drive chain
Check chaincase oil level
Models with gearbox: Check oil level

EVERY 3 000 KM OR 1 YEAR (WHICHEVER COMES FIRST)
Inspect heat shields
Inspect engine rubber mounts
Inspect exhaust system and check for leaks
Inspect cooling system cap, hoses and clamps and check for leaks
Replace spark plugs (All except of E-TEC)
Adjust engine stopper
Visually inspect and clean drive pulley
Tighten drive pulley retaining screw to specified torque
Clean driven pulley
Adjust and align track
Inspect brake hose, pads and disk
Inspect steering mechanism
Inspect front suspension
Inspect rear suspension and stopper strap. PPS Suspension: Replace stopper strap.
Lubricate front and rear suspension whenever the vehicle is used in wet conditions (wet snow, rain, puddles)
Lubricate QRS axle gearbox end. (XU models)
All models with T/A shocks, oil change / service.



**EVERY 6 000 KM OR 2 YEARS  
(WHICHEVER COMES FIRST)**

Inspect fuel pump strainer and replace if necessary

Replace brake fluid

Inspect throttle cable

Clean and lubricate rewind starter

Replace the following drive pulley wear parts: slider shoes, O-rings and sliding sheave bushing (800R E-TEC)

**EVERY 10 000 KM OR 3 YEARS  
(WHICHEVER COMES FIRST)**

Replace oil filter (550 only)

E-TEC: Inspect oil pump strainer and clean if needed

E-TEC: Replace spark plugs must be replaced by an authorized Lynx dealer)

Replace the following drive pulley wear parts: spring cover bushing and ramps (800R E-TEC)

**EVERY 5 YEARS**

Replace in-line fuel filter

Replace engine coolant

# PRESEASON PREPARATION

PRESEASON PREPARATION (2-STROKE)
Inspect engine rubber mounts
Check exhaust system condition and check for leaks
Tighten exhaust manifold screws or nuts to specified torque
Inspect spark plugs (All except E-TEC)
Replace spark plugs after starting the engine with the old spark plugs to burn the excess of storage oil (550 model)
Inspect cooling system cap, hoses and clamps and check for leaks
Check coolant density
Inspect crankshaft PTO seal
Inspect fuel lines and connections
Clean and inspect throttle body
Inspect throttle cable
Inspect drive belt (adjust at every drive belt replacement)
Clean and visually inspect drive pulley
Clean and inspect driven pulley
Inspect, adjust and align track
Adjust drive chain (Not for models equipped with gearbox)
Change chaincase / gearbox oil
Check brake fluid level
Inspect brake hose, pads and disk
Inspect steering mechanism
Inspect skis and runners
Inspect front suspension
Inspect rear suspension (including stopper straps and slider shoes)
Charge battery (if so equipped)
Adjust headlight beam aiming
Clean, inspect and adjust carburetors (550 model)
Adjust oil injection pump (550 model)
Inspect engine fan belt (550 model)

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# STORAGE

During summer, or when a snowmobile is not in use for more than three months, proper storage is a necessity.

STORAGE
Clean the vehicle
Add fuel stabilizer to fuel following the product manufacturer recommendations Run the engine after adding the product to the fuel
2-Stroke models: Lubricate engine. See owners manual for instruction.
Lubricate brake lever pivot
Inspect and lubricate rear suspension
Charge battery monthly to keep it fully charge during storage
Block muffler with rags
Lift rear of vehicle until track is clear of the ground. Do not release track tension
Lubricate front and rear suspension

# ENGINE SYSTEM

## Air Intake Silencer Prefilter Verification

Ensure that air intake silencer prefilter is properly installed and in good condition, replace if damaged.



## Air Filter with Dual Air Intake (E-TEC 800R engines only)

### Air Filter Verification

There are two air intake pre-filters, one on each side of the console.

Ensure the air intake prefilters are properly installed, clean and in good condition.



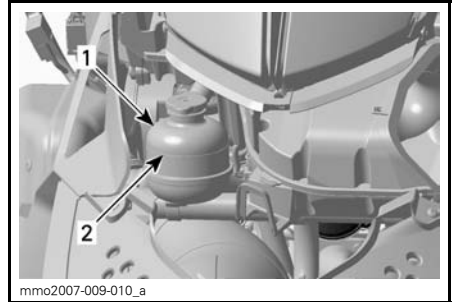
1. RH Air filter

## Cooling System

Check coolant level at room temperature. Liquid should be at cold level line (engine cold) of coolant tank.

**NOTE:** When checking level at low temperature it may be slightly lower than the mark.

If additional a large amount of coolant has to be added or if entire system has to be refilled, refer to an authorized LYNX dealer.



### TYPICAL

1. Coolant tank
2. COLD LEVEL line

## Exhaust System

The tail pipe of the muffler should be centered with the exit hole in the bottom pan. Exhaust system must be free of rust or leaks. Make sure that gear clamps are properly tightened.

The exhaust system is designed to reduce noise and to improve the total performance of the engine. Modification may be in violation of local laws.

**⚠ CAUTION** If any exhaust system component is removed, modified or damaged, severe engine damage may result.

# DRIVE SYSTEM

## Belt Guard Removal and Installation

### **⚠ WARNING**

NEVER operate engine:

- without shields and belt guard securely installed
- with hood and/or side panels opened or removed.

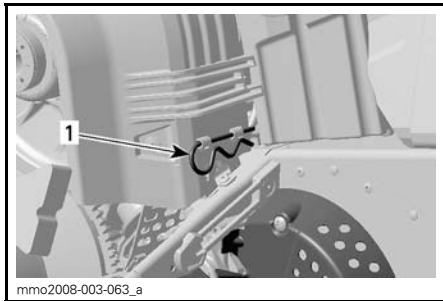
NEVER attempt to make adjustments to moving parts while engine is running.

**NOTE:** Belt guard is purposely made slightly oversize to maintain tension on its pins and retainers preventing undue noise and vibration. It is important that this tension be maintained when re-installing.

Remove the tether cord cap (DESS key).

Open engine compartment LH side panel.

Remove retaining pin.

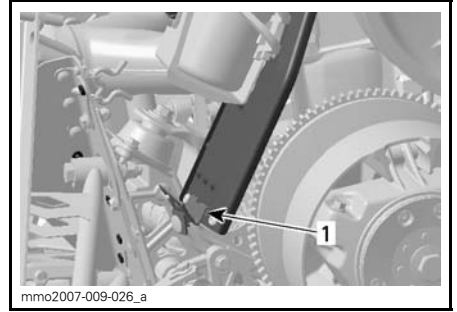


1. Retaining pin

Lift rear portion of guard then release from front tabs.

When reinstalling belt guard, position its cutaway toward front of snowmobile.

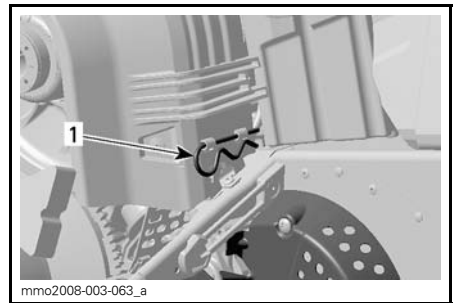
Place belt guard slots over tabs first, then snap the other end in rear retainer.



TYPICAL

1. Slots

Secure belt guard using retaining pin.



1. Retaining pin

## Brake Fluid

Use only DOT 4 brake fluid from a sealed container. An opened container may be contaminated or may have absorbed moisture from the air.

### **⚠ WARNING**

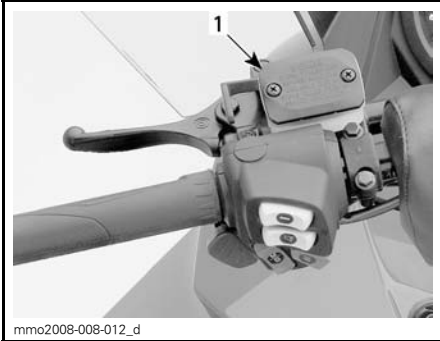
Use only DOT 4 brake fluid from a sealed container. To avoid serious damage to the braking system, do not use fluids other than the recommended one, nor mix different fluids for topping up.

**NOTICE** Brake fluid can damage painted and plastic parts. Handle with care. Rinse thoroughly in case of spillage.

## Brake Fluid Level Verification

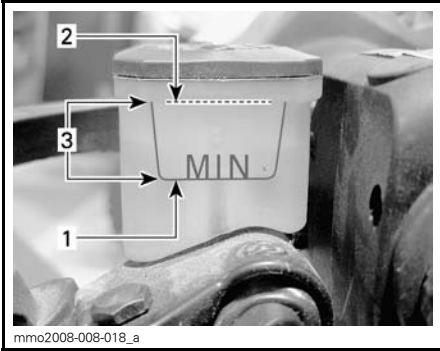
**NOTICE** Vehicle must be on a level surface before checking any fluid levels.

Check brake fluid (DOT 4) in reservoir for proper level. Add fluid (DOT 4) as required.



TYPICAL

1. Brake fluid reservoir



1. Minimum
2. Maximum
3. Operating range

**CAUTION** Avoid getting brake fluid on skin or eyes - it may cause severe burns. In case of contact skin, wash thoroughly. In case of contact with the eyes, immediately rinse with plenty of water for at least 10 minutes and then consult a doctor immediately.

## Brake Condition

### ⚠ WARNING

The brake mechanism on your snowmobile is an essential safety device. Keep this mechanism in proper working condition. Above all, do not operate the snowmobile without an effective brake system. Periodically verify the condition/wear of the brake pads.

## Brake Adjustment

No adjustment is provided for hydraulic brake. See an authorized LYNX dealer if any problems.

## Chaincase Oil

### Recommended Chaincase Oil

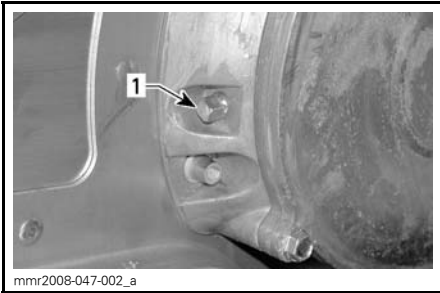
#### RECOMMENDED CHAINCASE OIL

XPS SYNTHETIC CHAINCASE  
OIL (P/N 413 803 300)

**NOTICE** The chaincase of this snowmobile has been developed and validated using the XPS™ Synthetic chaincase oil. BRP strongly recommends the use of its XPS Synthetic chaincase oil at all times. Damages caused by oil which is not suitable for the chaincase will not be covered by the BRP limited warranty.

## Chaincase Oil Level Verification

With the vehicle on a level surface, check the oil level by removing the magnetic check plug on the left side of chaincase. Oil level must be equal with the lower edge.



1. Magnetic check plug

**NOTE:** It is normal to find metallic particles stuck to magnetic check plug. If bigger pieces of metal are found, remove the chaincase cover and inspect the chaincase parts.

### Chaincase Filling Procedure

Remove the magnetic check plug.

Remove the filler cap on the chaincase cover.



1. Filler cap

Pour recommended oil in chaincase by the filler hole until oil comes out by the check plug hole.

Reinstall check plug and torque to specification.

CHECK PLUG TORQUE
6 N•m ± 1 N•m (53 lbf•in ± 9 lbf•in)

Reinstall the filler cap.

## Drive Chain Tension

Contact an authorized LYNX dealer.

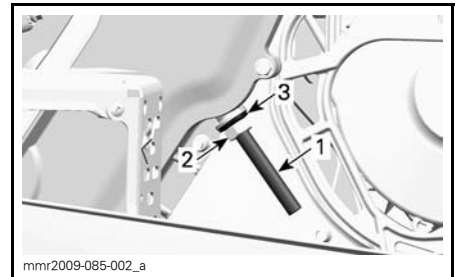
## Drive Chain

### Access to Chaincase

Open RH side panel, refer to *CONTROLS, INSTRUMENTS AND EQUIPMENT*.

### Drive Chain Adjustment

1. Remove muffler, refer to *EXHAUST SYSTEM* in this subsection.
2. Unscrew tensioner lock nut several turns.



1. Tensioner adjustment screw
2. Lock nut
3. Seal washer

3. Unscrew tensioner adjustment screw a few turns.
4. Pull seal washer back.
5. Clean adjustment screw threads if necessary.

**NOTICE** Adjustment screw threads must be clean to obtain an accurate adjustment.

6. Tighten tensioner adjustment screw by hand.

**NOTE:** Turn adjustment screw until resistance is strong enough that it can not be turned by hand.

7. Hold tensioner adjustment screw and tighten lock nut to specification.

**CHECK LOCK NUT TORQUE**

36 N•m ± 3 N•m (27 lbf•ft ± 2 lbf•ft)

8. Install muffler.

**Drive Belt Inspection**

Inspect belt for cracks, fraying or abnormal wear (uneven wear, wear on one side, missing cogs, cracked fabric). If abnormal wear is noted, probable cause could be pulley misalignment, excessive RPM with frozen track, fast starts without warm-up period, burred or rusty sheave, oil on belt or distorted spare belt. Contact an authorized LYNX dealer.

**Drive Belt Replacement***Drive Belt Removal*

1. Remove DESS key from post.
2. Open LH side panel, refer to *BODY*.
3. Remove belt guard, refer to *BELT GUARD REMOVAL*.
4. Insert the driven pulley expander provided in the tool kit in the threaded hole on the adjuster hub as shown.



**PULLEY EXPANDER INSTALLED ON ADJUSTER HUB**

5. Open the driven pulley by screwing the tool in.

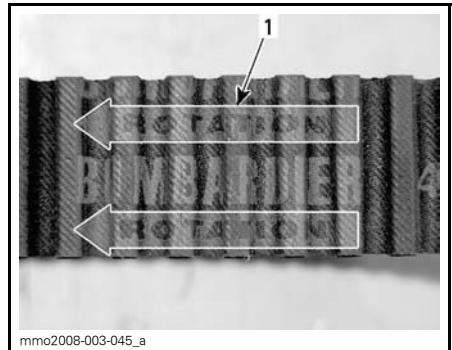
6. Remove the belt by slipping it over the top of the driven pulley, then over the drive pulley.

**Drive Belt Installation**

1. If necessary, open the driven pulley, refer to *DRIVE BELT REMOVAL* above.
2. Slip the belt over the drive pulley, then over the driven pulley.

**NOTICE** Do not force or use tools to pry the belt into place, as this could cut or break the cords in the belt.

**NOTE:** The maximum drive belt life span is obtained when belt is installed with arrows in the direction of rotation.



1. To be pointed in the direction of rotation
3. Unscrew and remove the driven pulley expander from the pulley.
4. Rotate the driven pulley several times to properly set the belt between the sheaves.
5. If a new belt was installed, adjust the belt height. Refer to *DRIVE BELT HEIGHT ADJUSTMENT* below.
6. Install belt guard, refer to *DRIVE BELT GUARD INSTALLATION*
7. Close side panel, refer to *BODY*

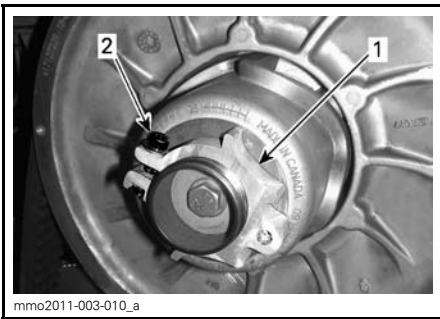


## Drive Belt Height Adjustment

The drive belt height must be checked every time a new belt is installed.

To adjust the drive belt height, proceed as follows:

1. Remove D.E.S.S. key from post.
2. Open LH side panel, refer to *BODY*.
3. Remove belt guard, refer to *DRIVE BELT GUARD REMOVAL*
4. Loosen the clamping bolt.



### ALUMINUM ADJUSTER HUB

1. Adjuster hub
2. Clamping bolt

5. Using the suspension adjustment tool provided in the tool kit, turn the ring 1/4 turn at a time then rotate the driven pulley to properly set the belt between the pulley sheaves.



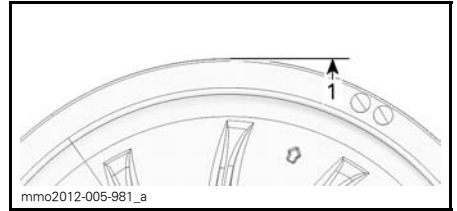
### ALUMINUM ADJUSTER HUB

1. Suspension adjustment tool

**NOTE:** The adjustment ring has left hand threads

### Belt without External Cogs / 550 Models

Repeat step 5 until the drive belt is flush with driven pulley edge.

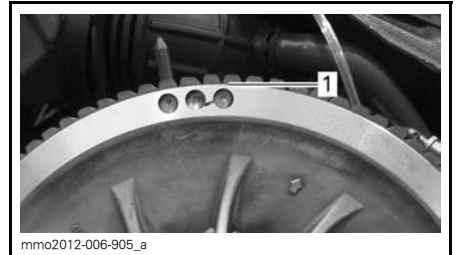


### PRELIMINARY SETTING

1. Drive belt flush with driven pulley edge

### Belt with External Cogs / E-TEC Models

Repeat step 5 until the bottom of grooves on the external side of drive belt are flush with the driven pulley edges.



### TYPICAL - PRELIMINARY SETTING

1. Lowest portion of cogs even with external surface of drive belt

### All Drive Belt Types

**NOTE:** Turning the ring counterclockwise lowers the belt in the pulley. Turning the ring clockwise raises the belt in the pulley.

6. Firmly tighten the clamping bolt. If possible, tighten to specified torque using a torque wrench.

TORQUE	
Clamping Bolt	5.5 N•m ± 0.5 N•m (49 lbf•in ± 4 lbf•in)

7. Install belt guard, refer to *DRIVE BELT GUARD INSTALLATION*.

8. Close side panel, refer to *BODY*.

**NOTE:** These settings are correct as a preliminary adjustment for most models and belt types. In some cases, when starting the engine, the vehicle could creep, indicating that the belt is too tight.

If the vehicle creeps, lower the drive belt height from the preliminary setting. Repeat procedure until creeping stops.

### Reverse Activation

**NOTE:** The reverse may not activate if the belt is positioned too high in the driven pulley. If reverse activation does not work properly, ensure the drive belt is properly adjusted. Adjust the drive belt lower in the driven pulley if needed.

### Drive Pulley Adjustment

#### **⚠ WARNING**

Remove the tether cord cap (DESS key) from engine cut-off switch before performing any maintenance or adjustment, unless otherwise specified. Vehicle must be parked in a safe place, away from the trail.

### General

The drive pulley is factory calibrated to transmit maximum engine power at a predefined RPM. Factors such as ambient temperature, altitude or surface condition may vary this critical engine RPM thus affecting snowmobile efficiency.

This adjustable drive pulley allows setting maximum engine RPM to maintain maximum power.

Calibration screws should be adjusted so that actual maximum engine RPM matches the maximum horsepower RPM.

ENGINE	MAXIMUM HORSEPOWER RPM
550 SK	6800 RPM (± 100)
600 HO E-TEC	8100 RPM (± 100)
800 R E-TEC	7900 RPM (± 100)

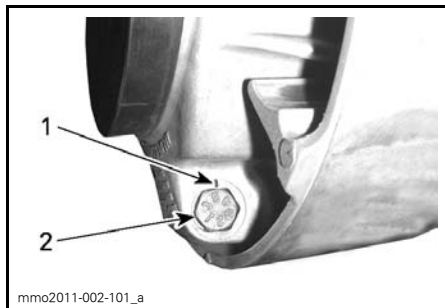
**NOTE:** Use precision digital tachometer for engine RPM adjustment.

**NOTE:** The adjustment has an effect on high RPM only.

There are 6 positions numbered 1 to 6.

The calibration screws have 6 different settings identified by numbers scribed on their head.

The actual setting is the screw head number aligned with the mark on the pulley.



mno2011-002-101\_a  
**PULLEY SETTING**

1. Mark
2. Number

Each position modifies maximum engine RPM by about 200 RPM.

Lower position numbers decrease engine RPM in steps of 200 RPM and higher position numbers increase it in steps of 200 RPM.

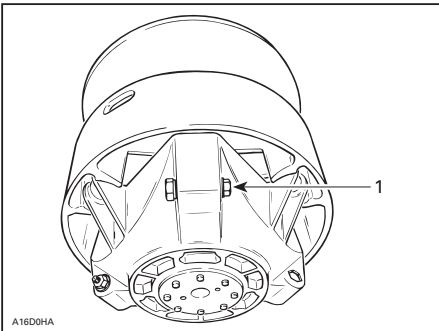
Example:

Calibration screws initially set at position 4 and changed to position 6 will increase maximum engine RPM by 400 RPM.

### Adjustment

Just loosen locking nut enough to pull calibration screw partially out and adjust to desired position. Do not completely remove the locking nut. Torque locking nuts to 10 N•m (89 lbf•in).

**⚠ CAUTION** Do not completely remove calibration screw otherwise internal washers will fall off. Always adjust all 3 calibration screws and make sure they are all set to the same position.



#### TYPICAL

1. Loosen just enough to permit rotating of calibrate screw

### ⚠ WARNING

**NEVER** disassemble or modify the drive pulley.

Improper assembly or modifications could cause the pulley to explode violently under the stress generated by the high rotational speed. This could lead to serious injury including the possibility of death.

See your LYNX dealer to maintain or service the drive pulley. Improper servicing or maintenance may affect performance and reduce belt life. Always respect maintenance schedules.

### ⚠ WARNING

**NEVER** operate engine:

- without shields and belt guard securely installed
- with hood and/or side panels opened or removed.

**NEVER** attempt to make adjustments to moving parts while engine is running.

### Track

### ⚠ WARNING

**Never** stud a track that has not been approved for studs. Installing studs on an unapproved track could increase the risk of the track tearing or severing, possibly resulting in serious injury or death.

Before proceeding with the installation of special studs on tracks you must contact your authorized LYNX snowmobile dealer for current specific studing availability and applications.

BRP does **not** recommend to ride a snowmobile equipped with high lug profile track at **high speed** in a trail, on hard packed surfaces or ice for an extended period of time.

In the event that you have to, **reduce your speed**, then minimize the distance you ride on those surfaces.

**⚠ CAUTION** Running those tracks at high speed in a trail, on hard packed surfaces or ice put more stress on the lugs, which tend to heat up as a result. To avoid potential degradation or damage to the track, reduce your speed, then minimize the distance you ride on those surfaces.

For general instructions on maintenance of tracks, refer to the sections *TRACK CONDITION* and *TRACK TENSION AND ALIGNMENT* in the *MAINTENANCE* section of this guide.

## Track Condition

### ⚠ WARNING

Remove the tether cord cap (DESS key) before performing any maintenance or adjustment, unless otherwise specified. Vehicle must be parked in a safe place, away from the trail.

Remove the tether cord cap (DESS key).

Lift the rear of the snowmobile and support it with a wide-base snowmobile mechanical stand with a rear deflector panel. With the engine off, rotate the track by hand, and inspect condition. If worn or cut, or if track fibers are exposed, or if missing or defective inserts or guides are noted; contact an authorized LYNX dealer.

Look for any defects, such as:

- perforations in the track
- tears in the track
- lugs that are broken or torn off, exposing portions of rods
- delamination of the rubber
- broken rods
- missing track guide(s).

If your track shows signs of deterioration, it must be replaced immediately. When in doubt, ask your dealer.

### ⚠ WARNING

Riding with a damaged track could lead to a loss of control, resulting in a risk of serious injury or death.

## Track Tension and Alignment

**NOTE:** Track tension and alignment are interrelated. Do not adjust one without the other.

### ⚠ WARNING

To prevent serious injury to individuals near the snowmobile:

- NEVER stand behind or near a moving track
- always use a wide-base snowmobile stand with a rear deflector panel
- when the track is raised off the ground, only run it at the lowest possible speed.

Centrifugal force could cause debris, damaged or loose studs, pieces of torn track, or an entire severed track to be violently thrown backwards out of the tunnel with tremendous force, possibly resulting in the loss of a leg or other serious injury.

## Track Tension Verification

**NOTE:** Ride the snowmobile in snow about 15 to 20 minutes prior to adjusting track tension.

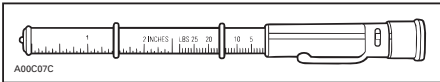
Remove the tether cord cap (DESS key).

Lift rear of snowmobile and support it with a wide-base snowmobile mechanical stand.

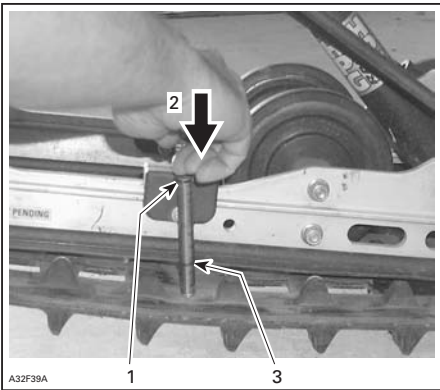
**⚠ CAUTION** Use proper lifting techniques, notably using your legs force. Do not attempt to lift the rear of vehicle if it is above your limits.

Allow the suspension to extend normally and check gap halfway between front and rear idler wheels. Measure between slider shoe bottom and inside of track. The gap should be as given in *SPECIFICATIONS* at the end of this guide. If the track tension is too loose, track will have a tendency to thump.

**NOTE:** A belt tension tester (P/N 414 348 200) may be used to measure deflection as well as force applied.



**BELT TENSION TESTER**



**TYPICAL**

1. Top tool O-ring positioned at 7.3 kg (16 lb)
2. Push on top portion of tool until it contacts the top O-ring
3. Measured track deflection (See specifications section to find your model track deflection)

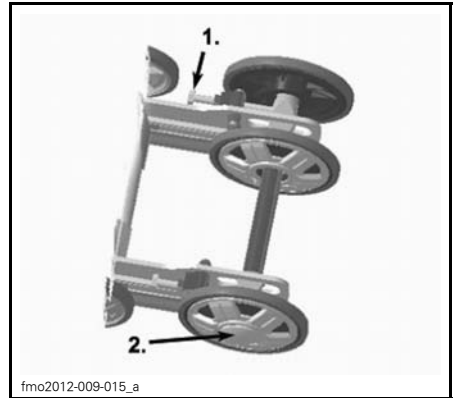
**⚠ CAUTION** Too much tension will result in power loss and excessive stresses on suspension components.

To adjust track tension:

- Remove the tether cord cap (DESS key).

- Remove rear wheel caps (if so equipped).
- Loosen the rear idler wheel retaining bolts.
- Turn adjustment bolts to adjust.

If correct tension is unattainable, contact an authorized LYNX dealer.



**TYPICAL**

1. Adjustment bolts
2. Loosen bolt

- Retighten retaining bolts.
- Check track alignment as described below.

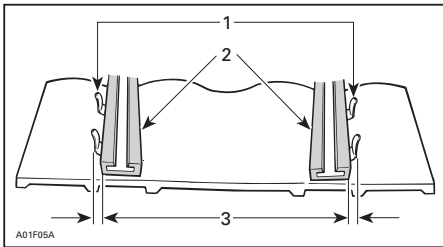
## Track Alignment

### **⚠ WARNING**

Before checking track alignment, ensure that the track is free of all particles which could be thrown out while track is rotating. Keep hands, tools, feet and clothing clear of track. Always lift the snowmobile on a wide-base stand with a rear deflector panel. Ensure no one is standing in close proximity to the snowmobile, especially at the rear of the track. Never rotate track at high speed. Centrifugal force could cause debris, pieces of torn track, or an entire severed track to be violently thrown backwards out of the tunnel with tremendous force, possibly resulting in the loss of a leg or other serious injury.

Start the engine and accelerate slightly so that track barely turns. This must be done in a short period of time (15 to 20 seconds).

Check that the track is well centered; equal distance on both sides between edges of track guides and slider shoes.



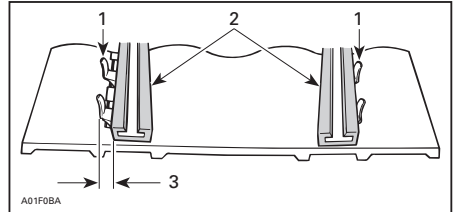
1. Guides
2. Slider shoes
3. Equal distance

## To Adjust Track Alignment:

### **⚠ WARNING**

Remove the tether cord cap (DESS key) before performing any maintenance or adjustment, unless otherwise specified. Vehicle must be parked in a safe place, away from the trail.

- Remove the tether cord cap (DESS key).
- Loosen rear idler wheel retaining bolts.
- Tighten the adjustment bolt on side where the slider shoe is the farthest from the track insert guides.



1. Guides
2. Slider shoes
3. Tighten on this side

Tighten retaining bolts.

### **⚠ WARNING**

Properly tighten wheel retaining bolts, otherwise wheel may come off and cause track to "lock".

**TYPICAL**

1. Retighten to 48 N•m

Restart engine and rotate track slowly to recheck alignment.

Reposition snowmobile on ground.

Install rear wheel caps if so equipped.

# REAR SUSPENSION

## Rear Suspension Condition

Visually inspect all suspension components including slider shoes, springs, wheels, etc.

**NOTE:** During normal driving, snow will act as a lubricant and coolant for the slider shoes. Extensive riding on ice or sanded snow, will create excessive heat build-up and cause premature slider shoe wear.

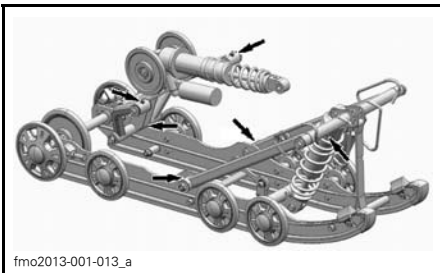
## Suspension Stopper Strap Condition

Inspect stopper strap for wear and cracks, bolt and nut for tightness. If loose inspect holes for deformation. Replace as required. Torque nut to specification.

TORQUE	
Nut	11 N•m (97 lbf•in)

## Rear Suspension Lubrication

Lubricate rear suspension at grease fittings using SUSPENSION GREASE (P/N 293 550 033.) Refer to *MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE* for maintenance frequency.



1. TYPICAL PPS Grease fittings



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## STEERING AND FRONT SUSPENSION

Visually inspect steering and front suspension for tightness of components (steering arms, control arms and links, tie rods, ball joints, ski bolts, ski legs, etc.). If necessary, contact an authorized LYNX dealer.

### **Wear and Condition of Skis and Runners**

Check the condition of the skis and ski runner carbides. If worn, contact an authorized LYNX dealer.



#### **WARNING**

Excessively worn skis and/or ski runners will adversely affect snowmobile control.

# ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

## Recommended Spark Plug

**CAUTION** Use only spark plug mentioned list below. It must be installed to a specific torque, refer to *SPARK PLUG INSTALLATION* for proper installation procedure.

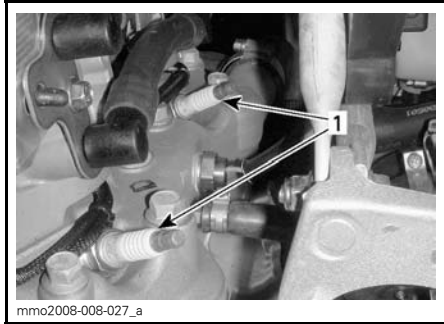
## Spark Plug Removal/Installation

### Removal

Open LH side panel.

Remove belt guard, refer to *BELT GUARD REMOVAL*.

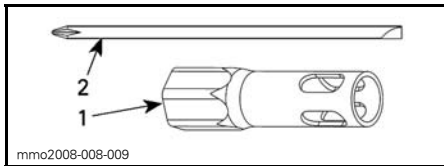
Unplug spark plug cables.



LH SIDE OF ENGINE COMPARTMENT

1. Spark plugs

Using tools from tool kit, unscrew spark plugs one turn.



1. 16 mm socket

2. Screwdriver rod

Clean spark plugs and cylinder heads with pressurized air if possible.

## **WARNING**

Always wear safety goggles when using pressurized air.

Unscrew spark plugs completely then remove them.

### Installation

Prior to installation, make sure that contact surfaces of cylinder head and spark plugs are free of grime.

Using a feeler gauge, verify spark plug gap.

Replace spark plug if not within specifications.

**CAUTION** Do not attempt to adjust gap on these plugs.

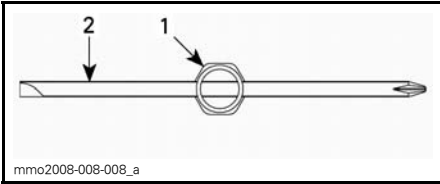
ENGINE	Spark plug type	Spark plug gap
550	NGK BR 9 ES	0.45 + 0.05 mm/-0,05mm
600 HO E-TEC	NGK PZFR6F	Not adjustable. 0.8 + 0.05 mm/-0.1 mm
800R E-TEC	NGK PFR7AB	Not adjustable. 0.75 + 0.05 mm/- 0.05 mm

Screw spark plugs into cylinder head by hand until it bottoms.

Tighten plugs using tools from tool kit or with a torque wrench and a proper socket.

### Using Tools from Tool Kit

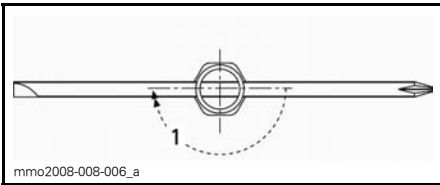
Use the 16 mm socket and the screwdriver rod from the vehicle tool kit.

**TOP VIEW**

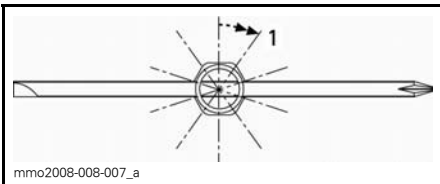
- 16 mm socket
- Screwdriver rod

Torque spark plugs as per the following illustrations.

**NOTE:** Ensure spark and washer sits properly on cylinder head.

**NEW SPARK PLUG**

- Torque 1/2 of a turn

**USED SPARK PLUG**

- Torque 1/10 of a turn

**Using a Torque Wrench.**

Torque spark plugs to 27.5 N•m (20.3 lbf•ft).

**Spark Plugs (E-TEC)**

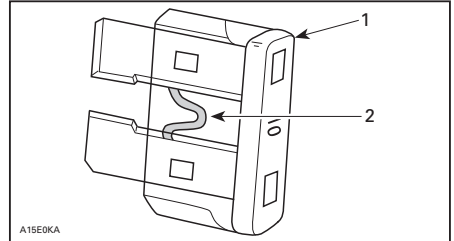
Spark plugs inspection or replacement must be done by an authorized Lynx dealer.

**Fuse Removal/Inspection**

The electrical system is protected with fuses, the fuse holders are located in the engine compartment.

Check fuse condition and replace it if necessary.

To remove fuse from holder, pull fuse out. Check if filament is melted.



- Fuse
- Check if melted

**CAUTION** Do not use a higher rated fuse as this can cause severe damage to electrical components and/or be a potential fire.

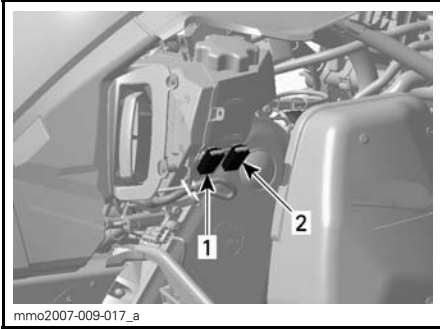
**WARNING**

If fuse has burnt out, source of malfunction should be determined and corrected before restarting. See an authorized LYNX dealer for servicing.

**E-TEC Manual Start****TYPICAL — RH SIDE OF ENGINE COMPARTMENT**

- 5 A main fuse

### E-TEC Electric Start

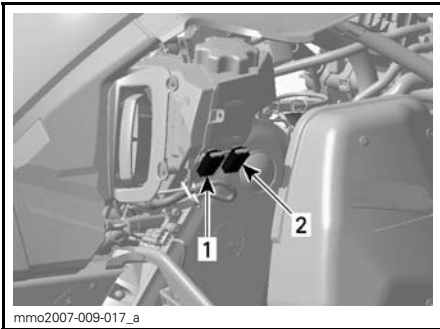


#### TYPICAL - RH SIDE OF ENGINE COMPARTMENT

1. 30 A charging system fuse
2. 5 A start/RER fuse

### 550 Engines

#### Manual Start



#### RH SIDE OF ENGINE COMPARTMENT

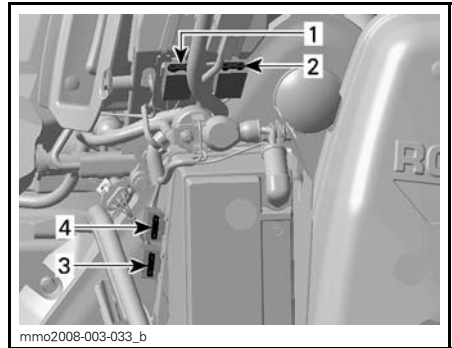
1. 15 A headlight fuse (RED/ORANGE wire)
2. 15 A accessories fuse (RED/YELLOW wire)

The main fuse (30 A) is located on the oil reservoir.



1. Main fuse (30 A)

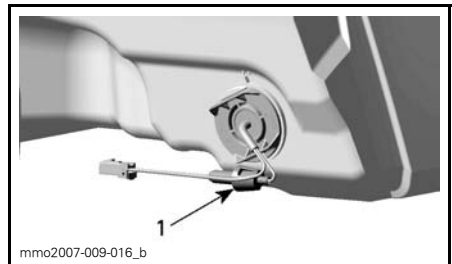
### Electric Start



#### RH SIDE OF ENGINE COMPARTMENT

1. 15 A headlight fuse (RED/ORANGE wire)
2. 15 A accessories fuse (RED/YELLOW wire)
3. 30 A charging system
4. 5 A ECM (Engine Control Module)

### Electric Fuel Level Sender



#### BEHIND AIR INTAKE SILENCER

1. 0.25 A fuse

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# BODY/FRAME

## Post-Operation Care

Remove snow and ice from rear suspension, track, front suspension, steering mechanism and skis.


### WARNING

Make sure tether cord cap is away from engine cut-off switch before standing in front the vehicle, getting close to the track or rear suspension components.


Always cover your snowmobile when leaving it outside overnight or during extended periods of inactivity. This will protect it from frost and snow as well as help retain its appearance.

## Vehicle Cleaning and Protection

Wash snowmobile with water mixed with a mild detergent. Use only flannel cloths or an equivalent.


 **CAUTION** It is necessary to use flannel cloths or equivalent on windshield and hood to avoid damaging further surfaces to clean.

To remove grease, oil and grime, use Heavy duty cleaner (P/N 293 110 001) (spray can 400 g) and (P/N 293 110 002) (4 L).

 **CAUTION** Do not use Heavy duty cleaner on decals or vinyl.

To remove stubborn dirt from all plastic and vinyl surfaces, use Vinyl & Plastic Cleaner ((P/N 413 711 200) (6 x 1 L)).

To remove scratches on windshield or hood use the Scratch Remover Kit (P/N 861 774 800).

 **CAUTION** Never clean plastic parts or hood with strong detergent, degreasing agent, paint thinner, acetone, products containing chlorine, etc.


Clean sheaves of both pulleys using Pulley flange cleaner (P/N 413 711 809).

Inspect the hood and repair any damage.

Touch up all metal spots where paint has been scratched off. Spray all metal parts including shock chromed rods with XP-S Lube (P/N 293 600 016).

Wax painted portion of the vehicle for better protection.

**NOTE:** Apply wax on glossy finish only. Protect the vehicle with a cover to prevent dust accumulation during storage.

 **CAUTION** The snowmobile has to be stored in a cool and dry place and covered with an opaque tarpaulin. This will prevent sun rays and grime from affecting plastic components and vehicle finish.

Lift rear of vehicle until track is clear of the ground. Install on a wide-base snowmobile mechanical stand with a rear deflector panel.

### WARNING

Do not attempt to lift the vehicle by hand alone. Use appropriate lifting device or have assistance to share lifting stress in order to avoid risk of strain injuries.

**NOTE:** Do not release track tension.

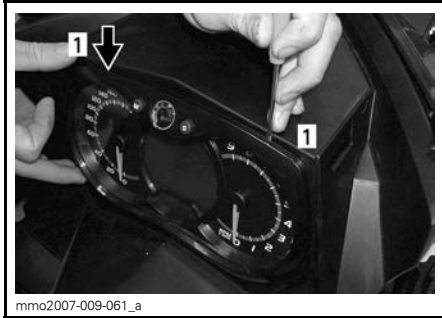
## Bulb Replacement

Always check light operation after bulb replacement.

## Headlamp

**⚠ CAUTION** Never touch glass portion of an halogen bulb with bare fingers, it shortens its operating life. If glass is touched, clean it with isopropyl alcohol which will not leave a film on the bulb.

By using a small screwdriver, release multifunction gauge locking tabs.

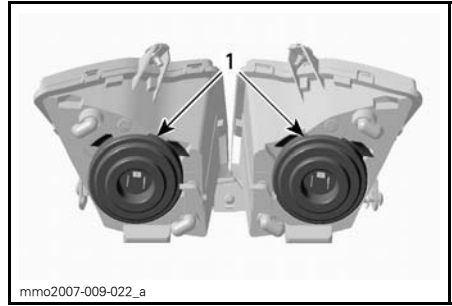


1. Locking tab

Gently pull on multifunction gauge and set aside.

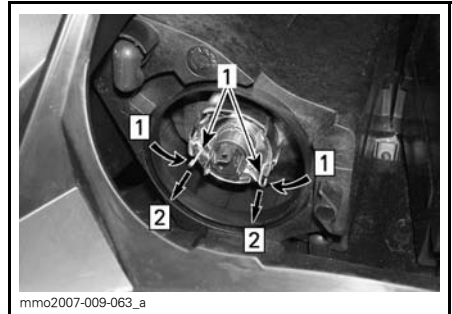


Unplug burnt bulb connector. Remove the rubber boot.



1. Rubber boot

Press and pull both sides of the spindle at the same time to release it from bulb support.



Step 1: Step 1: Push both sides  
Step 2: Step 2: Pull to release

1. Spindle

Pull bulb and replace. Properly reinstall parts.



**PULL BULB AND REPLACE**

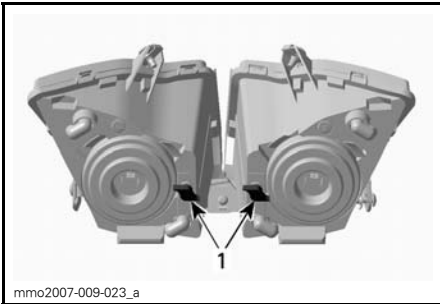
## Taillight

If taillight bulb is burnt, expose the bulb by removing the red plastic lens. To remove, unscrew the 2 lens screws.

Led taillight leds cannot be replaced. If failed change taillight assy. Fasten new taillight by screws.

## Headlamp Beam Aiming

Remove multifunction gauge, refer to *BULB REPLACEMENT*. Turn knob to adjust beam height.



mmo2007-009-023\_a

### *TYPICAL*

1. Knob

# STORAGE AND PRESEASON PREPARATION

## **⚠ WARNING**

Have an authorized LYNX dealer inspect fuel and oil systems integrity as specified in *PERIODIC MAINTENANCE CHART*.

## **Storage (550)**

### *550 Models*

During summer, or when a snowmobile is not in use for more than three months, proper storage is a necessity.

To prepare your snowmobile, refer to an authorized Lynx dealer.

To facilitate the inspection and ensure adequate lubrication of components, it is recommended to clean the entire vehicle.

When storage procedure is completed, block muffler with clean rags.

Lift rear of vehicle until track is clear of the ground. Install on a wide-base snowmobile mechanical stand with a rear deflector panel.

**⚠ CAUTION** Use appropriate lifting device or have assistance to share lifting stress. If a lifting device is not used, use proper lifting techniques, notably using your legs force. Do not attempt to lift the rear of vehicle if it is above your limits.

**NOTE:** Do not release track tension.

Protect the vehicle with an approved cover to prevent dust accumulation during storage.

**NOTICE** The snowmobile has to be stored in a cool and dry place and covered with an opaque but ventilated tarpaulin. This will prevent sun rays and grime from affecting plastic components and vehicle finish.

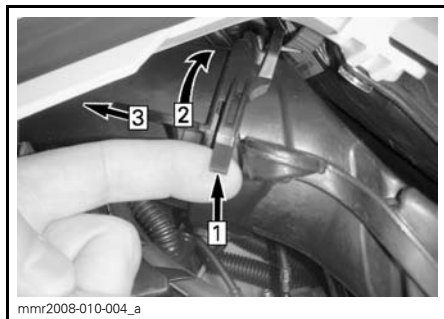
## **Engine Lubrication Procedure (550F)**

**NOTICE** Fuel stabilizer should be added prior to engine lubrication to ensure carburetor protection against varnish deposits.

Engine internal parts must be lubricated to protect them from possible corrosion during the storage period.

Proceed as follows:

1. Place the vehicle in a well ventilated area and start the engine.
2. Start the engine and let it run at idle speed until it reaches its operating temperature.
3. Stop the engine.
4. Remove the primary air intake silencer as follows:
  - 4.1 Remove LH side panel. Refer to *CONTROLS, INSTRUMENTS AND EQUIPMENT* section.
  - 4.2 Remove drive belt guard. Refer to *DRIVE SYSTEM* section.
  - 4.3 Lift tab on rear section of connector tube.
  - 4.4 Twist tube adapter counter clockwise and pull it off the primary silencer slightly.



### **TYPICAL**

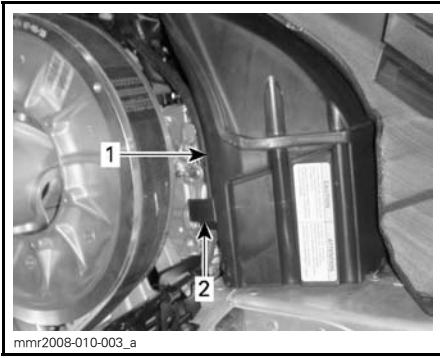
Step 1: Lift tab

Step 2: Twist adapter

Step 3: Pull off



- 4.5 Press locking tab securing the primary air intake silencer and pull silencer out of adapter plate.



1. Primary air intake silencer
2. Primary intake silencer locking tab

5. Restart engine and run at idle speed.
6. Inject storage oil into each carburetor/throttle body until the engine stalls, or until a sufficient quantity of oil has entered the engine (approximately half a can).
7. With the engine stopped, remove the spark plugs and spray recommended storage oil in each cylinder.

#### RECOMMENDED SERVICE PRODUCT

XPS STORAGE OIL  
(EXCEPT U.S. COUNTRY)  
(P/N 413 711 600)

8. Slowly crank engine 2 or 3 revolutions to lubricate cylinders.
9. Reinstall spark plugs and primary air intake silencer.

## Storage (E-TEC)

### E-TEC Engines

It is during summer, or when a snowmobile is not in use for more than one month that proper storage is a necessity.

To prepare your snowmobile, refer to an authorized LYNX dealer.

## Engine Cooling System

### E-TEC Engines

Antifreeze should be replaced every 5 years or 6000 km to prevent antifreeze deterioration.

The antifreeze replacement and a density test should be performed by an authorized LYNX dealer.

**⚠ CAUTION** Improper antifreeze mixture might allow freezing of the liquid in the cooling system if vehicle is stored in area where freezing point is reached. This would seriously damage the engine. Failure to replace the antifreeze for storage may allow its degradation that could result in poor cooling when engine will be used.

**⚠ CAUTION** Do not run engine during storage period.

## Engine Storage Mode

### E-TEC Engines

Like other engines, the E-TEC has to be properly lubricated at storage for internal parts protection. The E-TEC system offers a built-in engine storage lubrication function (summerization) that can be initiated by the operator.

To engage procedure, do the following:

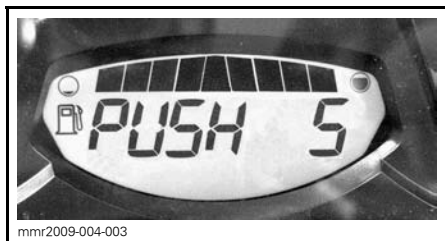
1. Place the vehicle in a well ventilated area.
2. Start the engine and let it run at idle speed until it reaches its operating temperature (watch the coolant temperature on the display or verify the rear heat exchanger becomes warm).).
3. Push the SET (S) button to select odometer mode.



**NOTE:** The storage mode does not function in other modes (trip A, trip B and hr trip).

- Repeatedly depress the HI/LOW beam switch rapidly, then, **while doing this**, press and hold the **SET button** until PUSH "S" appears on the display.

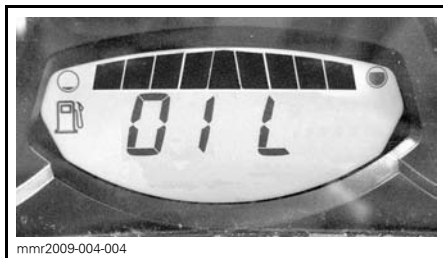
**NOTE:** It is critical for this procedure to depress the HI/LOW beam switch repeatedly **before** holding down the SET button.



- Release all buttons when gauge displays PUSH "S" appears.
- Again, press and hold the SET (S) button 2 - 3 seconds.

**NOTE:** The gauge will display OIL when the storage procedure is initiated.

- When gauge displays **OIL**, release button and wait for the lubrication function to end.



Do not touch anything during engine lubrication cycle.

The engine lubrication function takes approximately 1 minute. During this time the engine RPM will increase slightly to approximately 1600 RPM and the oil pump will "oil flood" the engine.

At the end of engine lubrication procedure, the ECM will turn the engine off.

Remove tether cord.

**NOTICE** Do not start the engine during storage period.

### Preseason Preparation

Refer to an authorized LYNX dealer.

**CAUTION** Have carburetors cleaned-up before restarting engine.

# ***WARRANTY***

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# **BRP FINLAND OY INTERNATIONAL LIMITED WARRANTY: 2013 LYNX® SNOWMOBILES**

## **1) SCOPE OF THE LIMITED WARRANTY**

BRP Finland Oy ("BRP") warrants its 2013 LYNX snowmobiles from defects in material or workmanship for the period and under the conditions described below.

All genuine LYNX parts and accessories, installed by an authorized BRP distributor/dealer (as hereinafter defined) at the time of delivery of the 2013 LYNX snowmobile, carry the same warranty as that of the snowmobile.

Use of the product for racing or any other competitive activity, at any point, even by a previous owner, will render this warranty null and void.

## **2) WARRANTY COVERAGE PERIOD**

This warranty will be in effect from the date of delivery to the first retail consumer or the date the product is first put into use, whichever occurs first and for a period of:

A) TWELVE (12) CONSECUTIVE MONTHS, for private use owners

B) TWELVE (12) CONSECUTIVE MONTHS, for commercial use owners

C) TWENTY FOUR (24) CONSECUTIVE MONTHS, for private use owners when product was sold in a member state of the European Union and Russia. The repair or replacement of parts or the performance of service under this warranty does not extend the life of this warranty beyond its original expiration date.

## **3) CONDITIONS TO HAVE WARRANTY COVERAGE**

This warranty coverage is available only on 2013 LYNX snowmobile purchased as new and unused by its first owner from a BRP distributor/dealer authorized to distribute LYNX products in the country in which the sale occurred ("BRP distributor/dealer"), and then only after the BRP specified pre-delivery inspection process is completed and documented. Warranty coverage only becomes available upon proper registration of the product by an authorized BRP distributor/dealer. Moreover, this warranty coverage is only available if the LYNX snowmobile is purchased in the country in which the purchaser resides. BRP will not honor this limited warranty to any private use owner or commercial use owner if the preceding conditions have not been met. Such limitations are necessary in order to allow BRP to preserve both the safety of its products, and also that of its consumers and the general public.

Routine maintenance outlined in the Operator's Guide must be timely performed in order to maintain warranty coverage. BRP reserves the right to make warranty coverage contingent upon proof of proper maintenance.

## **4) WHAT TO DO TO OBTAIN WARRANTY COVERAGE**

The customer must notify a servicing BRP distributor/dealer within two (2) months of the appearance of a defect, and provide it with reasonable access to the product and reasonable opportunity to repair it. The customer must also present to the authorized BRP distributor/dealer, proof of purchase of the product and must sign the repair/work order prior to starting the repair in order to validate the warranty repair. All parts replaced under this limited warranty become the property of BRP.

## **5) WHAT BRP WILL DO**

BRP's obligations under this warranty are limited to, at its sole discretion, repairing parts found defective under normal use, maintenance and service, or replacing such parts with new genuine LYNX parts without charge for parts and labor, at any authorized BRP distributor/dealer during the warranty coverage period.

BRP reserves the right to improve or modify products from time to time without assuming any obligation to modify products previously manufactured.

## **6) EXCLUSIONS**

The following are not warranted under any circumstances:

- Normal wear and tear;
- Routine maintenance items, tune ups, adjustments;
- Damage caused by failure to provide proper maintenance and/or storage, as described in the Operator's Guide;
- Damage resulting from removal of parts, improper repairs, service, maintenance, modifications or use of parts not manufactured or approved by BRP or resulting from repairs done by a person that is not an authorized servicing BRP distributor/dealer;
- Damage caused by abuse, abnormal use, neglect, use of the product on surfaces other than snow, or operation of the product in a manner inconsistent with the recommended operation described in the Operator's Guide;
- Damage resulting from accident, submersion, fire, theft, vandalism or any act of God;
- Operation with fuels, oils or lubricants which are not suitable for use with the product (see the Operator's Guide);
- Snow or water ingestion;
- Incidental or consequential damages, or damages of any kind including without limitation towing, storage, telephone, rental, taxi, inconvenience, insurance coverage, loan payments, loss of time, loss of income; and
- Damage resulting from studs installed on tracks if the installation does not conform to BRP's instructions.

## **7) LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY**

THIS WARRANTY IS EXPRESSLY GIVEN AND ACCEPTED IN LIEU OF ANY AND ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. TO THE EXTENT THAT THEY CANNOT BE DISCLAIMED, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES ARE LIMITED IN DURATION TO THE LIFE OF THE EXPRESS WARRANTY. INCIDENTAL AND CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES ARE EXCLUDED FROM COVERAGE UNDER THIS WARRANTY. SOME STATES/ PROVINCES DO NOT ALLOW FOR THE DISCLAIMERS, LIMITATIONS AND EXCLUSIONS IDENTIFIED ABOVE, AS A RESULT, THEY MAY NOT APPLY TO YOU. THIS WARRANTY GIVES YOU SPECIFIC RIGHTS, AND YOU MAY ALSO HAVE OTHER LEGAL RIGHTS WHICH MAY VARY FROM STATE TO STATE, OR PROVINCE TO PROVINCE.

Neither the distributor, any BRP distributor/dealer nor any other person has been authorized to make any affirmation, representation or warranty regarding the product, other than those contained in this limited warranty, and if made, shall not be enforceable against BRP.

BRP reserves the right to modify this warranty at any time, being understood that such modification will not alter the warranty conditions applicable to the products sold while this warranty is in effect.

## **8) TRANSFER**

If the ownership of a product is transferred during the warranty coverage period, this warranty shall also be transferred and be valid for the remaining coverage period provided BRP or an authorized BRP distributor / dealer receives a proof that the former owner agreed to the transfer of ownership, in addition to the co-ordinates of the new owner.

## **9) CONSUMER ASSISTANCE**

1. In the event of a controversy or a dispute in connection with this limited warranty, BRP suggests that you try to resolve the issue at the dealership level. We recommend discussing the issue with the authorized distributor/dealer's service manager or owner.
2. If further assistance is required, the distributor's service department should be contacted in order to resolve the matter.
3. If the matter still remains unresolved then contact BRP by writing to us at the address below.

### **ADDRESS:**

BRP-FINLAND OY  
SERVICE DEPARTMENT  
P.O. BOX 8039  
FIN-96101 ROVANIEMI  
FINLAND

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## **PRIVACY OBLIGATIONS/DISCLAIMER**

We wish to inform you that your coordinates will be used for safety and warranty purposes. Sometimes, we also use the coordinates of our clients to inform them about our products and to present them offers. Should you prefer not to receive information on our products, services and offers, please let us know by writing to the address below.

Also note that, from time to time, carefully selected and trustworthy organizations may be permitted to use the coordinates of our clients to promote quality products and services. If you prefer not to have your name and address released, please let us know by writing to the address below:

### **FOR SCANDINAVIAN AND EUROPEAN COUNTRIES:**

BRP FINLAND OY  
Service Department  
Isoaavantie 7  
FIN-96320 Rovaniemi  
Finland  
Fax +358 16 3420 316

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## CHANGE OF ADDRESS/OWNERSHIP

If your address has changed or if you are the new owner of the vehicle, be sure to notify BRP by either:

- mailing one of the cards hereinafter using of the following mail address;
- contacting an authorized LYNX dealer or distributor.

Mail address:

### **FOR SCANDINAVIAN AND EUROPEAN COUNTRIES:**

BRP FINLAND OY  
Service Department  
Isoaavantie 7  
FIN-96320 Rovaniemi  
Finland  
Fax: +358 16 3420 316

In case of change of ownership, please join a proof that the former owner agreed to the transfer.

Notifying BRP, even after the expiration of the limited warranty, is very important as it enables BRP to reach the vehicle owner if necessary, like when safety recalls are initiated. It is the owner's responsibility to notify BRP.

**STOLEN UNITS:** If your personal vehicle is stolen, you should notify BRP or an authorized LYNX dealer. We will ask you to provide your name, address, phone number, the vehicle identification number and the date it was stolen.



CHANGE OF ADDRESS

CHANGE OF OWNERSHIP



VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

Model Number

Vehicle Identification Number (V.I.N.)

OLD ADDRESS  
OR PREVIOUS OWNER:

NAME

NO.

STREET

APT

CITY

STATE/PROVINCE

ZIP/POSTAL CODE

COUNTRY

TELEPHONE

NEW ADDRESS  
OR NEW OWNER:

NAME

NO.

STREET

APT

CITY

STATE/PROVINCE

ZIP/POSTAL CODE

COUNTRY

TELEPHONE

E-MAIL ADDRESS

V00A2F

CHANGE OF ADDRESS

CHANGE OF OWNERSHIP



VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

Model Number

Vehicle Identification Number (V.I.N.)

OLD ADDRESS  
OR PREVIOUS OWNER:

NAME

NO.

STREET

APT

CITY

STATE/PROVINCE

ZIP/POSTAL CODE

COUNTRY

TELEPHONE

NEW ADDRESS  
OR NEW OWNER:

NAME

NO.

STREET

APT

CITY

STATE/PROVINCE

ZIP/POSTAL CODE

COUNTRY

TELEPHONE

E-MAIL ADDRESS

V00A2F

[brp.com](http://brp.com)

**LYNX**



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