

The Lynx logo is written in a bold, italicized, white sans-serif font with a registered trademark symbol (®) at the end.The year '2016' is displayed in a large, white, sans-serif font, centered in the middle of the page.

OPERATOR'S GUIDE
XU
YETI®

 **WARNING**

Read this guide thoroughly. It contains important safety information.

Minimum recommended operator's age: 16 years old.
Keep this Operator's Guide in the vehicle.

EN 619 900 752

Original instructions

OPERATOR'S GUIDE 2016

59 YETI® 550
69 YETI® ARMY 600 E-TEC
69 YETI® ARMY LTD 800R E-TEC
59 YETI® 600 ACE
69 YETI® 900 ACE

WARNING

Disregarding any of the safety precautions and instructions contained in this Operator's Guide and on-product safety labels could cause injury including the possibility of death!

WARNING

This vehicle may exceed the performance of other vehicles you may have ridden in the past. Take time to familiarize yourself with your new vehicle.



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E-TEC®

eDrive™

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FOREWORD

Deutsch	Dieses Handbuch ist möglicherweise in Ihrer Landessprache verfügbar. Bitte wenden Sie sich an Ihren Händler oder besuchen Sie: www.operatorsguide.brp.com .
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Congratulations on your purchase of a new Lynx® snowmobile. Whatever model you have chosen, it is backed by the Bombardier Recreational Products Inc. (BRP) warranty and a network of authorized Lynx snowmobile dealers ready to provide the parts, service or accessories you may require.

Your dealer is committed to your satisfaction. He has taken training to perform the initial set-up and inspection of your snowmobile as well as completed the final adjustment required to suit your specific weight and riding environment before you took possession. At delivery, you were informed of the warranty coverage and signed the *PREDELIVERY CHECK LIST* to ensure your new vehicle was prepared to your entire satisfaction.

Know Before you Go

To learn how to reduce the risk for you, your passenger or bystanders being injured or killed, read the following sections before you operate the vehicle:

- SAFETY INFORMATION
- VEHICLE INFORMATION.


Also read all safety labels on your snowmobile.

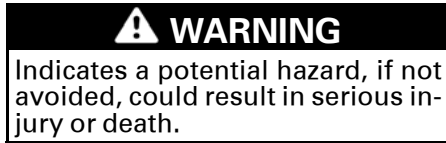
We highly recommend that you take a safety riding course. Please check with your dealer or local authorities for availability in your area.


Failure to follow the warnings contained in this Operator's Guide can result in SERIOUS INJURY or DEATH.

Safety Messages

The types of safety messages, what they look like and how they are used in this guide are explained as follows:

The safety alert symbol  indicates a potential injury hazard.



 **CAUTION** Indicates a hazard situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE Indicates an instruction which, if not followed, could severely damage vehicle components or other property.

About this Operator's Guide

This Operator's Guide has been prepared to acquaint the owner/operator and passenger with this snowmobile and its various controls, safe riding and maintenance instructions.

Keep this Operator's Guide in the vehicle as you can refer to it for things such as maintenance, troubleshooting and instructing others.

Note that this guide is available in several languages. In the event of any discrepancy, the English version shall prevail.

If you want to view and/or print an extra copy of your Operator's Guide, simply visit the following website www.operatorsguide.brp.com.

The informations contained in this document are correct at the time of publication. BRP, however, maintains a policy of continuous improvement of its products without imposing upon itself any obligation to install them on products previously manufactured. Due to late changes, some differences between the manufactured product and the descriptions and/or specifications in this guide may occur. BRP reserves the right at any time to discontinue or

change specifications, designs, features, models or equipment without incurring any obligation upon itself.

This Operator's Guide should remain with the vehicle when it's sold.

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SAFETY INFORMATION

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

Avoid Carbon Monoxide Poisoning

All engine exhaust contains carbon monoxide, a deadly gas. Breathing carbon monoxide can cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, confusion and eventually death.

Carbon monoxide is a colorless, odorless, tasteless gas that may be present even if you do not see or smell any engine exhaust. Deadly levels of carbon monoxide can collect rapidly, and you can quickly be overcome and unable to save yourself. Also, deadly levels of carbon monoxide can linger for hours or days in enclosed or poorly ventilated areas. If you experience any symptoms of carbon monoxide poisoning, leave the area immediately, get fresh air and seek medical treatment.

To prevent serious injury or death from carbon monoxide:

- Never run the vehicle in poorly ventilated or partially enclosed areas such as garages, carports or barns. Even if you try to ventilate engine exhaust with fans or open windows and doors, carbon monoxide can rapidly reach dangerous levels.
- Never run the vehicle outdoors where engine exhaust can be drawn into a building through openings such as windows and doors.

Avoid Gasoline Fires and Other Hazards

Gasoline is extremely flammable and highly explosive. Fuel vapors can spread and be ignited by a spark or flame many feet away from the engine. To reduce the risk of fire or explosion, follow these instructions:

- Use only an approved gasoline container to store fuel.
- Strictly adhere to instructions in *FUELING PROCEDURE*.
- Never start or operate the engine if the fuel cap is not properly installed.

Gasoline is poisonous and can cause injury or death.

- Never siphon gasoline by mouth.
- If you swallow gasoline, get any in your eye or inhale gasoline vapor, see your doctor immediately.

If gasoline spills on you, wash with soap and water and change your clothes.

Avoid Burns from Hot Parts

The exhaust system and engine become hot during operation. Avoid contact during and shortly after operation to avoid burns.

Accessories and Modifications

Do not make unauthorized modifications, or use attachments or accessories that are not approved by BRP. Since these changes have not been tested by BRP, they may increase the risk of crashes or injuries, and they can make the vehicle illegal.

See your authorized Lynx dealer for available accessories for your vehicle.

SPECIAL SAFETY MESSAGES

SEVERE INJURY OR DEATH can result if you do not follow these instructions:

- Always make a pre-ride inspection **BEFORE** you start the engine.
- Throttle mechanism should be checked for free movement and return to idle position before starting engine.
- Always attach tether cord eyelet to clothing before starting the engine.
- Never operate the engine without the drive belt guard and brake disk guard securely installed or, with hood or side panels opened or removed. Never run the engine without drive belt installed. Running an unloaded engine such as without drive belt or with track raised, can be dangerous.
- Always engage parking brake before starting the engine.
- Everyone is a beginner the first time he sits behind the controls of a snowmobile regardless of previous experience in driving any other type of vehicle. The safe use of your snowmobile depends on many conditions such as visibility, speed, weather, environment, traffic, vehicle condition and the condition of the driver.
- Basic training is required for the safe operation of any snowmobile. Study your Operator's Guide paying particular attention to cautions and warnings. Join your local snowmobile club: its social activities and trail systems are planned for both fun and safety. Obtain basic instructions from your snowmobile dealer, friend, fellow club member or enroll in your state or provincial safety training program.
- Any new operator must read and understand all safety labels on the snowmobile and the Operator's Guide before operating the snowmobile. Only allow a new operator to operate the snowmobile in a restricted flat area — at least until he is completely familiar with its operation. If snowmobile operator training course is offered in your area, have him enroll.
- The performance of some snowmobiles may significantly exceed that of other snowmobiles you have operated. Therefore, use by novice or inexperienced operators is not recommended.
- Snowmobiles are used in many areas and in many snow conditions. Not all models perform the same in similar conditions. Always consult your snowmobile dealer when selecting the snowmobile model for your particular needs and uses.
- Injury or death may result to the snowmobile operator, passenger or bystander if the snowmobile is used in risky conditions which are beyond the driver's, passenger's or snowmobile's capabilities or intended use.
- BRP recommends the operator has at least 16 years old of age.
- It is very important to inform any operator, regardless of his experience, of the handling characteristics of this snowmobile. The snowmobile configuration, such as ski stance, ski type, suspension type, track length, width and type vary from a model to another. The snowmobile handling is greatly influenced by these characteristics.
- The novice driver should become familiar with the snowmobile through practice on a level area at slow speeds before venturing far afield.
- Know your local laws. Federal, state, provincial and local government agencies have enacted laws and regulations pertaining to the safe use and operation of snowmobiles. It is your responsibility as a snowmobiler to learn and obey these laws and regulations. Respect and observance will result in safer snowmobiling for all. Be aware of the liability property damages and insurance laws regarding your equipment.

- Speeding can be fatal. In many cases, you cannot react or respond quickly enough to the unexpected. Always ride at a speed which is suitable to the trail, weather conditions and your own ability. Know your local rules. Speed limit may be in effect and meant to be observed.
- Always keep right hand side of the trail.
- Always keep a safe distance from other snowmobiles and bystanders.
- Remember, promotional material may show risky maneuvers performed by professional riders under ideal and/or controlled conditions. You should never attempt any such risky maneuvers if they are beyond your level of riding ability.
- Never use this vehicle with alcohol or drugs. They slow reaction time and impair judgement.
- Your snowmobile is not designed to be operated on public streets, roads or highways.
- Avoid road traveling. If you must do so, and it is permitted, reduce speed. The snowmobile is not designed to operate or turn on paving. When crossing a road, make a full stop, then look carefully in both directions before crossing at a 90° angle. Be wary of parked vehicles.
- Snowmobiling at night can be a delightful experience but because of reduced visibility, be extra cautious. Avoid unfamiliar terrain and be sure your lights are working. Always carry a flashlight and spare light bulbs.
- Never remove any original equipment from your snowmobile. Each vehicle has many built in safety features. Such features include various guards and consoles, plus reflective materials and safety labels.
- Nature is wonderful but don't let it distract your attention from driving. If you want to truly appreciate winter's scenery, stop your snowmobile on the side of the trail so that **you** don't become a hazard to others.
- Fences represent a very serious threat for both you and your snowmobile. Give a wide berth to telephone poles or posts.
- Hidden wires unseen from a distance can cause serious accidents.
- Always wear an approved safety helmet, eye protection and a face shield. This also applies to your passenger.
- Be aware of inherent risks associated with riding off trails, such as avalanche and other natural or man made hazards or obstacles.
- Tailgating another snowmobile should be avoided. If the snowmobile in front of you slows for any reason, its driver and passenger could be harmed through your neglect. Maintain a safe stopping distance between you and the snowmobile in front of you. Depending on the terrain condition, stopping may require a little more space than you think. Play it safe. Be prepared to use evasive driving.
- Venturing out alone with your snowmobile could also be hazardous. You could run out of fuel, have an accident, or damage your snowmobile. Remember, your snowmobile is capable of traveling further in half an hour than you may be able to walk in a day. Use the "buddy system". Always ride with a friend or member of your snowmobile club. Even then, tell someone where you are going and the approximate time you plan to return.

- Meadows sometimes have low areas where water accumulate and freezes over in winter. This ice is usually glare ice. Attempting to turn or brake on this surface could cause your vehicle to spin out of control. Never brake or attempt speeding or turning on glare ice. If you do happen to travel over such a condition, reduce speed by carefully releasing the throttle.
- Never “jump” with your snowmobile.
- When riding in a group, do not “gun” the throttle. Snow and ice can be thrown back into the path of a following snowmobile. In addition, when “gunning” the throttle, the vehicle digs into and leaves an irregular snow surface for others.
- Riding in a group is fun and enjoyable but don't show off or overtake others in the group. A less experienced operator might try to do the same as you and fail. When riding with others, limit your abilities to the experience of others.
- In case of an emergency, press down on the engine emergency stop switch, and apply brake.
- Never run the engine in a non-ventilated area and/or if vehicle is left unattended.
- Always engage parking brake before starting the engine.
- Never charge or boost a battery while installed on snowmobile.
- E-TEC engines: Never attempt any fuel system or electrical system maintenance or repair. Any maintenance or repair of these systems must be performed by an authorized Lynx dealer.
- Ensure the path behind is clear of obstacles or bystanders before proceeding in reverse.
- Always remove the tether cord cap from engine cut-off switch when vehicle is not in operation in order to prevent accidental engine starting, to avoid unauthorized use by children or others or theft.
- NEVER stand behind or near a rotating track. Debris could be projected causing severe injuries. To remove packed snow or ice, stop engine, tilt and hold vehicle on its side and use screwdriver from tool kit.
- You may stud the track on this vehicle model. However, you MUST only use the BRP approved type stud for use on Lynx snowmobiles. DO NOT EVER use conventional studs, the track thickness is thinner compared to some other tracks. The stud could tear off track and be projected.
- Never ride as a passenger unless the snowmobile is equipped with a passenger seat and passenger handholds or holding strap. Sit only on the designated passenger seat.
- Always wear an approved helmet and follow the same dressing guidelines as those recommended for the operator and described in this guide.
- Make sure that you are able to achieve a stable stance, both feet resting positively on the footboards of footrests with good grip, and that you are able to hold on firmly to the handholds.
- Once underway, if you feel uncomfortable or insecure for any reason, don't wait, tell the driver to slow down or stop.

Introduction

NOTE: Some functions or features described in this section may not apply to every model, or may be available as an option.

The throttle is electronic and provides a command signal to an electronic module whose function is to assure proper operation of its system within set parameters.

It is extremely important for operators to read all information contained in this operator's guide so as to become familiar with this snowmobile, its systems, controls, capabilities and limitations.

iTC (intelligent Throttle Control)

The system uses an electronic throttle control (ETC) that provides command signals to the ECM (Engine Control Module). With this system, there is no need for a traditional throttle cable.

The iTC allows the following operating modes:

- ECO mode
- Standard mode
- Sport mode.

ECO Mode

When ECO mode is selected (fuel economy mode), vehicle torque and speed are limited whereby an optimal cruising speed is maintained in order to reduce fuel consumption.

Refer to *OPERATING MODES* subsection for detailed instructions.

Standard Mode

In standard mode, acceleration is reduced when accelerating from a complete stop and when operating in the low vehicle speed range under certain conditions.

Sport Mode

In sport mode, maximum engine power is available throughout the engine operational range.

Refer to *OPERATING MODES* subsection for detailed instructions.

Learning Key Modes

The Lynx™ learning key limits the torque and speed of the snowmobile therefore enabling first time users and less experienced operators to learn how to operate the snowmobile while gaining the necessary confidence and control.

Limitations

The ability of a novice to operate the snowmobile can be exceeded even when a learning key is used.

Refer to *OPERATING MODES* subsection for details.

RIDING THE VEHICLE

Each operator has a responsibility to ensure the safety of other recreationists or bystanders.

You are responsible for proper operation of your vehicle as well as training those whom you allow to ride or drive. There may be noticeable handling and performance differences from one snowmobile to the other.

A snowmobile is relatively simple to operate but like any other vehicle or mechanical equipment, it can be hazardous if you or a passenger are reckless, thoughtless or inattentive. We encourage you to have an Annual Safety Inspection of your snowmobile. Please contact an authorized Lynx dealer for further details. Though not required, it is recommended that an authorized Lynx dealer performs the pre-season preparation of your snowmobile. Each visit to your authorized Lynx dealer is a great opportunity for your dealer to verify if your snowmobile is included in any safety campaign. We also urge you to visit your authorized Lynx dealer in a timely manner if you become aware of any safety related campaigns.

See an authorized Lynx dealer for available accessories you may require.

Before venturing on the trails, operate the snowmobile in a restricted flat area until you are completely familiar with its operation and feel comfortable that you can safely tackle a more demanding task. Have an enjoyable and safe ride.

Pre-Ride Inspection

WARNING

The pre-operation check is very important prior to operating the vehicle. Always check the proper operation of critical controls, safety features and mechanical components before starting.

Before Starting the Engine

1. Remove snow and ice from body including lights, seat, footrests, controls and instruments.
2. Verify that air silencer prefilter is free of snow.
3. Verify that skis and steering operate freely. Check corresponding action of skis versus handlebar.
4. Check fuel and oil for levels and leaks. Replenish if necessary and in case of any leaks; you should seek service from an authorized Lynx dealer, repair shop, or person of your own choosing for maintenance, repair, or replacement.
5. All storage compartments must be properly latched and they must not contain any heavy or breakable objects. Hood and side panels must be also properly latched.
6. Activate the throttle control lever several times to check that it operates easily and smoothly. It must return to idle position when released.
7. Activate the brake lever and make sure the brake fully applies before the brake control lever touches the handlebar grip. It must fully return when released.
8. Apply parking brake and check if it operates properly. Leave parking brake applied.

After Engine is Started

For proper engine starting procedure, refer to *ENGINE STARTING PROCEDURE* in the *OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS* subsection.

1. Check headlights high beam and low beam, taillight, stop light and pilot lamps operation.

NOTE: You may need to detach tether cord your clothes to check lights. In such a case, attach cord as soon as you get back at the controls of the snowmobile.

2. Check the engine cut-off switch (by pulling tether cord cap) and emergency engine stop switch operation.
3. Release parking brake.

4. Refer to the *VEHICLE WARM UP* section and follow instructions.

Pre-Ride Check List

ITEM	OPERATION
Body including seat, footrests, lights, air filter, controls and instruments	Check condition and remove snow or ice.
Skis and steering	Check for free movement and proper action.
Fuel and oil	Check for proper level and no leaks.
Coolant	Check for proper level and no leaks.
Storage compartment	Check for proper latching and no heavy or breakable objects.
Throttle lever	Check for proper action.
Track	Check condition and remove snow or ice.
Brake lever	Check for proper action.
Parking brake	Check for proper action.
Emergency engine stop switch and engine cut-off switch (tether cord cap)	Check for proper action. Tether cord must be attached to driver clothing eyelet.
Lights	Check for proper operation.

How to Ride

Riding Gear

Proper snowmobile clothing should be worn. It should be comfortable and not too tight. Always check the weather forecast before going on a ride. Dress for the coldest weather expected. Thermal underwear next to the skin also provides a good insulation.

Wear an approved helmet at all times for safety and comfort. A stocking type cap, balaclava and face mask should always be carried or worn. Goggles or a face shield that attaches to the helmet are indispensable.

Hands should be protected by a pair of snowmobile gloves or mitts which have sufficient insulation and allow use of thumbs and fingers for operation of controls.

Rubber bottom boots with either a nylon or a leather top, with removable felt liners are best suited for snowmobiling.

You should keep yourself as dry as possible when snowmobiling. When you come indoors, take your snowmobile suit and boots off and make certain they dry properly.

Do not wear long scarves and loose apparels that could get caught in moving parts.

Carry colored lens goggles.

What to Bring

First aid kit	Provided tool kit
Flashlight	Spare drive belt
Friction tape	Spare spark plugs
Knife	Snack
Mobile phone	Trail map

Rider Position (Forward Operation)

Your riding position and balance are the two basic principles of making your snowmobile go where you want it to. When turning on the side of a hill, you and your passenger must be ready to shift body weight to help it turn in the desired direction. Driver and passenger(s) must never attempt this maneuvering by placing feet outside of the vehicle. Experience will teach you how much lean to put into turns at different speeds and how much you will have to lean into a slope to maintain proper balance.

Generally, the riding position for best balance and control is sitting. However, the posting, kneeling or standing positions are also used under certain conditions.

WARNING

Do not attempt any maneuvers if they are beyond your abilities.

Sitting

Feet on the running boards, body mid-way back on seat is an ideal position when operating the snowmobile over familiar, smooth terrain. Knees and hips should remain flexible to absorb shocks.



Posting

A semi-sitting position with the body off the seat and the feet under the body in a sort of squatting posture, thus allowing the legs to absorb the shocks when traveling over uneven terrain. Avoid abrupt stops.



Kneeling

This position is achieved by placing one foot firmly on the running board and the opposite knee on the seat. Avoid abrupt stops.



Standing

Place both feet on the running boards. Knees should be flexed to absorb the shock from surface bumps. This is an effective position to see better and to shift weight as conditions dictate. Avoid abrupt stop.



Rider Position (Reverse Operation)

We recommend sitting on your snowmobile when operating in reverse.

Avoid standing up. Your weight could shift forward against throttle lever while operating in reverse, causing an unexpected acceleration.

⚠ WARNING
 Unexpected acceleration when snowmobile operates in reverse can cause a loss of control.

Carrying a Passenger

Certain snowmobiles are designed for an operator only, others can allow one passenger only, and others can allow up to two passengers. Refer to the indications on the vehicles to know if any particular snowmobile can accommodate passengers or not, and if so, how many. Always respect those indications. Overloading is dangerous because snowmobiles are not designed for it.

Even when passengers are allowed, you must make sure that the persons who would like to become passengers are physically fit for snowmobiling.

⚠ WARNING
 Any passenger must be able to firmly lay his feet on the footrests and keep his hands on the handholds or seat strap at all times when seated. Respecting those physical criteria is important to ensure that the passenger is stable and to reduce the risks of ejection.

On snowmobiles allowing two passengers, if you have an adult and a child for passenger, BRP recommends that the child sits in the center location. This allows an adult sitting in the rear seat to keep a visual contact with the child and hold him if necessary. In addition, the child is best protected against the wind and cold temperature if seated in the center location.

Each operator has a responsibility to ensure the safety of his passengers and should inform them of snowmobiling basics.

⚠ WARNING

- Passengers must only sit on designated passenger seats. Never allow anyone to sit between the handlebar and the operator.
- Each passenger seat must have a strap or handholds and meet SSCC standards.
- Passengers and operators must always wear an approved helmets and warm clothing appropriate for snowmobiling. Make sure that no skin is exposed.
- Once underway, if a passenger feels uncomfortable or insecure for any reason, he must not wait, and tell the driver to slow-down or stop.

Riding with passengers on board is different than riding alone. The operator has the benefit of knowing what will be the next maneuver and is able to prepare himself accordingly. The operator also benefits from the support of his grip on the handlebar. In contrast, the passengers have to rely on the operator's careful and safe operation of the vehicle. In addition, "body english" is limited with passengers, and the operator can sometimes see more of the trail ahead than the passengers. Therefore, smooth starting and stopping are required with passengers, and the operator must slow down. The operator must also warn passengers of side hills, bumps, branches, etc. An unforeseen bump can leave you passenger-less. Remind your passengers to lean into the turn with you, without causing the vehicle to topple. Be extremely careful, go more slowly and check the passengers frequently.

⚠ WARNING

- When riding with a passenger:
- Braking ability and steering control are reduced. Decrease speed and allow extra space to maneuver.
 - Adjust suspension according to weight.

For complete information on how to adjust the suspension, please refer to the *TUNE YOUR RIDE* subsection.

Use extra caution and go even more slowly with young passengers. Check frequently to make certain the child has a firm grip and is properly positioned with his feet on the running boards.

Terrain/Riding Variations**Groomed Trail**

On a maintained trail, sitting is the most preferred riding position. Do not race and, above all, keep to the right hand side of the trail. Be prepared for the unexpected. Observe all trail signs. Do not zigzag from one side of the trail to the other.

Ungroomed Trail

Unless there has been a fresh snowfall you can expect "washboard" and snowdrift conditions. Taken at excessive speeds, such conditions can be physically harmful. Slow down. Hold on the handlebar and assume a posting position. Feet should be under the body assuming a crouched position to absorb any jarring effect. On longer stretches of "washboard" trails, the kneeling position of one knee on the seat can be adopted. This provides a certain amount of comfort, while at the same time keeps the body loose and capable of vehicle control. Beware of hidden rocks or tree stumps partially hidden by a recent snowfall.

Deep Snow

In deep “powder” snow, your vehicle could begin to “bog” down. If this occurs, turn in as wide an arc as possible and look for a firmer base. If you do get “bogged”, and it happens to everyone, do not spin your track as this makes the vehicle sink deeper. Instead, turn the engine off, get off and move the back of the vehicle onto new snow. Then tramp a clear path ahead of the vehicle. A few feet will generally suffice. Restart the engine. Assume the standing position and rock the vehicle gently as you steadily and slowly apply the throttle. Depending on whether the front or rear end of the vehicle is sinking, your feet should be placed on the opposing end of the running boards. Never place foreign material beneath the track for support. Do not allow anyone to stand in front of, or to the rear of, the snowmobile with the engine running. Stay away from the track. Personal injury will result if contact is made with the revolving track.

Frozen Water

Traveling frozen lakes and rivers can be fatal. Avoid waterways. If you are in an unfamiliar area, ask the local authorities or residents about the ice condition, inlets, outlets, springs, fast moving currents or other hazards. Never attempt to operate your snowmobile on ice that may be too weak to support you and the vehicle. Operating a snowmobile on ice or icy surfaces can be very dangerous if you do not observe certain precautions. The very nature of ice is foreign to good control of a snowmobile or any vehicle. Traction for starting, turning or stopping is much less than that on snow. Thus, these distances can be multiplied manyfold. Steering is minimal, and uncontrolled spins are an ever present danger. When operating on ice, drive slowly with caution. Allow

yourself plenty of room for stopping and turning. This is especially true at night.

Hard Packed Snow

Don't underestimate hard packed snow. It can be difficult to negotiate as both skis and track do not have as much traction. Best advice is to slow down and avoid rapid acceleration, turning or braking.

Uphill

There are two types of hills you can encounter — the open hill on which there are few trees, cliffs or other obstacles, and a hill that can only be climbed directly. On an open hill, the approach is to climb it by side hilling or slaloming. Approach at an angle. Adopt a kneeling position. Keep your weight on the uphill side at all times. Maintain a steady, safe speed. Continue as far as you can in this direction, then switch to an opposite hill angle and riding position.

A direct climb could present problems. Choose the standing position, accelerate before you start the climb and then reduce throttle pressure to prevent track slippage.

In either case, vehicle speed should be as fast as the incline demands. Always slow down as you reach the crest. If you cannot proceed further, don't spin your track. Turn the engine off, free the skis by pulling them out and downhill, place the rear of the snowmobile uphill restart the engine and ease it out with slow even throttle pressure. Position yourself to avoid tipping over, then descend.

Downhill

Downhill driving requires that you have full control of your vehicle at all times. On steeper hills, keep your center of gravity low and both hands on the handlebar. Maintain slight throttle pressure and allow the machine to run downhill with the engine operating.

If a higher than safe speed is reached, slow down by braking but apply the brake with frequent light pressure. Never jam the brake and lock the track.

Side Hill

When crossing a side hill or traversing up or downhill, certain procedures must be followed. All riders should lean towards the slope as required for stability. The preferred operating positions are the kneeling position, with the knee of the down hill leg on the seat and the foot of the uphill leg on the running board, or the posting position. Be prepared to shift your weight quickly as needed. Side hills and steep slopes are not recommended for a beginner or a novice snowmobiler.

Avalanche Hazard

When riding on mountainous terrain, you should be aware of the risk of avalanches. Avalanches vary in size and shapes and generally occur in steep terrain and on unstable snow.

New snow, animals, people, wind and snowmobiles can all trigger an avalanche. Avoid high marking or traversing steep terrain when avalanche conditions are possible. When in unstable snow conditions, travel should be restricted to lower angle slopes. Wind formed cornices should be avoided. Staying off unstable conditions is the key to safe mountain riding. Probably most important is to be aware of the conditions and dangers on a daily basis when in the mountains. Check local avalanche forecasts and threats each day before heading out to ride and heed forecasters advice.

You should always carry a snow shovel, probe and avalanche beacon while riding on mountains. We recommend that all mountain riders take a local avalanche safety training course to become more familiar with snow conditions and learn how to properly use their equipment.

Here are some web sites that can help you finding important information:

– Europe: www.avalanches.org

Slush

Slush should be avoided at all times. Always check for slush before starting across any lake or river. If dark spots appear in your tracks, get off the ice immediately. Ice and water can be thrown rearward into the path of a following snowmobile. Getting a vehicle out of a slush area is strenuous and in some cases, impossible.

Fog or Whiteout Conditions

On land or water, fog or visibility-limiting snow can form. If you have to proceed into the fog or heavy snow, do so slowly with your lights on and watch intently for hazards. If you are not sure of your way, do not proceed. Keep a safe distance behind other snowmobilers to improve visibility and reaction time.

Unfamiliar Territory

Whenever you enter an area that is new to you, drive with extreme caution. Go slow enough to recognize potential hazards such as fences or fence posts, brooks crossing your path, rocks, sudden dips, guy wires and countless other obstacles which could result in a termination of your snowmobile ride. Even when following existing tracks, be cautious. Travel at a speed so you can see what is around the next bend or over the top of the hill.

Bright Sunshine

Bright sunny days can considerably reduce your vision. The glare from sun and snow may blind you to the extent that you cannot easily distinguish ravines, ditches or other obstacles. Goggles with colored lenses should always be worn under these conditions.

Unseen Obstruction

There may be obstructions hidden beneath the snow. Driving off established trails and in the woods requires reduced speed and increased vigilance. Driving too fast in an area can make even minor obstacles very hazardous. Even hitting a small rock or stump could throw your snowmobile out of control and cause injury to its riders. Stay on established trails to reduce your exposure to hazards. Be safe, slow down and enjoy the scenery.

Hidden Wires

Always be on the lookout for hidden wires, especially in areas that may have been farmed at one time or another. Too many accidents have been caused by running into wires in the fields, guy wires next to poles and roads, and into chains and wires used as road closures. Slow speeds are a must.

Obstacles and Jumping

Unplanned jumps of snowdrifts, snowplow ridges, culverts or indistinguishable objects can be dangerous. You can avoid them by wearing the proper color lenses or face shields and by operating at a lower speed.

Jumping a snowmobile can be a hazardous situation. Be prepared before landing to absorb the shock and brace yourself for the impact. Knees must be flexed to act as shock absorbers.

If the trail does suddenly drop away from you, crouch (stand) towards the rear of the vehicle and keep the skis up and straight ahead. Apply partial throttle and brace yourself for the impact. Knees must be flexed to act as shock absorbers.

Turning

Depending on terrain conditions, there are two preferred ways to turn or corner a snowmobile. For most snow

surfaces, "body english" is the key to turning. Leaning towards the inside of the turn and positioning body weight on the inside foot will create a "banking" condition beneath the track. By adopting this position and positioning yourself as far forward as possible, weight will be transferred to the inside ski.

On occasion, you will find that the only way to turn the vehicle about in deep snow is to pull the snowmobile around. Do not over-exert yourself. Get assistance. Remember to always lift using your legs as opposed to your back.



Road Crossing

In some cases, you will be approaching the road from a ditch or snowbank. Choose a place where you know you can climb without difficulty. Use the standing position and proceed with only as much speed needed to crest the bank. Stop completely at the top of the bank and wait for all traffic to clear. Judge the drop to the roadway. Cross the road at a 90° angle. If you encounter another snowbank on the opposite side, position your feet near the rear of the vehicle. Remember, your snowmobile is not designed to operate on bare pavement and steering on this type of surface is more difficult.

Railroad Crossing

Never ride on railroad tracks. It is illegal. Railroad tracks and railroad rights-of-way are private property. A

snowmobile is no match for a train. Before crossing a railroad track, stop, look and listen.

Night Rides

The amount of natural and artificial light at a given time can effect your ability to see or to be seen. Nighttime snowmobiling is delightful. It can be a unique experience if you acknowledge your reduced visibility. Before you start, make certain your lights are clean and work properly. Drive at speeds that will allow you to stop in time when you see an unknown or dangerous object ahead. Stay on established trails and never operate in unfamiliar territory. Avoid rivers and lakes. Guy wires, barbed wire fences, cabled road entrances and other objects such as tree limbs are difficult to see at night. Never drive alone. Always carry a flashlight. Keep away from residential areas and respect the right of others to sleep.

Riding in Group

Before starting out, designate a "trail boss" to lead the party and another person to follow-up at the end of the party. Ensure that all members of the party are aware of the proposed route and destination. Make certain that you are carrying all necessary tools and equipment and that you have sufficient fuel to complete the trip. Never overtake the trail boss or, for that matter, any other snowmobile. Use down-the-line hand signals to indicate hazards or intent of direction change. Assist others whenever necessary.

It is always IMPORTANT to keep a safe distance between each snowmobile. Always maintain a safe interval and allow sufficient stopping distance. Don't be a tailgater. Know the position of the machine ahead.

Signals

If you intend to stop, raise either hand straight above your head. A left turn is indicated by extending your left hand straight out in the proper direction. For right turns, extend the left arm and raise the hand to a vertical position so it forms a right angle at the elbow. Every snowmobiler should relay any signal to the ones behind.

Trail Stops

Whenever possible, pull off the trail when you stop. This will reduce the hazard to other snowmobilers using the trail.

Trails and Signs

Trail signs are used to control, direct or regulate the use of snowmobiles on trails. Become familiar with all signs used in the area where you are snowmobiling.

Environment

Wildlife compliments your snowmobiling day. Snowmobile tracks provide firm ground over which animals can travel from area to area. Do not violate this privilege by chasing or harassing wildlife. Fatigue and exhaustion can lead to animal's death. Avoid areas posted for the protection or feeding of wildlife.

If you happen to be fortunate enough to see an animal, stop your snowmobile and observe quietly.

The guidelines that we support are not designed to limit your snowmobiling fun, but to preserve the beautiful freedom that you can experience only on a snowmobile! These guidelines will keep snowmobilers healthy, happy and able to introduce others to what they know and enjoy about their favorite winter pastime. So, the next time you hit the trails on a cool, crisp and clear winter day, we ask you to remember that you are paving the way for the fu-

ture of our sport. Help us lead it down the right path! From all of us at BRP, thank you for doing your share.

There is nothing more exhilarating than snowmobiling. Venturing onto snowmobile trails that cross wild areas is an exciting and healthy winter sport. However, as the number of people using these recreational parks increases, so does the potential for damage to the environment. Abuse of land, facilities and resources inevitably leads to restrictions and closures of both private and public land.

In essence, the greatest threat to our sport, is all around us. Which leaves us with one logical choice. When we snowmobile, we must always ride responsibly.

The vast majority respect the law and the environment. Each of us must set an example for those who are new to the sport, young and old alike.

It is in every one's best interest to tread lightly into our recreational areas. Because, in the long run, to protect the sport we must preserve the environment.

Recognizing the importance of this issue and the need for snowmobilers to do their share in preserving areas that make it possible to enjoy our sport, BRP has developed the "Light Treading Is Smart Sledding" campaign for snowmobilers.

Light Treading refers to more than the thread of our tracks. It's a statement of concern, respect and willingness to take the lead and take action. It applies to the environment in general, its proper care and maintenance, its natural inhabitants and all enthusiasts and the public at large who enjoy the great outdoors. With this theme, we invite all snowmobilers to remember that respecting the environment is not only critical to the future of our industry but to future generations.

Light Treading in no way suggests you should curb your appetite for snowmobiling fun! It simply means tread with respect!

The fundamental objective of Light Treading is one of respect for where and how you ride a snowmobile. You're a light treader when you follow the principles below.

Become informed. Obtain maps, regulations and other information from the Forest Service or from other public land agencies. Learn the rules and follow them and that goes for speed limits, too!

Avoid running over young trees, shrubs, and grasses and don't cut wood. On flatlands or areas where trail riding is popular, it's important to ride only where authorized. Remember, there is a link between protecting your environment and your own safety.

Respect wildlife and be particularly sensitive of animals that are rearing young or suffering from food shortage. Stress can sap scarce energy reserves. Refrain from riding in areas where only animals are intended to tread!

Obey gate closures and regulatory signs and remember, light treaders don't litter!

Stay out of wilderness areas. They're closed to all vehicles. Know where the boundaries are.

Obtain permission to travel across private land. Respect the rights of landowners and other people's privacy. Remember, snowmobile technology has lowered the noise factor considerably, but you still shouldn't rev your engines where quiet "is the order of the day".

Snowmobilers know all too well the efforts that have been made throughout the sport's history to enjoy access to areas where people can snowmobile safely and responsibly. This effort continues today, as strong as ever.

Respecting the areas where we ride... wherever they may be... is the only way to ensure their future enjoyment. That's one major reason why we know you'll agree that Light Treading is smart sledding! And there are more.

Enjoying the opportunity to see winter and all its natural majestic wonders, is an experience cherished by snowmobilers. Light Treading will preserve this opportunity and will make it possible for us to expose others to the beauty of winter and the unique thrill of our sport! Light Treading will help our sport to grow!

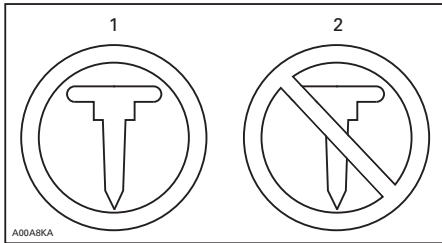
Finally, Light Treading is the sign of a smart snowmobiler. You don't have to leave big tracks or careen through a virgin forest to show you can ride. So whether you're driving a high performance Lynx, a sporty RS snowmobile or any other make or model, show you know what you're doing. Show you know how to send snow flying and make tracks with a light touch!

TRACTION ENHANCING PRODUCTS

NOTE: This section is applicable to snowmobiles equipped with a factory installed track that has been approved by BRP for special studs installation.

⚠ WARNING

Never stud a track that has not been approved for studs. Approved tracks can be identified by a stud symbol (see illustration below) molded into the track surface. Installing studs on an unapproved track could increase the risk of the track tearing or severing.



TRACK SYMBOLS

1. Approved
2. NOT Approved

⚠ WARNING

Use only the BRP approved type stud for these Lynx snowmobiles. **DO NOT EVER** use conventional studs as the track thickness is thinner than other standard tracks. The stud could tear off of track and separate from vehicle. See an authorized Lynx dealer for current specific studding availability and applications.

Using traction enhancing products such as, more aggressive ski carbide runners and/or studs on your snowmobile will change its behavior, particularly in terms of manoeuvrability, acceleration, and braking.

Using traction enhancing products gives a better grip on packed snow and ice, but has no noticeable effect

on soft snow. For this reason, driving a snowmobile equipped with traction enhancing products requires a certain adaptation period. If your snowmobile is equipped with traction enhancing products, be sure to take plenty of time to get used to the way it handles when turning, accelerating, and braking.

Also, always check local regulations concerning the use of traction enhancing products on snowmobiles. Always drive your snowmobile in a responsible manner, respecting the environment and other people's property.

Manoeuvrability

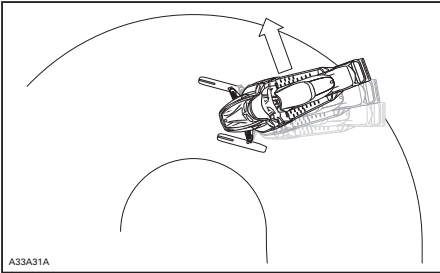
Using traction enhancing products such as, more aggressive ski carbide runners and/or studs makes the snowmobile grip the ground better at both the front and at the rear. The use of carbide runners is therefore required to give the skis a better grip, so that the front and rear of the snowmobile are in balance. While off-the-shelf carbide ski runners are adequate, they don't necessarily give you optimal control, since that depends on your personal preferences, your riding style, and how your suspension is adjusted.

⚠ WARNING

If the front and rear of the snowmobile are out of balance due to an incorrect combination of traction enhancing products, the snowmobile may tend to oversteer or understeer, which could lead to a loss of control.

Oversteering

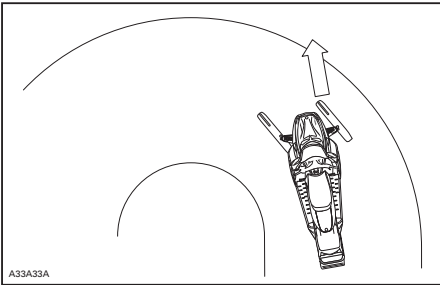
In certain conditions, using more aggressive ski carbide runners without studs on the rear track could make the snowmobile prone to oversteering, see illustration.



OVERSTEERING

Understeering

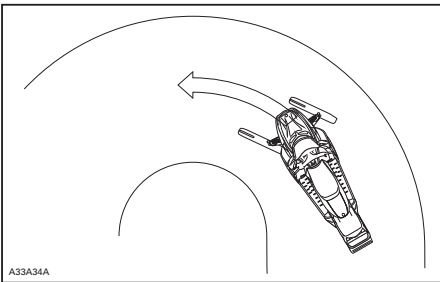
In certain conditions, the use of studs on the track could make the snowmobile prone to understeering if the skis are not equipped with more aggressive ski carbide runners, see illustration.



UNDERSTEERING

Controlled Driving

A balanced combination of carbide ski runners and studs on the track ensures adequate control and better handling, see illustration.



CONTROLLED DRIVING

Acceleration

Using studs on the track will allow your sled to accelerate better on packed snow and ice but will have no noticeable effect on soft snow. This can cause sudden variations in traction under certain conditions.

⚠ WARNING

To prevent surprises that could lead to a loss of control of the snowmobile:

- Always go easy on the throttle.
- NEVER try to spin the track to make the rear of the snowmobile skid.

This could cause debris or ice to be thrown violently backwards, possibly injuring others nearby or on snowmobiles behind you.

Braking

As in the case of acceleration, using studs on the track will give you better braking capacity on packed snow or ice but will have no noticeable effect on soft snow. Braking may thus vary suddenly under certain conditions. Be sure to use restraint in braking to keep from blocking the track in order to avoid surprises that could lead to a loss of control.

Important Safety Rules

⚠ WARNING

To prevent serious injury to individuals near the snowmobile:

- NEVER stand behind or near a moving track.
- Always use a wide-base snowmobile stand with a rear deflector panel if it is necessary to rotate track.
- When the track is raised off the ground, only run it at the lowest possible speed.

Centrifugal force could cause debris, damaged or loose studs, pieces of torn track, or an entire severed track to be violently thrown backwards out of the tunnel with tremendous force.

Effects of Having a Studded Track on the Life of the Snowmobile

The use of traction enhancing products can increase the load and the stress on certain snowmobile components, as well as the vibration level. This can cause premature wear on parts such as drive belts, brake linings, bearings, chain, chaincase sprocket, and on approved studded tracks, shorten track life. Always proceed with a visual inspection of your track before each use. For more information, refer to the *TRACK* in *MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES*.

Studs on the track can also cause serious damage to your snowmobile if it is not equipped with the tunnel protectors designed for your particular model. Damage to the electrical wiring or perforation of the heat exchangers are potential hazards, that could cause the engine to overheat and be severely damaged.

⚠ WARNING

If tunnel protectors are excessively worn or not installed, the gas tank could be punctured, causing a fire.

NOTICE Ask your dealer for the appropriate tunnel protectors model and kit number required for your snowmobile.

NOTE: Consult the BRP limited warranty to find out what warranty limitations are related to the use of studs.

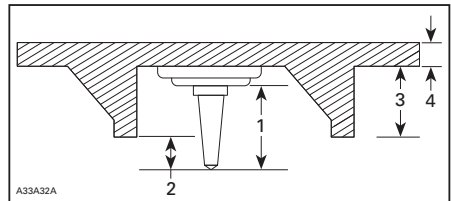
Installation of Studs on BRP Approved Tracks

⚠ WARNING

Never stud a track that has not been approved for studs. Installing studs on an unapproved track could increase the risk of the track tearing or severing.

To ensure safe and proper installation, BRP recommends to have the studs installed by your dealer.

- Use only the BRP approved special studs.
- Never use studs that exceed the height of your snowmobile's track profile by more than 9.5 mm (3/8 in).



INSTALLATION OF STUDS

1. Stud size
2. Penetration range 6.4 mm to 9.5 mm (1/4 ft to 3/8 ft)
3. Track lug height
4. Track belt thickness

⚠ WARNING

- See an authorized Lynx dealer for current specific studding availability and applications.
- DO NOT EVER use conventional stud because, the track thickness is thinner than our standard tracks and the stud could tear off of track and separate from vehicle.
- Studs should only be installed in the locations indicated by molded bulges in the track surface. Some track models have two types of molded bulges; triangles and circles. See the warning molded into the track surface to know which one to use.
- Never stud a track with a profile of 35 mm (1.375 in) or more.
- The number of studs installed must always perfectly match the pattern of molded bulges in the track.
- Always consult the traction product manufacturer's installation instructions and recommendations before having your dealer install studs and runners. It is very important to follow the torque specifications for the stud bolts.

INSTALLING AN INCORRECT NUMBER OF STUDS OR AN IMPROPER INSTALLATION CAN INCREASE THE RISK OF THE TRACK TEARING OR SEVERING.

- Lugs that are broken or torn off, exposing portions of rods
- Delamination of the rubber
- Broken rods
- Broken studs (studded tracks)
- Bent studs (studded tracks)
- Missing studs
- Studs that are torn off the track
- Missing track guide(s)
- Loose studs.

On approved studded tracks, replace broken or damaged studs immediately. If your track shows signs of deterioration, it must be replaced immediately. When in doubt, ask your dealer. Always proceed with a visual inspection of your track before each use.

⚠ WARNING

Riding with a damaged track or studs could lead to loss of control.

Inspection of a Studded Track

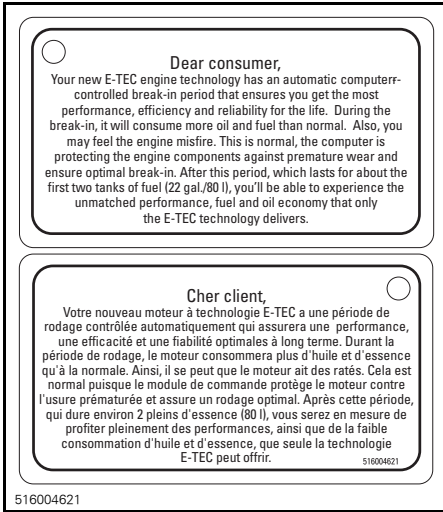
PROCEED WITH A VISUAL INSPECTION OF YOUR TRACK BEFORE EACH RIDE.

Look for any defects, such as:

- Perforations in the track
- Tears in the track (particularly around traction holes on studded tracks)

IMPORTANT ON-PRODUCT LABELS

Hang Tag



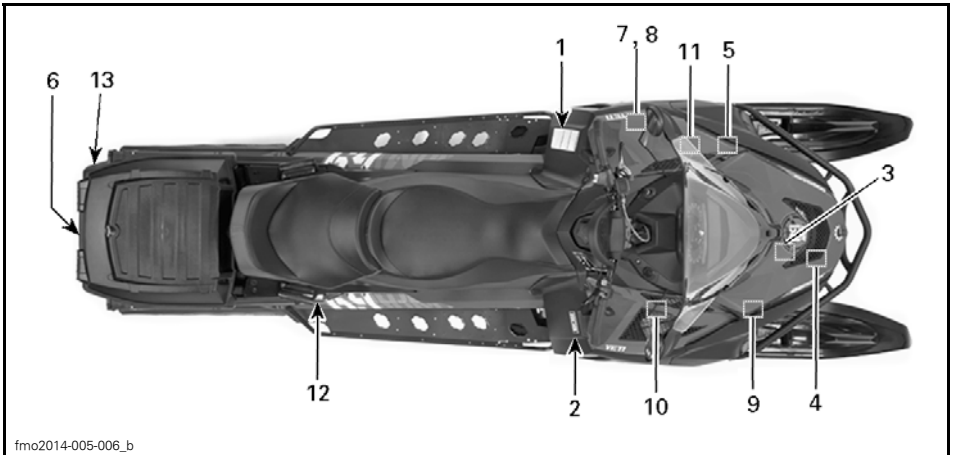
69 YETI 800R E-TEC

Vehicle Safety Labels

Read and understand all the safety labels on your vehicle. These labels are affixed to the vehicle for the safety of the operator, passenger or bystander.

The following labels are on your vehicle and they should be considered permanent parts of the vehicle. If missing or damaged, the decals can be replaced free of charge. See an authorized Lynx dealer.

NOTE: In the event of any discrepancy between this guide and the vehicle, the safety labels on the vehicle have precedence over the labels in this guide.



TYPICAL

VAROITUS

Lue käyttöohjekirja ja tutustu turvallisuusohjeisiin ennen moottorikelkan käyttöönottoa !

Ennen moottorin käynnistämistä TARKISTA

- että kaasu ja jarrunhallintalaitteet ovat kunnossa
- että **KAIKKI** suojat ovat paikallaan
- että kaikki suojat on suljettu
- että hätäkatkaisijan naru on kiinnitetty

Kun moottori käy, TARKISTA

- että hätäkatkaisija ja pysäytysnappi toimivat
- mikä vaihde on päällä ennen liikkeelle lähtöä

VARNING

Läs ägarehandboken och bekanta dig med säkerhetsföreskrifterna före användandet av snöskotern !

Före motorn startas, KONTROLLERA

- att gas- och bromsreglage löper lätt och automatiskt återgår till neutralläge
- att **ALLA** skydd är på plats
- att nödstoppslinan är fäst runt ena handleden eller i kläderna

När motorn startat, KONTROLLERA

- att nödstopp och stoppknapp fungerar
- vilken växel som är ilagd före avfärd

WARNING

Read the operator's manual and get acquainted with the safety instructions before you start using the snowmobile.

Before starting the snowmobile, CHECK

- that acceleration and brake system are in order
- that **ALL** the protections are in place
- that all the protections are closed
- that the emergency cut out switch is fastened

When the engine is running, CHECK

- that the emergency cut out switch and the emergency switch function
- that which gear is on before start

516006403

516006403

LABEL 1

Label 2

WARNING

- Locate and read operator's guide. Improper snowmobile use can result in SEVERE INJURY or DEATH. Follow all instructions and warnings.
- Always wear ear protection.
- Never use with drugs or alcohol.

WARNING | AVERTISSEMENT





516002703

LABEL 2

CAUTION

Beware of HOT parts!

516004651


516004651


LABEL 3

Label 4

WARNING

Beware of rotating parts.

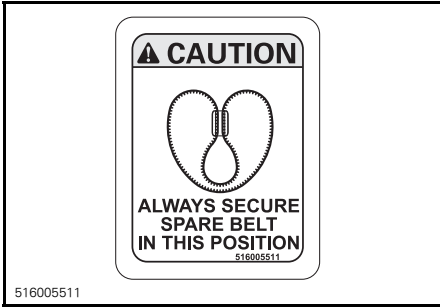




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59 YETI 550 - LABEL 4



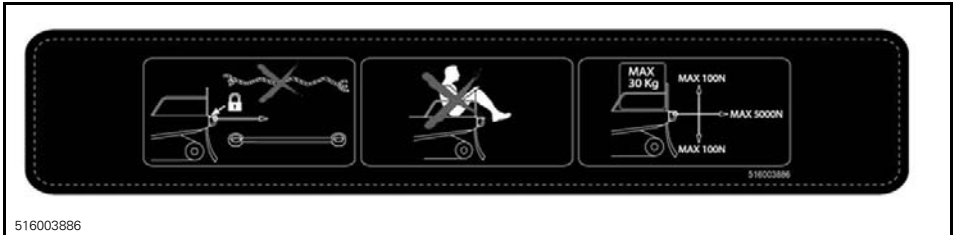
516005511

LABEL 5

Label 6

⚠ WARNING

- Always use a rigid tow bar to tow.
- NEVER carry a passenger on rear rack.
- MAXIMUM REAR LOAD: 30 kg
- MAXIMUM towing capacity: 5000N
- MAXIMUM tongue capacity: 100N



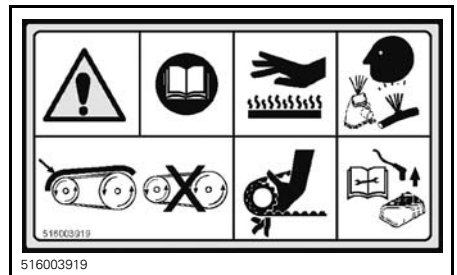
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LABEL 6

Label 7

⚠ WARNING

- Locate and read operator's guide. Follow all instructions and warnings.
- Beware of hot parts.
- Beware of hot vapors.
- Do not use without pulley guard.
- Beware of drive belt.
- Read instructions before service.

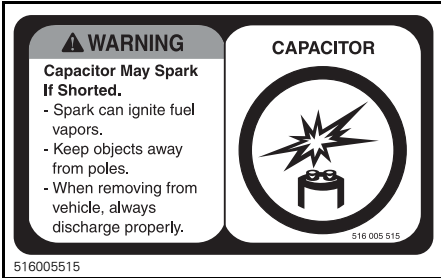


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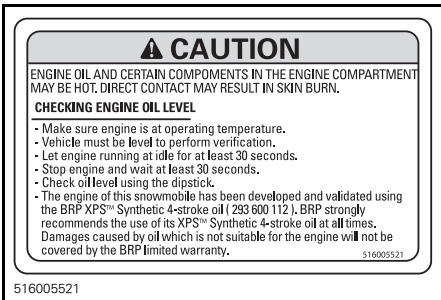
ON PULLEY GUARD - LABEL 7



ON PULLEY GUARD - LABEL 8



69 YETI - LABEL 9

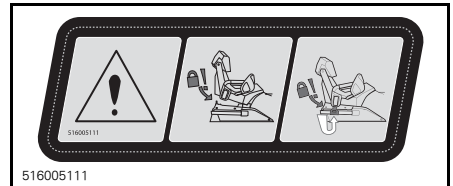


LABEL 10 - 600 ACE MODELS



ON FUEL INJECTORS - 600 E-TEC MODELS - LABEL 11

Label 12

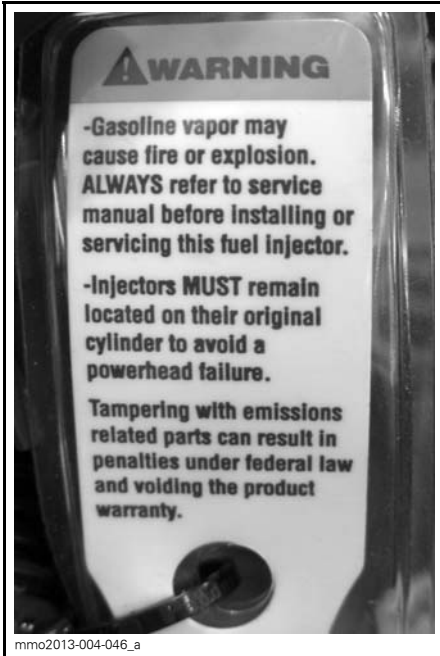


69 YETI ARMY- LABEL 12

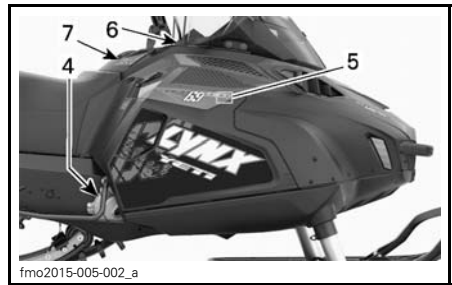
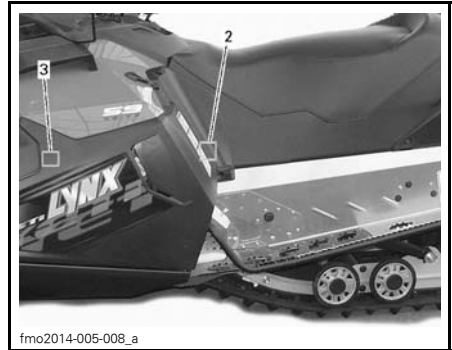
Label 13



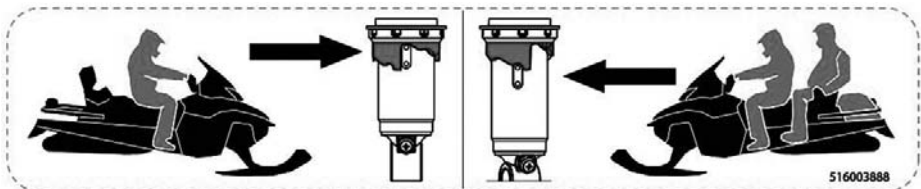
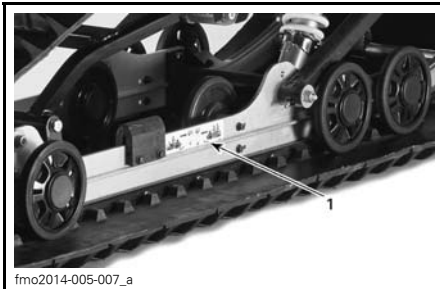
LABEL 13



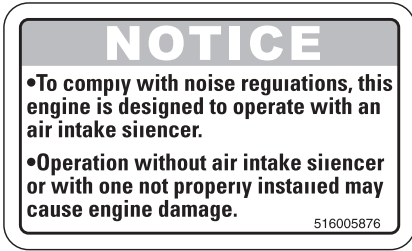
ON FUEL INJECTORS - E-TEC ONLY



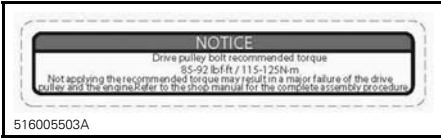
Technical Information Labels



LABEL 1



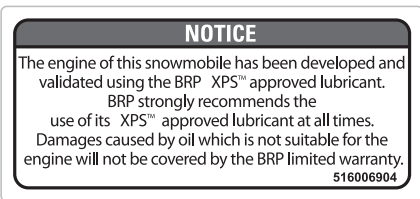
LABEL 2



ON PULLEY GUARD - LABEL 3



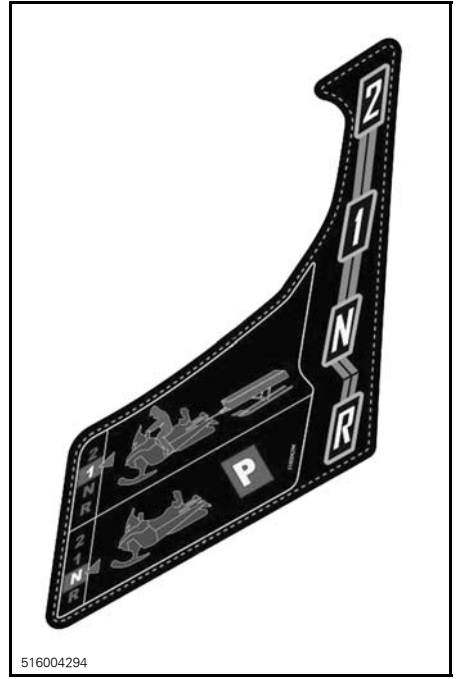
LABEL 4



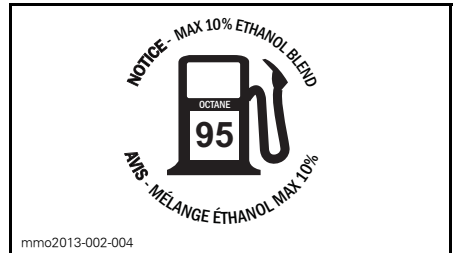
IN ENGINE COMPARTMENT - LABEL 5



ON CONSOLE - LABEL 6



ON CONSOLE NEAR SHIFT LEVER - LABEL 7



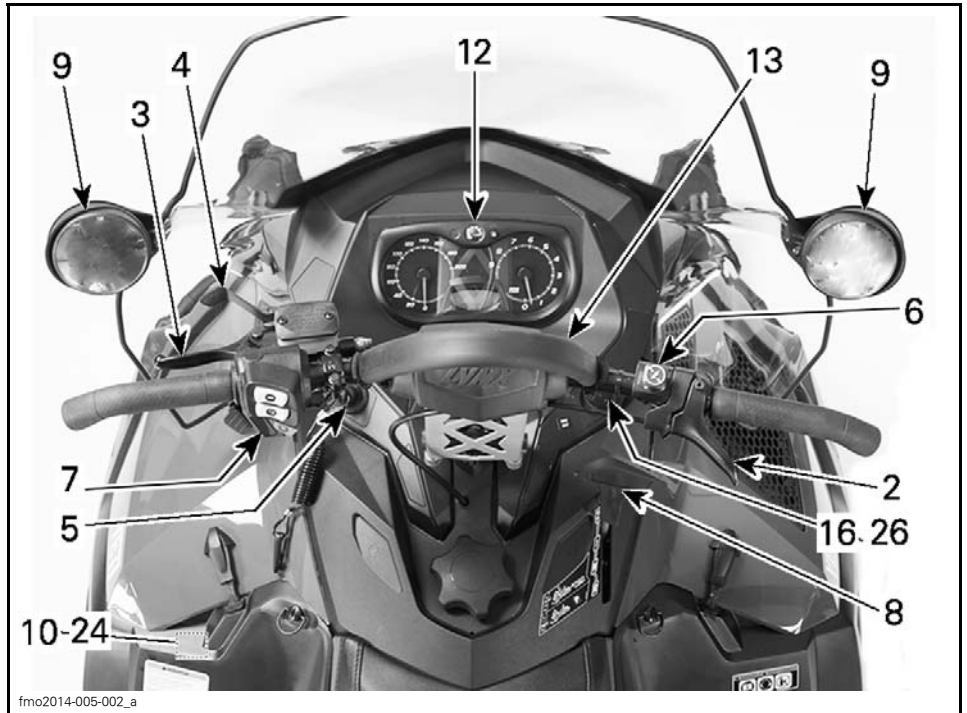
LOCATED ON FUEL CAP

VEHICLE INFORMATION

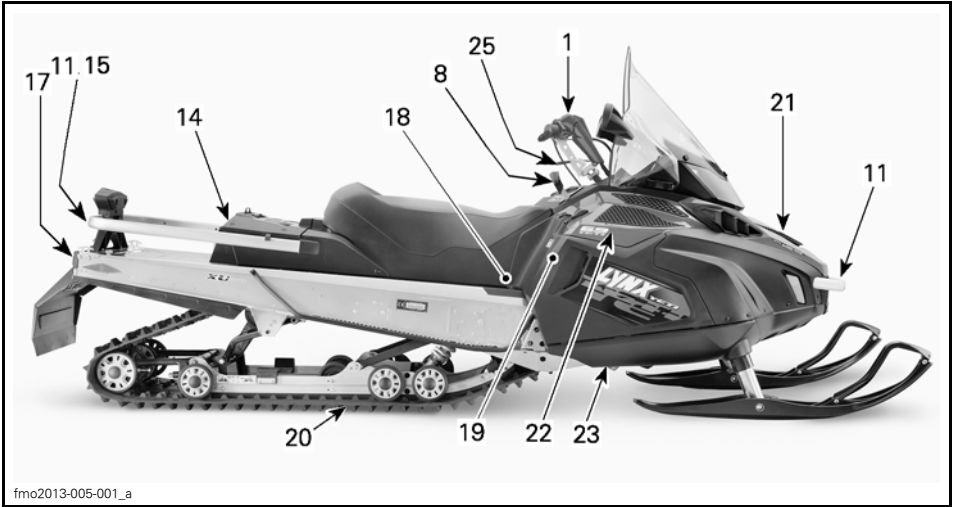
CONTROLS, INSTRUMENTS AND EQUIPMENT

NOTE: Some features may not apply to your model or could be optional.

NOTE: Some vehicle safety labels are not shown on illustrations. For information on vehicle safety labels, refer to *VEHICLE SAFETY LABELS* subsection.

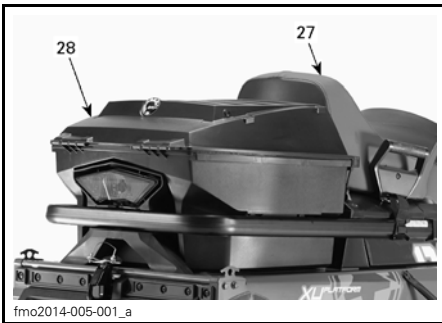


TYPICAL



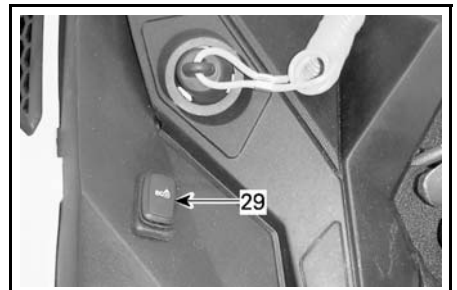
fmo2013-005-001_a

TYPICAL



fmo2014-005-001_a

69 YETI® ARMY



mmo2015-008-002_29

TYPICAL - LH SIDE OF FUEL TANK - 600 ACE AND 900 ACE ONLY



fmo2014-005-004_a

69 YETI® ARMY 600 E-TEC

1) Handlebar

The handlebar controls the steering of the snowmobile. As the handlebar is rotated to right or left, the skis are turned right or left to steer the snowmobile.

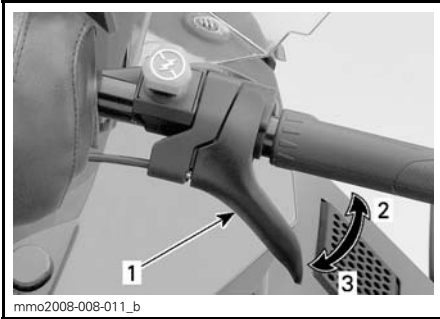
⚠ WARNING
Fast reverse while turning, could result in loss of stability and control.

2) Throttle Lever

Throttle Lever (All except 600 ACE and 900 ACE)

Throttle lever is located on the RH side of handlebar.

Designed to be thumb activated. When squeezed, it increases the engine speed. When released, engine speed returns automatically to idle.



TYPICAL

1. Throttle lever
2. To accelerate
3. To decelerate

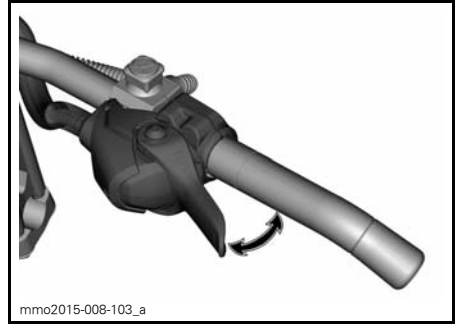
⚠ WARNING

Test the throttle lever operation each time before starting the engine. The lever must return to its the rest position once released. Otherwise, do not start engine.

Throttle Lever (600 ACE and 900 ACE)

Throttle lever is located on the RH side of handlebar.

Designed to be either thumb activated or finger activated. When squeezed, it increases the engine speed. When released, engine speed returns automatically to idle.



TYPICAL

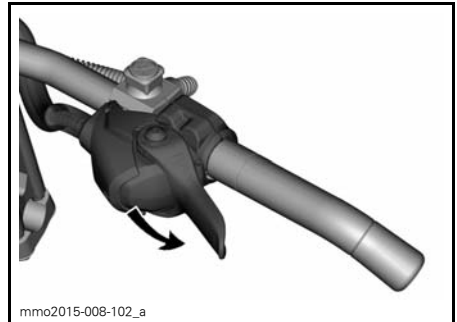
⚠ WARNING

Test the throttle lever operation each time before starting the engine. The lever must return to its the rest position once released. Otherwise, do not start engine.

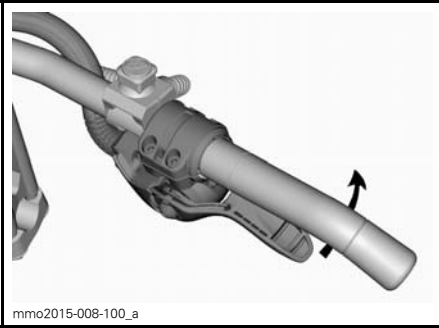
Switching from Thumb to Finger Throttle Position

⚠ CAUTION It is highly recommended to immobilize the snowmobile before attempting any modification to the throttle position as it could lead to a hazardous situation.

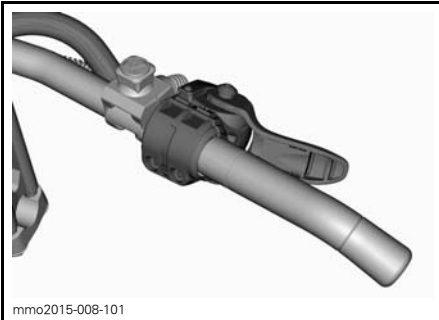
There are mainly three positions to choose from when going from the thumb to the finger throttle position and the best one will be to the rider's preference and in direct relation with the riding style and conditions.



THUMB THROTTLE POSITION : PUSH DOWNWARD TO ROTATE THROTTLE HOUSING



IF WANTED, CONTINUE TO ROTATE THE THROTTLE HOUSING



FINGER THROTTLE POSITION

⚠ CAUTION

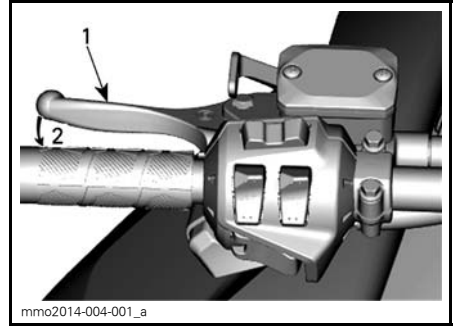
- It is **HIGHLY** recommended to use gloves and **NOT** mitts when using the finger throttle position.
- It is not recommended to use the finger throttle position while riding in dense off trail areas.

The procedure to go back to the thumb throttle position is the reverse of the one shown above.

3) Brake Lever

Brake lever is located on the LH side of handlebar.

When squeezed, the brake is applied. When released, it automatically returns to its rest position. Braking effect is proportional to the pressure applied on the lever and to the type of terrain and its snow coverage.



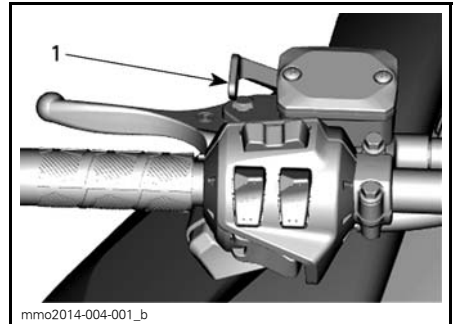
TYPICAL

1. Brake lever
2. To apply brake

4) Parking Brake Lever

Parking brake lever is located on the LH side of handlebar.

Parking brake should be used whenever snowmobile is parked.



TYPICAL

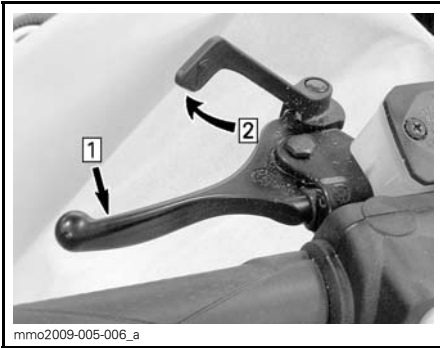
1. Parking brake lever

⚠ WARNING

Make sure parking brake is fully disengaged before operating the snowmobile. When you ride the vehicle, brake pads that are caused to drag by a continuous pressure on the lever may cause damage to the brake system and cause loss of braking capacity and/or fire.

To Engage Parking Brake

Apply and hold brake, then lock brake lever using the parking brake lever as shown.



TYPICAL — ENGAGE MECHANISM

Step 1: Apply and hold regular brake
 Step 2: Lock brake lever using parking brake lever

To Release Parking Brake

Squeeze brake lever. Parking brake lever will automatically return to its original position. Always release parking brake before riding.

5) Engine Cut-Off Switch

The engine cut-off switch is located to on the LH side of console.

The tether cord cap must be securely snapped to the engine cut-off switch to allow vehicle operation.

⚠ WARNING
 Always attach the tether cord eye-let to clothing before starting the engine.

Pulling the tether cord cap from the engine cut-off switch shuts the engine off.

D.E.S.S. (Digitally Encoded Security System)

**600 ACE, 900 ACE,
 600 HO E-TEC and 800R E-TEC
 Models**

After engine starting, 2 short beeps should be heard if a programmed D.E.S.S. key (tether cord cap) is correctly snapped on engine cut-off switch. If another beep code is heard,

refer to *MONITORING SYSTEM* for D.E.S.S. malfunction codes information.

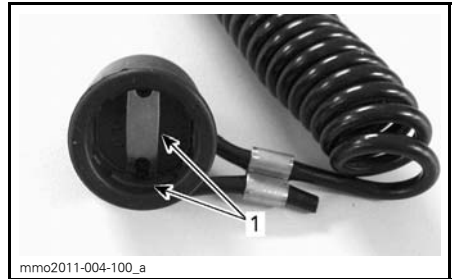
The tether cord cap has an integrated D.E.S.S. key to provide you and your snowmobile with the equivalent security of a conventional lock key.

The D.E.S.S. key contains an electronic chip which features a unique permanently memorized digital code.

Your authorized Lynx dealer has programmed the D.E.S.S. of your snowmobile to recognize the D.E.S.S. key in the tether cord cap to allow vehicle operation.

If another tether cord is used without programming the D.E.S.S., the engine will start but will not reach drive pulley engagement speed to move vehicle.

Make sure the tether cord cap is free of dirt or snow.



TETHER CORD CAP

1. Free of dirt or snow

D.E.S.S. Flexibility

The D.E.S.S. of your snowmobile can be programmed by your authorized Lynx dealer to accept up to 8 different keys.

We recommend the purchase of additional tether cords from your authorized Lynx dealer. If you have more than one D.E.S.S. equipped Lynx snowmobile, each can be programmed by your authorized Lynx dealer to accept the other vehicles D.E.S.S. keys.

D.E.S.S. Key Types (600 ACE and 900 ACE)

Two types of keys can be used:

- Normal key
- Learning key.

To ease key type recognition, the tether cord comes in different colors.

KEY TYPE	COLOR
Normal	Black
Learning	Green

The Lynx learning key, limits the speed of the snowmobile and the engine torque, therefore enabling first time users and less experienced operators to learn how to operate the snowmobile while gaining the necessary confidence and control.

NOTE: The initial learning key programming can limit the speed to 40 km/h (25 MPH) or 70 km/h (43 MPH). Refer to your authorized Lynx dealer to modify this setting.

Refer to *OPERATING MODES* subsection for details.

6) Emergency Engine Stop Switch

The emergency engine stop switch is located on the RH side of handlebar.

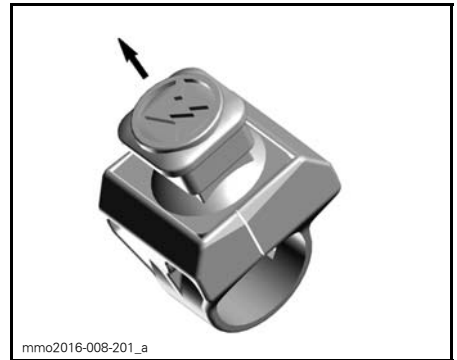
Use the emergency stop switch to stop engine in a emergency situation.

To stop the engine, push switch down (OFF position).



OFF POSITION

To allow engine starting, the switch must be in the ON position (UP).



ON POSITION

All operators of the snowmobile should familiarize themselves with the function of the emergency engine stop switch by using it several times on first outing and whenever stopping the engine thereafter. This engine stopping procedure will become a reflex and will prepare operators for emergency situations requiring its use.

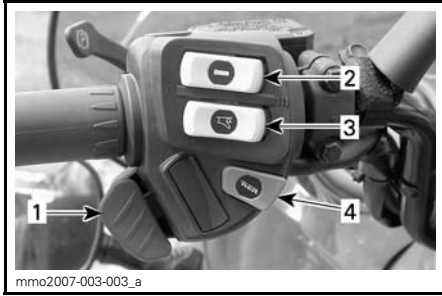
⚠ WARNING

If the switch has been used in an emergency caused by a suspected malfunction, the source of the malfunction should be determined and corrected before restarting engine. See an authorized Lynx dealer for servicing.

7) Multifunction Switch

550F

Multifunction switch is located on the LH side of handlebar.

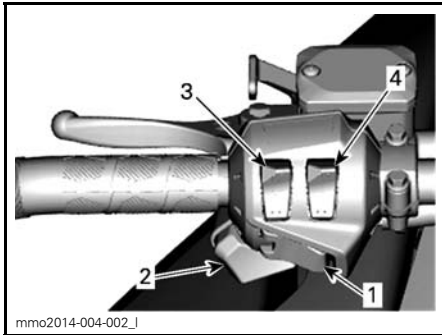


550F MODELS

1. Headlights dimmer switch
2. Heated grips switch
3. Heated throttle lever switch
4. Start button

E-TEC and ACE Models

Multifunction switch is located on the LH side of handlebar.



ALL MODELS EXCEPT 550F

1. Start button
2. Headlights dimmer switch
3. Heated grips
4. Heated throttle lever

Start Button

Press to start engine. Refer to *ENGINE STARTING PROCEDURE* in the *OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS* subsection.

Headlights Dimmer Switch

Press to select HI or LOW beam. Lights are automatically ON when the engine is running.

Heated Grips and Throttle Lever Switch

E-TEC

NOTE: Under 1900 RPM, heated grips or throttle lever will be limited at 50%.

600 ACE

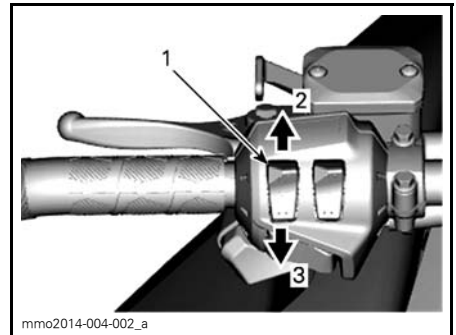
NOTE: Heated grips or throttle lever are enabled above 1900 engine RPM.

All Models

Depress switch as required to select heating intensity to keep your hands at a comfortable temperature.

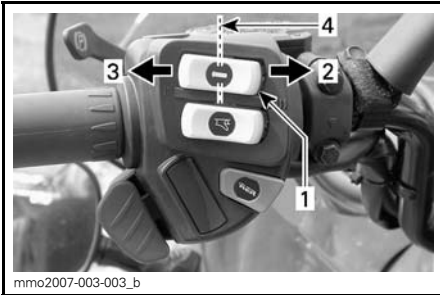
Heated Grips Switch

E-TEC and ACE Models

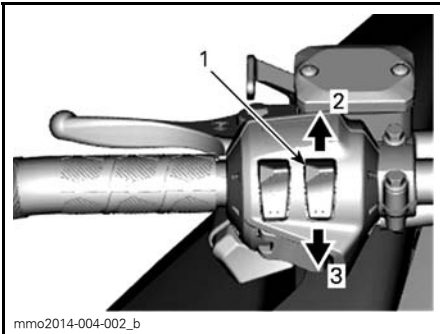


TYPICAL

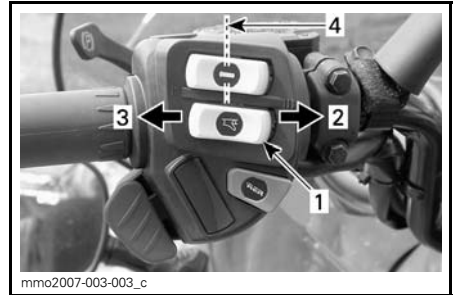
1. Heated grip switch
2. Increase heat
3. Decrease heat

550F Models**TYPICAL**

1. Heated grip switch
2. Increase heat
3. Decrease heat
4. Off

Heated Throttle Lever Switch***E-TEC and ACE Models*****TYPICAL**

1. Heated throttle lever switch
2. Increase heat
3. Decrease heat

550F Models**TYPICAL**

1. Heated throttle lever switch
2. Increase heat
3. Decrease heat
4. Off

8) Gearshift Lever

Use this lever to select gears. The gearbox has two forward gears, a reverse gear and a neutral.

Refer to *GEARBOX OPERATION* in *OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS* for details.

NOTE: It is necessary to push shift lever knob down to move it from neutral to reverse gear.

NOTE: Do not shift when vehicle is moving.

9) Adjustable Mirrors

Each mirror can be adjusted to suit driver's preference by gently rotating the mirror glass.

⚠ WARNING

Adjust with vehicle at rest in a safe place.

10) Tool Kit

A tool kit containing tools for basic maintenance is supplied with the vehicle.

The tool kit support is located in engine compartment on pulley guard.

NOTICE Make sure tool kit is secured properly to avoid contact with drive belt or drive pulley.

To remove the tool kit support from the pulley guard, unlock the tab from underneath the pulley guard and pull the tool kit support towards front to release it.

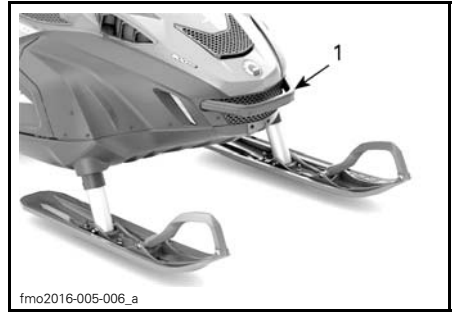


TYPICAL
1. Tool kit

11) Front Bumper and Rack Rail

To be used whenever snowmobile requires manual lifting.

CAUTION Use proper lifting techniques, notably using your legs force. Do not attempt to lift either end of the vehicle if it is above your limits. Use appropriate lifting device or have assistance to share lifting stress if possible.



TYPICAL
1. Front bumper



TYPICAL
1. Rear rack rail

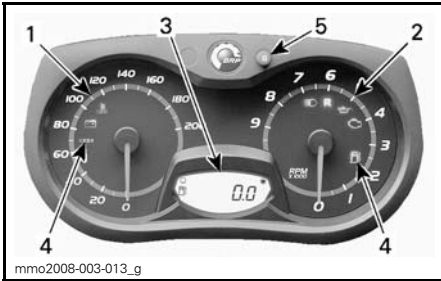
NOTICE Do not use skis or ski handles to pull or lift snowmobile.

12) Gauge

WARNING

Never adjust or set functions on the multifunction gauge while riding the vehicle.

Gauge Description



ANALOG/DIGITAL GAUGE (STANDARD)

1. Speedometer
2. Tachometer (RPM)
3. Gauge digital display
4. Gauge pilot lamps
5. Gauge SET "S" button

NOTE: The gauge is factory preset in Imperial units but it is possible to change it to metric units, contact an authorized Lynx dealer for unit settings.

1) Speedometer

Measures vehicle speed (in miles per hour or kilometers per hour depending on the setting).



LH PORTION OF GAUGE

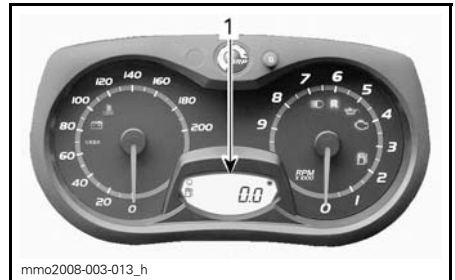
2) Tachometer (RPM)

Measures engine revolution per minute (RPM). Multiply by 1000 to obtain the actual revolutions.



RH PORTION OF GAUGE

3) Digital Display



1. Digital display

⚠ WARNING

Never adjust or set functions on the multifunction gauge while riding the vehicle, you could lose control.

The multifunction display is used to:








- Display the WELCOME message on power up
- Display the KEY recognition message
- Provide various indications as selected by the operator
- Activating or changing various functions or modes of operation
- Display scrolling messages of function activation or system faults
- Display fault codes.

4) Pilot Lamps and Messages

See table below for usual pilot lamps information. Refer to *MONITORING SYSTEM* for details on malfunction pilot lamps.



TYPICAL — PILOT LAMPS

PILOT LAMP(S) ON	BEEPER	DESCRIPTION
	4 short beeps every 5 minutes	Two stroke engine: Injection oil level is low. Stop vehicle in a safe place then, replenish injection oil reservoir. Four stroke engines: Low engine oil pressure. Stop vehicle in a safe place then, check oil level. Fill to proper level. If oil level was correct, discontinue use and contact an authorized Lynx dealer.
	—	Low fuel level. One (1) bar left in fuel level display. Replenish fuel tank as soon as possible.
	Long beeps repeating slowly	Reverse is selected.
	3 short beeps	Reverse did not engage, try again.
	—	High beam headlights are selected.
ACE Only		
	—	ECO mode is selected.
	—	Standard mode is selected.
	—	Sport mode is selected.

5) SET (S) Button

Button used to navigate, adjust or reset gauge multifunction display. In order to memorize settings, engine must be running.

Gauge Features

AVAILABLE INDICATIONS IN NUMERICAL DISPLAY					
Functions	550F	600 HO E-TEC	800R E-TEC	600 ACE	900 ACE
A) Odometer	X	X	X	X	X
B) Trip meter "A" or "B"	N.A.	X	X	X	X
C) Trip hour meter	N.A.	X	X	X	X
D) Fuel level	X	X	X	X	X
E) E-TEC engine storage mode	N.A.	X	X	N.A.	N.A.
F) Engine Coolant temperature	N.A.	X	X	X	X

X = An X indicates a standard feature
 Opt = Feature available as an option
 N.A. = Not available

When the information center is first powered up, the numerical display defaults to the last selected indication.

A) Odometer

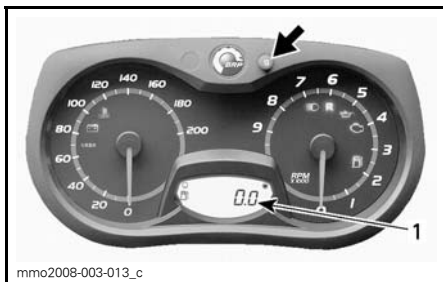
Records the total distance travelled.

550F

The odometer is displayed on the digital display.

E-TEC and ACE Models

Press the SET (S) button to select odometer mode.

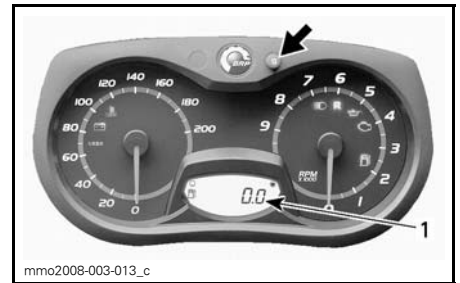


1. Odometer (km/mi) mode

B) Trip Meter "A" or "B"

Trip meters records distance travelled since it has been reset.

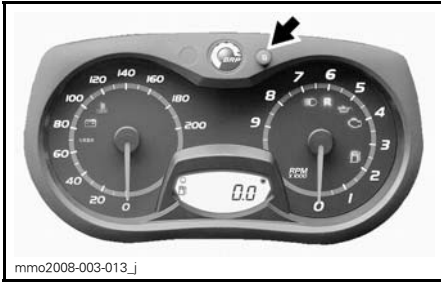
Press the SET (S) button to select trip meter (TRIP A/TRIP B) mode.



1. Trip meter (TRIP A/TRIP B) mode

Press and hold the SET (S) button to reset.

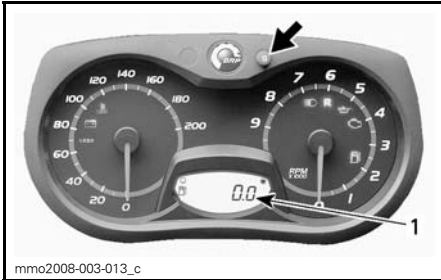
NOTE: Resetting TRIP B mode will also reset TOTAL FUEL CONSUMPTION.



C) Trip Hour Meter

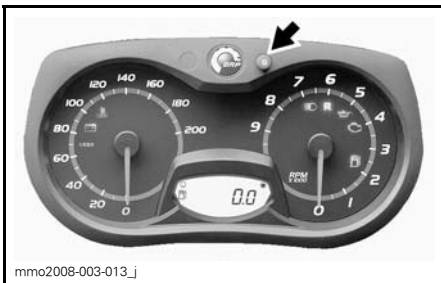
Records vehicle running time when the electrical system is activated since it has been reset.

Press the SET (S) button to select trip hour meter (HrTRIP) mode.



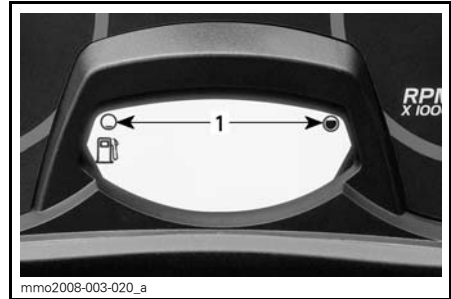
1. Trip hour meter (HrTRIP) mode

Press and hold the SET (S) button to re-set.



D) Fuel Level

Bar gauge that continuously indicates the amount of fuel left in the fuel tank.



FUEL LEVEL

1. Operating range

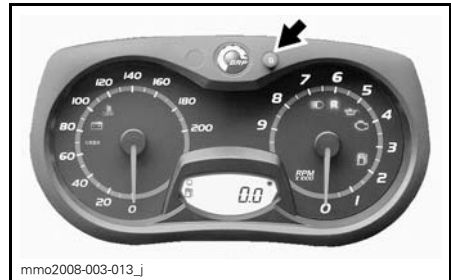
E) E-TEC Engine Storage Mode

Displays OIL when the storage mode procedure is initiated.

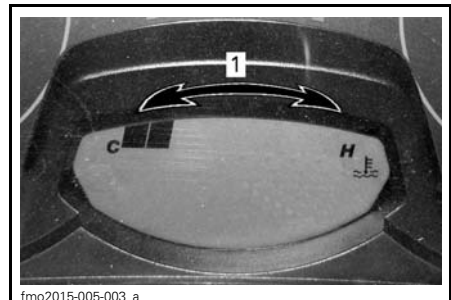
F) Engine Coolant Temperature

Bar gauge that continuously indicates the engine coolant temperature.

Press the SET (S) button to select odometer mode.



Press and hold the SET (S) button to select Engine coolant temperature mode.

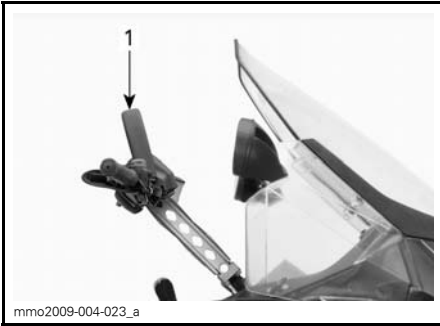


COOLANT TEMPERATURE

1. Operating range

13) Mountain Strap

Mountain strap provides a grip for the driver when side-hilling.



TYPICAL

1. Mountain strap

⚠ WARNING

This strap is not for towing, lifting or other purpose than temporary use as a grab handle when a leverage is needed at very low speeds.

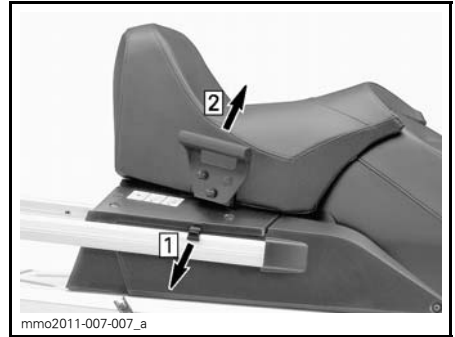
14) Storage Compartment

The storage compartment is located behind the driver's seat.

⚠ WARNING

The storage compartment must be properly latched and must not contain any sharp, heavy or breakable objects.

To open the lid, pull and hold the rubber tab sideways, then lift the RH side of the lid or passenger seat if installed.

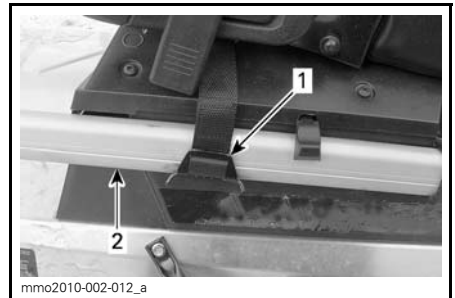


Step 1: Pull rubber tab

Step 2: Lift RH side

To close lid, simply push it down until it latches.

In addition, when passenger seat is installed, hook the retaining strap to the rear rack rail as shown.



TYPICAL

1. Retaining strap

2. Rear rack rail

⚠ CAUTION When closing lid with the passenger seat installed, secure with the retaining strap.

Battery

Battery is located in storage box under passenger seat. To get access to battery push battery cover notches both sides of cover and remove it



15) Rear Rack

⚠ WARNING

All objects in rear rack must be properly latched. Do not carry any breakable objects. Excessive weight in rack may reduce steering ability.

⚠ WARNING

Always readjust suspension according to the load. The capacity of this rack is limited, the MAXIMUM cargo load is 30 kg (66 lb). Ride at very low speed when loaded. Avoid speed over bumps.

16) 12-Volt Power Outlet

A 12-volt power outlet is installed at front, near steering column.

A 12-volt electric appliance may be connected to that jack connector.

17) Hitch

Use the hitch in conjunction with a tow bar to tow an accessory.

When attaching any accessory, always refer to the manufacturer's recommendations.

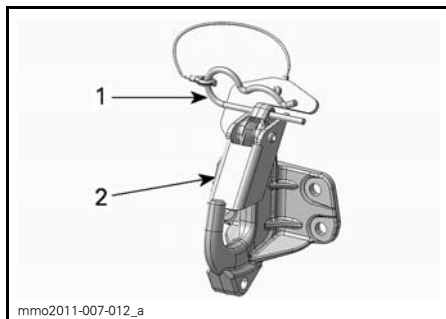
NOTE: Refer to decal on vehicle for towing weight capacities.

⚠ WARNING

Never tow an accessory with a rope. Always use a rigid tow bar. Using a rope would result in a collision between the object and the snowmobile and possibly in a tip over in case of a rapid deceleration or on a downward slope.

J-Type Hitch (European Models)

Attaching an Equipment



1. Hairpin clip
2. Safety tab

1. Remove the hairpin clip.
2. Align accessory attachment hole with the hitch hook.
3. Push the accessory attachment passed the safety tab.
4. Secure safety tab using the hairpin clip.

Detaching an Equipment

1. Remove the hairpin clip.
2. Push safety tab forward to free accessory attachment from the hitch.
3. Detach accessory attachment.
4. Install hairpin clip.

18) Fuses

The electrical system is protected with fuses, refer to *ELECTRICAL SYSTEM* for details.

The fuse box is located in the left side of vehicle behind seat cover. To get access to fuse box open lower side panel and then remove seat cover lower left aside.

⚠ CAUTION Do not use a higher rated fuse as this can cause severe damage to electrical components and/or be a potential fire.

⚠ WARNING

If fuse has burnt out, source of malfunction should be determined and corrected before restarting. See an authorized LYNX dealer for servicing.



fmo2012-003-005



fmo2012-003-021

550 MODEL

19) Rewind Starter Handle

Auto-rewind type located on right hand side of snowmobile behind side panel. To engage mechanism, pull handle slowly until a resistance is felt then pull vigorously. Slowly release handle.

20) Track

⚠ WARNING

Never stud a track that has not been approved for studs. Installing studs on an unapproved track could increase the risk of the track tearing or severing, possibly resulting in serious injury or death.

Before proceeding with the installation of special studs on tracks you must contact your authorized LYNX snowmobile dealer for current specific studing availability and applications.

BRP does **not** recommend to ride a snowmobile equipped with high lug profile track at **high speed** in a trail, on hard packed surfaces or ice for an extended period of time.

In the event that you have to, **reduce your speed**, then minimize the distance you ride on those surfaces.

⚠ CAUTION Running those tracks at high speed in a trail, on hard packed surfaces or ice put more stress on the lugs, which tend to heat up as a result. To avoid potential degradation or damage to the track, reduce your speed, then minimize the distance you ride on those surfaces.

For general instructions on maintenance of tracks, refer to the sections *TRACK* and *TRACK TENSION AND ALIGNMENT* in the *MAINTENANCE* section of this guide.

21) Hood

⚠ WARNING

Never operate engine with hood removed from vehicle.

Hood Removal

1. Remove upper side panels as explained in this subsection.
2. Unhook the rubber ties on both sides.

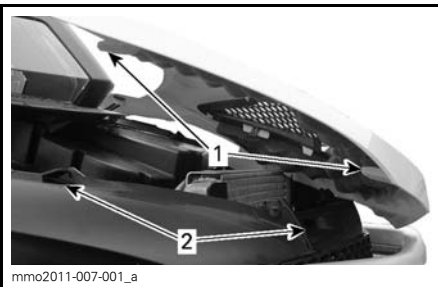


1. Rubber tie

3. Slide hood towards front to free the tabs from their slots.

Hood Installation

1. Engage the tabs located at front and center of the hood into the bottom pan slots.



TYPICAL

1. Hood tabs
2. Bottom pan slots

2. Slide hood towards headlights until it stops.

3. Hook the rubber ties.

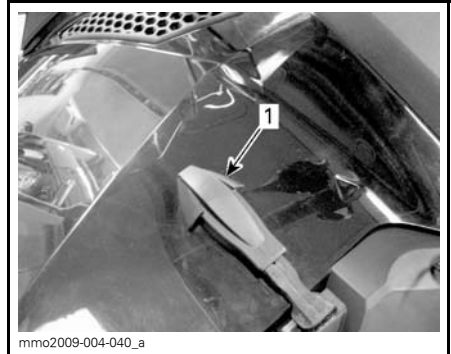
22) Upper Side Panels

⚠ WARNING

Never operate engine with side panels opened or removed from vehicle.

Upper Side Panel Removal

1. Unhook the rubber tie.

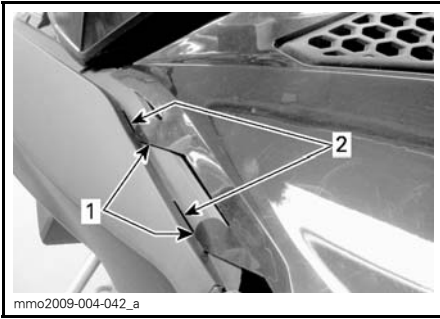


TYPICAL

1. Rubber tie
2. Lift the rear portion of panel to free the plastic tab from the console.
3. Slide panel towards rear.

Upper Side Panel Installation

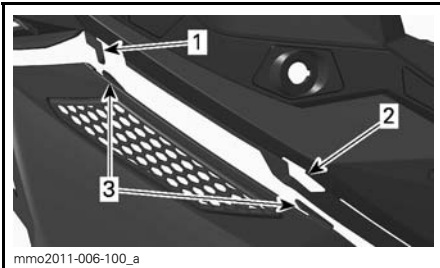
1. Insert the panel lower tabs into the bottom pan slots.



TYPICAL

1. Panel lower tabs
2. Bottom pan slots

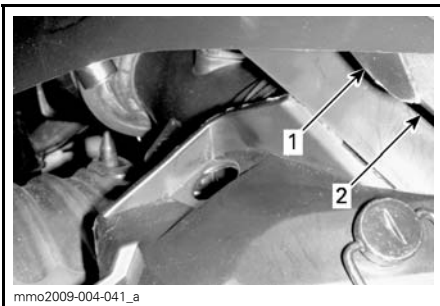
2. Hook the panel top center tabs to the console.



TYPICAL

1. Console hook
2. Console slot
3. Panel center tabs

3. Insert the rear tab into the console slot.



TYPICAL

1. Rear tab
2. Console slot

4. Hook rubber tie.

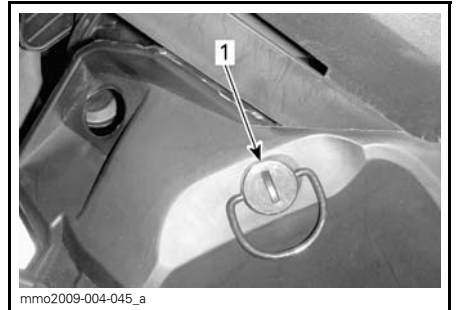
23) Lower Side Panels

⚠ WARNING

Never operate engine with side panels opened or removed from vehicle.

Lower Side Panel Removal

1. Remove upper side panel as explained above.
2. Turn the clip 1/4 turn counterclockwise to unlock.



1. Clip

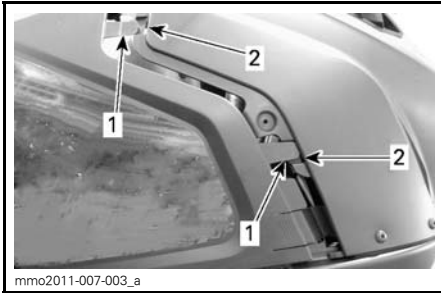
3. Push and hold lock tab in, then pull panel up and rearward.



1. Lock tab

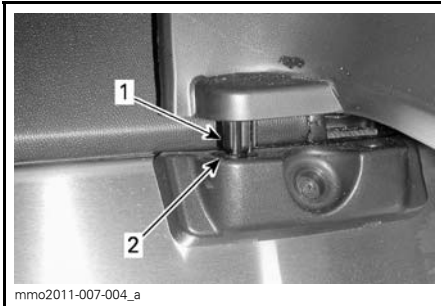
Lower Side Panel Installation

1. Align panel front tabs in the bottom pan slots.



1. Panel front tabs
2. Bottom pan slots

2. Insert panel lower tabs in the bottom pan slots.
3. Push panel towards front.
4. Insert the panel dowel into the tunnel hole.



1. Panel dowel
2. Tunnel hole

5. Lock the clip by turning it 1/4 turn clockwise.

24) Drive Belt Guard

Drive Belt Guard Removal

⚠ WARNING

NEVER operate engine:

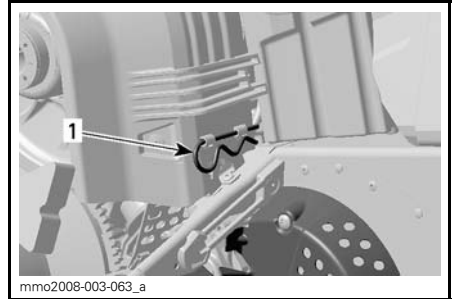
- Without shields and drive belt guard securely installed.
- With hood and/or side panels opened or removed.

NEVER attempt to make adjustments to moving parts while engine is running.

Remove the tether cord cap from engine cut-off switch.

Remove LH side panels, see procedure in this subsection.

Remove retaining pin.



TYPICAL

1. Retaining pin

Lift rear portion of drive belt guard, then release from front tabs by pivoting the guard outwards.

Drive Belt Guard Installation

When reinstalling drive belt guard, position its cutaway toward front of snowmobile.

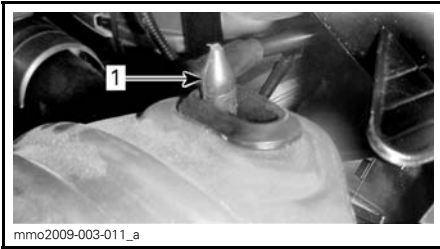
Place the front LH slot of the drive belt guard over the longest tab.

Pivot the guard inward to engage the shortest tab in the RH slot.



1. Tabs

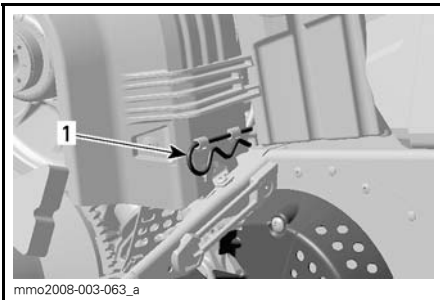
Position the grommet over the retaining rod.



1. Retaining rod

Position rear portion of the drive belt guard over the retainer and secure it using the retaining pin.

NOTE: Drive belt guard is purposely made slightly oversize to maintain tension on its pins and retainers preventing undue noise and vibration. It is important that this tension be maintained when reinstalling.



1. Retaining pin

25) Tilt Steering

69 YETI 900 ACE

The handlebar height is adjustable. You can change handlebar to 4 different positions.

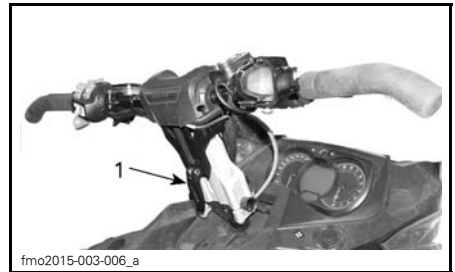


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69 YETI Army

To adjust handlebar height, proceed as follows:

1. Pull up the lock lever.



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1. Lock lever

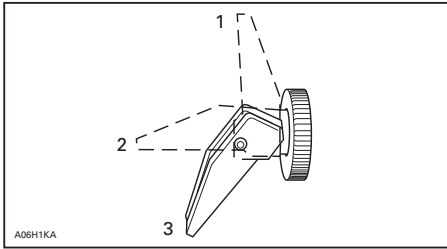
2. Bring the handlebar to the desired position and push down the lock lever to lock it.

26) Choke lever

59 YETI 550

See proper usage instructions in *OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS* section.

This device features a 3-position lever to facilitate cold start.



1. OFF
2. Position 2
3. Position 3

Initial Cold Starting

NOTE: Do not operate the throttle lever with the choke lever on.

Move the choke lever to position 3 and start the engine. As soon as the engine starts, move the lever to position 2. After a few seconds (10 seconds maximum) move the choke lever to OFF.

NOTE: In severe cold weather, colder than -20°C you may need to flip choke lever from OFF to position 1 a couple of times once engine is started.

Warm Engine Starting

Start the engine without any choke. If the engine will not start after two pulls of the rope or two 5 second attempts with the electric starter move choke lever to position 2. Start the engine without activating the throttle lever. As soon as the engine starts move the choke lever to OFF.

27) Passenger Seat (1+1)

69 YETI ARMY

⚠ WARNING

Any passenger must be able to firmly lay his feet on the footrests and keep his hands on the grab handles at all times when seated. Respecting those physical criteria is important to ensure that the passenger is stable and to reduce the risks of ejection.

Passenger Seat Removal

To remove the passenger seat, proceed as follows:

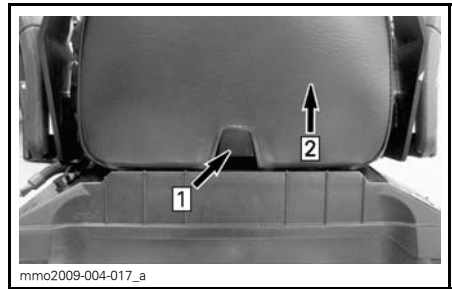
1. Disconnect the accessories connector by pulling.

NOTE: The connector is located on the LH side of the storage box.



1. Accessories connector

2. Install the rubber plug on the connector.
3. Push the latch tab in and lift-up the rear of seat.



- Step 1: Push tab
Step 2: Lift rear of seat

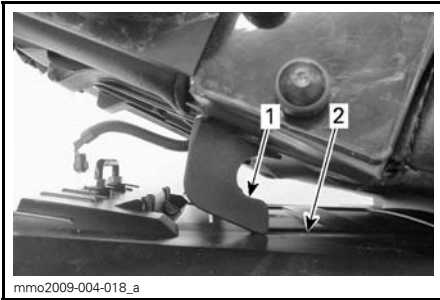
4. Slide seat rearward and set aside.

Passenger Seat Installation

To install the passenger seat, proceed as follows:

1. Place the passenger seat facing forward on the storage box lid.

- Slightly incline the passenger seat towards front and engage both seat hooks in the storage box lid slots.



- Seat hook
- Slot

- Push the passenger seat towards the driver's seat and firmly push the rear portion down to lock the passenger seat in position.

NOTE: A distinctive snap will be felt. Double check that the seat is secure by giving it a tug to confirm proper latching.

⚠ WARNING
 Make sure seat is securely latched before riding.

- Connect the accessories connector.

28) Storage Box

69 YETI ARMY

Storage Box Opening/Closing

To open storage box lid, release both rubber ties, then lift lid up.

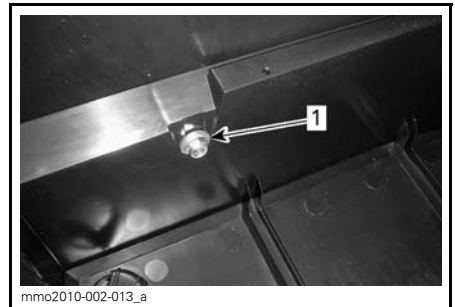


- Rubber tie

To close, push lid down in order to insert the lid pins into the box grommets. Attach the rubber ties.

Storage Box Removal/Installation

To remove storage box from vehicle, open lid and remove the four screws retaining storage box to the rear rack. Keep the screws for installation.



- INSIDE THE STORAGE BOX**
 1. Retaining screw

To install storage box, make sure that the tunnel surface is clean. Put storage box within the rear rack rails.

Attach using the four screws. Tighten to $10\text{ N}\cdot\text{m} \pm 1\text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$ ($89\text{ lbf}\cdot\text{in} \pm 9\text{ lbf}\cdot\text{in}$).

29) ECO/Standard/Sport Mode Switch (600 ACE and 900 ACE Only)

The Mode switch is located on the LH side of fuel tank.



TYPICAL - LH SIDE OF FUEL TANK

1. Mode switch

It is used to activate or deactivate Eco/Standard/Sport modes.

Refer to *OPERATING MODES* subsection for details.

FUEL AND OIL

Fuel Requirements

NOTICE Always use fresh gasoline. Gasoline will oxidize; the result is loss of octane, volatile compounds, and the production of gum and varnish deposits which can damage the fuel system.

Alcohol fuel blending varies by country and region. Your vehicle has been designed to operate using the recommended fuels, however, be aware of the following:

- Use of fuel containing alcohol above the percentage specified by government regulations is not recommended and can result in the following problems in the fuel system components:
 - Starting and operating difficulties.
 - Deterioration of rubber or plastic parts.
 - Corrosion of metal parts.
 - Damage to internal engine parts.
- Inspect frequently for the presence of fuel leaks or other fuel system abnormalities if you suspect the presence of alcohol in gasoline exceeds the current government regulations.
- Alcohol blended fuels attract and hold moisture which may lead to fuel phase separation and can result in engine performance problems or engine damage.

Recommended Fuel

Use unleaded gasoline containing MAXIMUM 10% ethanol. The gasoline must have the following minimum octane requirements.

FUEL TYPE	ENGINE	MINIMUM OCTANE RATING
Fuel which may contain up to 10% MAX ethanol	550F 600 HO E-TEC 800 R E-TEC 600 ACE 900 ACE	95 E10 (RON)

NOTICE Never experiment with other fuels. Engine or fuel system damages may occur with the use of an inadequate fuel.

Fuel Antifreeze Additives

When using oxygenated fuel, additional gas line antifreeze or water absorbing additives are not required and should be not used.

When using non-oxygenated fuel, isopropyl base gas line antifreeze can be used in a proportion of 150 ml (5 U.S. oz) of gas line antifreeze added to 40 L (10.6 U.S. gal.) of gas.

This precaution is in order to reduce the risk of frost buildup in carburetors or other fuel system components which may lead, in certain cases, to severe damage to engine.

NOTE: Use only methyl hydrate free gas line antifreeze.

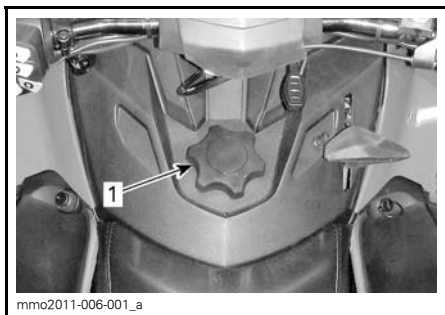
Fueling Procedure

Unscrew to fill up tank then fully tighten.

⚠ WARNING

- Always stop engine before refueling. Open cap slowly.
- If a differential pressure condition is noticed (whistling sound heard when loosening fuel tank cap) have vehicle inspected and/or repaired before further operation.
- Fuel is flammable and explosive under certain conditions.
- Never use an open flame to check fuel level.
- Never smoke or allow flame or spark in vicinity.
- Always work in a well-ventilated area.
- Never top up the fuel tank before placing the vehicle in a warm area. As temperature increases, fuel expands and may overflow.
- Always wipe off any fuel spillage from the vehicle.

NOTE: Do not sit or lean on seat when fuel tank cap is not properly installed.



1. Fuel tank cap

Recommended Oil

550F

RECOMMENDED INJECTION OIL	
ENGINE	XPS INJECTION OIL (P/N 619 590 100)
550F	✓

NOTICE The engine of this snowmobile has been developed and validated using the recommended BRP XPS™ oil. BRP recommends the use of its recommended XPS oil or equivalent. Damages caused by oil which is not suitable for this oil injected 2-stroke engine may not be covered by the BRP limited warranty.

If XPS Injection Oil is not available, API TC high-quality low ash two-stroke injection oil that flows at -40°C (-40°F) may be used.

NOTICE Do not use NMMA TC-W, TC-W2 or TC-W3 outboard two-stroke engine oils or ashless two-stroke engine oils.

E-TEC

RECOMMENDED INJECTION OIL	
ENGINE	XPS SYNTHETIC 2-STROKE OIL (P/N 619 590 106)
600 HO E-TEC 800R E-TEC	✓

NOTICE The engine of this snowmobile has been developed and validated using the recommended BRP XPS™ oil. BRP strongly recommends the use of its recommended XPS oil or equivalent. Damages caused by oil which is not suitable for this oil injected 2-stroke direct fuel injection engine may not be covered by the BRP limited warranty.

600 ACE and 900 ACE

ENGINE	RECOMMENDED ENGINE OIL
600 ACE 900 ACE	XPS 4-STROKE SYNTHETIC OIL (ALL CLIMATE) (P/N 619 590 114)

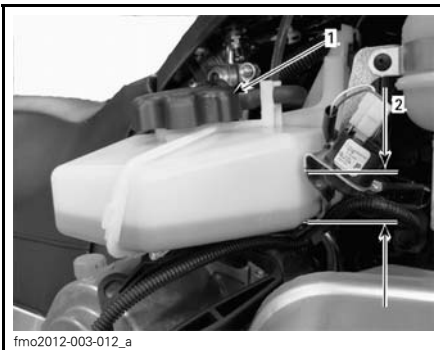
NOTICE The engine of this snowmobile has been developed and validated using the BRP XPS™ Synthetic 4-stroke oil. BRP strongly recommends the use of its XPS Synthetic 4-stroke oil or equivalent.. Damages caused by oil which is not suitable for this 4-stroke engine may not be covered by the BRP limited warranty.

If the recommended oil is not available, use SAE 0W-40 synthetic-based oil that meets or exceeds the requirements for API service classification SM.

Injection Oil Level Verification

The injection oil reservoir is located behind the RH side panel. See *CONTROLS, INSTRUMENTS AND EQUIPMENT* for opening procedure.

Always maintain a sufficient amount of recommended injection oil in the injection oil reservoir.



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TYPICAL

1. Injection oil reservoir
2. Level marks (1/4, 1/2, 3/4)

NOTICE Check level and refill every time you refuel.

To Add Injection Oil

Remove injection oil reservoir cap.
Add injection oil.

Reinstall cap and fully tighten.

NOTE: Do not overfill. Do not pass the MAX range in the reservoir filler neck.

NOTICE Do not mismatch oil reservoir cap with fuel tank cap.

⚠ WARNING

Wipe off any oil spills. Oil is highly flammable when heated.

BREAK-IN PERIOD

Operation During Break-In

A break-in period of 10 operating hours or 500 km (300 mi) is required for the vehicle.

After the break-in period, the vehicle should be inspected by an authorized Lynx dealer, repair shop, or person of your own choosing. Refer to *MAINTENANCE* section.

Engine

During the break-in period:

- Avoid prolonged full throttle operation.
- Avoid sustained accelerations.
- Avoid prolonged cruising speeds.
- Avoid engine overheating.

However, brief accelerations and speed variations contribute to a good break-in.

During the first few hours of break-in, the engine management system controls some engine parameters which will slightly reduce the engine performance.

E-TEC Models

During a predetermined period, the engine management system controls some engine parameters.

The duration is based on fuel volume. It will take approximately two fuel tanks to complete the break-in.

During this period:

- The engine performance and behavior will not be optimal.
- The fuel and oil consumption will be higher.

550 Engine Only

To assure additional protection during the initial engine break-in, 500 mL of recommended injection oil should be added to fuel for the first full filling of fuel tank. Have spark plugs cleaned after engine break-in.

Drive Belt

A new drive belt requires a break in period of 50 km (30 mi).

During the break-in period:

- Avoid strong acceleration and deceleration.
- Avoid pulling a load.
- Avoid high speed cruising.

OPERATING MODES (600 ACE AND 900 ACE ONLY)

⚠ WARNING

Whenever changing operating mode, make sure to maintain situational awareness while riding.

ECO Mode (Fuel Economy Mode)

When ECO mode is selected (fuel economy mode), vehicle torque and speed are limited whereby an optimal cruising speed is maintained in order to reduce fuel consumption.

Once activated, ECO mode will remain active until it is deactivated by the operator.

Standard Mode

A Standard mode indicator is ON in the multifunction gauge to confirm the active mode of operation.

Sport Mode

⚠ WARNING

Ensure passenger is advised to hold on tightly before activating Sport mode. Sport mode provides increased acceleration.

When selected, Sport mode provides for instant throttle response and more rapid accelerations than Standard or ECO mode.

Once activated, Sport mode will remain active until it is deactivated by the operator.

Navigating Operating Modes

Use ECO/Standard/Sport Mode switch to navigate between power levels, from ECO (reduced power) to Standard (full power) to Sport (increased response).

To increase power, press the switch upwards. To decrease power, press the switch downwards.

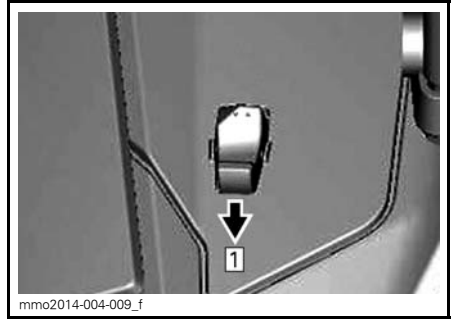


*TYPICAL - LH SIDE OF FUEL TANK
1. Mode switch*

To activate Standard mode when in Sport mode, press bottom end of switch once.

To activate ECO mode when in Sport mode, press bottom end of switch twice.

To activate ECO mode when in Standard mode, press bottom end of switch once.



*TYPICAL
Step 1: Press bottom end of switch*

⚠ WARNING

Ensure passenger is advised to hold on tightly before activating Sport mode. Sport mode provides increased acceleration.

To activate Sport mode when in Standard mode, press top end of switch once.

To activate Sport mode when in ECO mode, press top end of switch twice.

To activate Standard mode when in ECO mode, press top end of switch once.

⚠ WARNING

When adjusting modes, be sure to maintain situational awareness of other snowmobiles, obstacles, or persons .

Learning Key Modes

The learning key provides a mode of operation whereby engine torque and speed are limited.

NOTE: The initial learning key programming can limit the speed to 40 km/h (25 MPH) or 70 km/h (43 MPH). Refer to your authorized Lynx dealer to modify this setting.

There are 3 levels available for the learning key mode.

Changing Learning Key Settings

To change learning key setting, carry out the following:

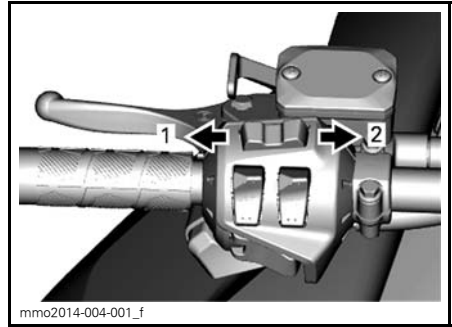
1. Press the START/electronic reverse button to wake up the electrical system and install the NORMAL key on the engine cut-off switch.
2. Wait for the information center to complete its self-test and display the key recognition message.

Analog/Digital Gauge

3. Press the SET button until LEARN is visible in the digital screen of the information center.

Multifunction Analog/Digital Gauge

4. Press the MODE button once, then press the SET button until LEARN is visible in the digital center of the gauge.

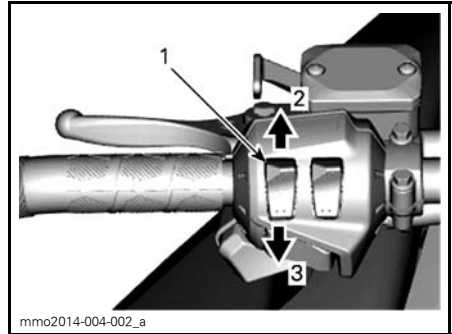


MULTIFUNCTION GAUGE

1. MODE function
2. SET function

All Models

5. Use the heated grip switch to toggle the key setting between 1 and 3.



TYPICAL

1. Heated grip switch
2. Increase
3. Decrease

NOTE: Setting 1 is the lowest available torque, while setting 3 is the highest available torque for learning key.

6. After a few seconds, the setting is automatically confirmed and saved.

NOTE: The key speed setting is applicable to any key of the same type used on a specific snowmobile. The same key type used on a different snowmobile may therefore have a different key speed setting.

NOTE: Vehicle performance may vary depending on riding conditions.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

Engine Starting Procedure

Procedure

1. Apply parking brake.
2. Recheck throttle lever operation.
3. Put your helmet on.
4. Ensure that the tether cord cap is installed on the engine cut-off switch and that the cord is attached to your clothing eyelet.
5. Ensure that the emergency engine stop switch is in the ON position (up).
6. Depress the START button to engage the electric starter and start the engine. Release button immediately when engine has started.

⚠ WARNING

Never depress throttle while starting engine.

NOTICE Do not engage electric starter for more than 10 seconds at a time. A rest period of at least 30 seconds should be observed between the cranking cycles to allow electric starter to cool down.

7. Release parking brake.

NOTE: For an initial cold start, do not release parking brake. Perform the *VEHICLE WARM-UP* procedure as explained below.

Emergency Starting

600 ACE and 900 ACE Models

Do not attempt any emergency starting procedure. Have the battery charged or replaced.

550 F, 600 HO E-TEC and 800R E-TEC Models

If the starter does not operate and you have followed the steps in *ENGINE STARTING PROCEDURE*, start engine with the rewind starter or the emergency cord as follows:

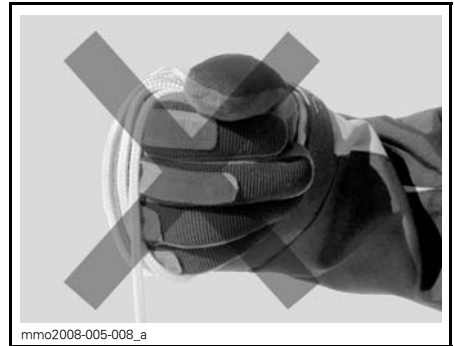
Starting Using an Emergency Starter Rope

The engine can be started with the emergency starter rope supplied with the tool kit. Proceed as follows:

1. Remove drive belt guard.

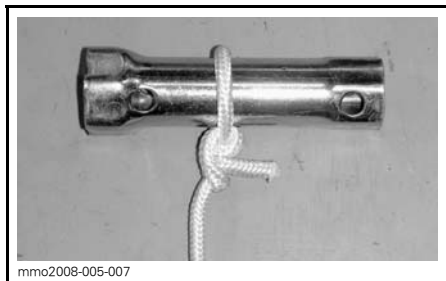
⚠ WARNING

Do not wind starting rope around your hand. Hold rope by the handle only. Do not start the snowmobile by the drive pulley unless it is a true emergency situation. Have the snowmobile repaired as soon as possible.

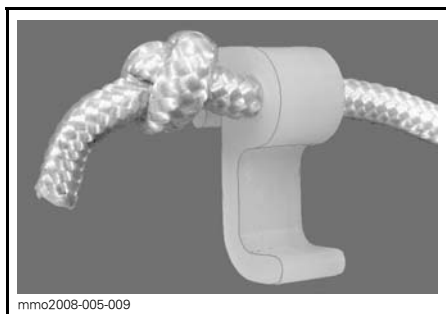


2. Attach one end of emergency rope to rewind handle.

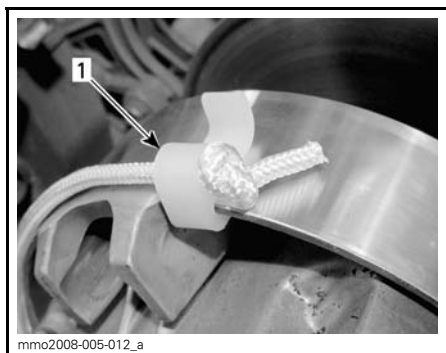
NOTE: The spark plug socket can be used as an emergency handle.



- Attach the other end of emergency rope to the starter clip supplied in the tool kit.

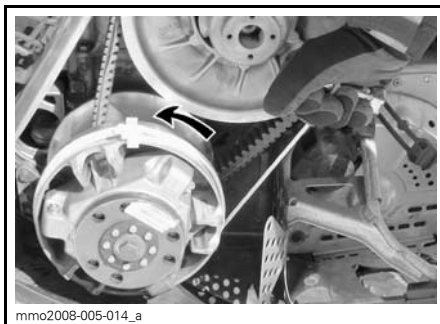


- Hook up clip on drive pulley.



- Clip installation location*

- Wind the rope tightly around drive pulley. When pulled, pulley must rotate counterclockwise.



- Pull the rope using a sharp, crisp pull so the rope comes free of the drive pulley.

⚠ WARNING

When starting the snowmobile in an emergency situation, using drive pulley, do not reinstall the drive belt guard and return slowly to have snowmobile repaired.

Carburetor Engine Starting Procedure (550 model)

Procedure

- Recheck throttle control lever operation.
- Ensure that the tether cord cap (DESS key) is in position and that the cord attached to your clothing eyelet.
- Ensure that the engine cutout switch is in the ON position.
- Activate the choke according to the temperature as explained below.

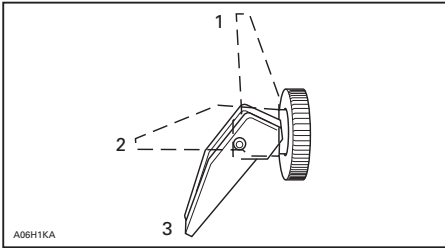
Choke Application

Initial Cold Starting When Temperature is Below - 10°C (+ 15°F)

NOTE: Do not operate the throttle lever with the choke lever on.

Set the choke lever to position 3.

NOTE: After the engine is started, let engine warm up at fast idle until engine speed drops. Then, close off choke to ensure proper air-fuel mixture.



1. OFF
2. Position 2
3. Position 3

Initial Cold Starting When Temperature is Above - 10°C (above + 15°F)

Set the choke lever to position 2.

NOTE: After the engine is started, close off choke to ensure proper air-fuel mixture.

Warm Engine Starting

Start the engine without any choke. If the engine will not start after two pulls of the rope or two 5 second attempts with the electric starter move choke lever to position 2. Start the engine without activating the throttle lever. As soon as the engine starts move the choke lever to OFF.

Vehicle Warm-Up

Before every ride, vehicle has to be warmed up as follows:

1. Start engine as explained in *ENGINE STARTING PROCEDURE* above.
2. Allow engine to warm up one or two minutes at idle speed.

NOTE: It is not recommended to let engine running at idle speed for more than 10 minutes.

3. Disengage parking brake.

4. Apply throttle until drive pulley engages. Drive at low speed the first two or three minutes.

NOTICE If vehicle does not move when throttle is applied, stop engine, remove tether cord cap from the engine cut-off switch, then do the following.

- Check if skis are stuck on the ground. Lift one ski at a time by the handle, then put it down.
- Check if track is stuck on the ground. Lift rear of snowmobile enough to clear track from the ground, then drop.
- Check rear suspension for hard snow or ice accumulation that could interfere with track rotation. Clean the area.

CAUTION Use proper lifting techniques, notably using your legs force. Do not attempt to lift the either end of the vehicle if it is above your limits.

WARNING

Make sure tether cord cap is removed before standing in front the vehicle, getting close to the track or rear suspension components.

NOTE: On E-TEC models, warm-up is electronically controlled. During this period (up to 10 minutes depending on ambient temperature), engine RPM is limited.

Gearbox Operation

NOTICE

- Always put gearbox in 1st gear when pulling a load.
- Always put gearbox in neutral (N) when parked.
- Come to a complete stop and hold brake before shifting to or from reverse. Wait until the reverse alarm sounds before operating throttle.

Neutral

When set in neutral (N), the gearbox disengages the pulleys from the track.

Shifting in Reverse

To engage reverse gear, proceed as follows:

1. Bring vehicle to a complete stop.
2. Apply and hold brake.
3. With engine at idle speed, select reverse (R) gear using the gearshift lever.

NOTE: It is necessary to push shift lever knob down to move it from neutral to reverse gear.

4. Gently depress throttle lever.

WARNING

The reverse speed is not limited. Always proceed with caution as fast reverse could result in loss of vehicle stability. Always remain seated. Ensure the path behind is clear of obstacles or bystanders before proceeding.

Shifting in Forward

There are two forward gears.

To engage a forward gear, proceed as follows:

1. Bring vehicle to a complete stop.
2. Apply and hold brake.

3. With engine at idle speed, select low (1) or high (2) gear using the gearshift lever.

4. Gently depress throttle lever.

NOTE: Do not shift when vehicle is moving: When you change gear from 1st to 2nd gear or opposite or to reverse gear vehicle must be stopped (vehicle is not moving and RPM must be at idle).

Shutting Off the Engine

Release throttle lever and wait until engine has returned to idle speed.

Shut off the engine using either the emergency engine stop switch or by pulling off the tether cord cap from the engine cut-off switch.

WARNING

Always remove the tether cord cap from engine cut-off switch when vehicle is not in operation in order to prevent accidental engine starting, theft or use by unauthorized persons.

Towing an Accessory

Always use a rigid tow bar to tow an accessory. Any towed accessory should have reflectors on both sides and at the rear. Check local laws for brake light(s) requirements.

WARNING

Never tow an accessory with a rope. Always use a rigid tow bar. Using a rope would result in a collision between the object and the snowmobile and possibly in a tip over in case of a rapid deceleration or on a downward slope.

Towing Another Snowmobile

If a snowmobile is disabled and must be towed use a rigid tow bar. Remove the drive belt from disabled snowmobile, refer to *DRIVE BELT* in the *MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES* subsection and tow at moderate speed.

NOTICE Always remove the drive belt of the snowmobile that is to be towed to prevent damage to its drive belt and drive system.

In an emergency situation only, if a rigid tow bar is not available, a rope can be used. Proceed with extra caution. In some areas, it may be illegal to do so. Check with state or local authorities.

Remove the drive belt, attach the rope to the ski legs (spindles), have someone sit on the towed snowmobile to activate the brake, and tow at low speed.

NOTICE In order to prevent damage to the steering system, never attach the tow rope to the ski loops (handles).

WARNING

Never ride at high speed when towing a disabled snowmobile. Proceed slowly with extra caution.

TUNE YOUR RIDE

⚠ WARNING

Suspension adjustment could affect vehicle handling. Always take time to familiarize yourself with the vehicle's behavior after any suspension adjustment have been made.

Snowmobile handling and comfort depend upon suspension adjustments.

Choice of suspension adjustments vary with carrying load, driver's weight, personal preference, riding speed and field condition.

⚠ WARNING

Before proceeding with any suspension adjustment, remember:

- Park in a safe place.
- Remove the tether cord cap from the engine cut-off switch.
- If the front or rear of vehicle have to be lifted, make sure the lifting device is stable and secure.

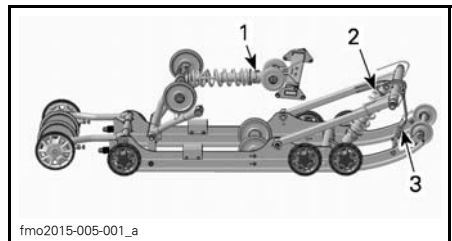
⚠ CAUTION Do not attempt to lift the vehicle by hand alone. Use appropriate lifting device to avoid risk of strain injuries.

Following are guidelines to fine-tune suspension.

Customize each adjustment one at a time. It may be necessary to readjust center spring after adjusting front springs for instance. Test run the snowmobile under the same conditions; trail, speed, snow, driver riding position, etc. Change one adjustment and retest. Proceed methodically until you are satisfied.

REAR AND FRONT SUSPENSION SPRING PRELOAD FACTORY SETTINGS		
MODEL	FRONT ARM	REAR ARM
59 YETI 550	11 mm / cam position #4	7mm / cam position #2
69 YETI Army 600 E-TEC	11 mm / cam position #4	12 mm / cam position #4
69 YETI Army 800 E-TEC	11 mm / cam position #4	12 mm / cam position #4
59 YETI 600 ACE	10 mm / cam position #4	12mm / cam position #4
69 YETI 900 ACE	11 mm / cam position #4	12mm / cam position #4

Rear Suspension Adjustments



PPS-5900A REAR SUSPENSION

1. Rear spring
2. Center spring
3. Stopper strap

NOTICE Whenever adjusting rear suspension, check track tension and adjust if necessary.

Stopper Strap Length (Weight Transfer)

Ride at low speed then fully accelerate.

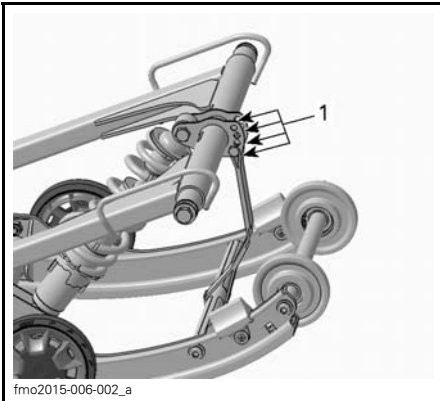
Note steering behavior.

Adjust stopper strap length accordingly.

NOTICE Whenever stopper strap length is changed, track tension must be readjusted.

REFERENCE TABLE	
WEIGHT TRANSFER (SKI PRESSURE)	WHAT TO DO
Comfortable: good weight transfer (light pressure)	No adjustment required
Light: too much weight transfer (lift off the ground)	Strap too long, reduce strap length
Heavy: not enough weight transfer (heavy pressure)	Strap too short, increase strap length

Increase or decrease strap length by bolting to a different hole.



TYPICAL

1. Adjustment holes (stopper strap)

NOTE: Decreasing the stopper strap length may reduce comfort. If too much weight transfer is felt, try to correct it by adjusting the coupling blocks first.

When operating the snowmobile in deep snow, it may be necessary to vary stopper strap length and/or riding position, to change the angle at which the track rides on the snow. Operator's fa-

miliarity with the various adjustments as well as snow conditions will dictate the most efficient combination.

Generally, a longer stopper strap setting gives better performance in deep snow on a flat landscape.

Rear Spring Preload

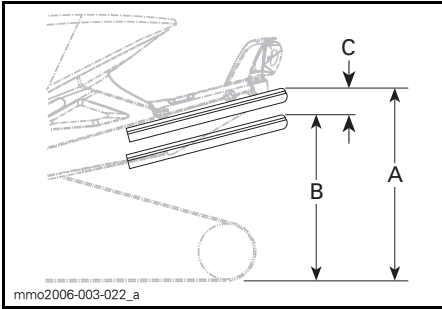
Rear spring preload has an effect on comfort, ride height and load compensation.

Also, adjusting rear spring preload shifts more or less weight to the snowmobile front end. As a result, more or less weight is applied to the skis. This has an effect on performance in deep snow, steering effort and handling.

Slight suspension bottoming occurring under the worst riding conditions indicates a good choice of spring preload.

ACTION	RESULT
Increasing preload	Firmer rear suspension
	Higher rear end
	More bump absorption capability
	Heavier steering
Decreasing preload	Softer rear suspension
	Lower rear end
	Less bump absorption capability
	Lighter steering
	Better performance and handling in deep snow

Refer to the following to determine if preload is correct.



TYPICAL — PROPER ADJUSTMENT

- A. Suspension fully extended
- B. Suspension has collapsed with driver, passenger(s) and load added
- C. Distance between dimension "A" and "B", see table below

"C"	WHAT TO DO
50 to 75 mm (2 to 3 in)	No adjustment required
More than 75 mm (3 in)	Adjusted too soft, increase preload
Less than 50 mm (2 in)	Adjusted too firm, decrease preload

NOTE: If the specification is unattainable with the original springs, see an authorized Lynx dealer for other available springs.

NOTICE To increase spring preload, always turn the left side adjustment cam in a clockwise direction, and the right side cam in a counterclockwise direction.

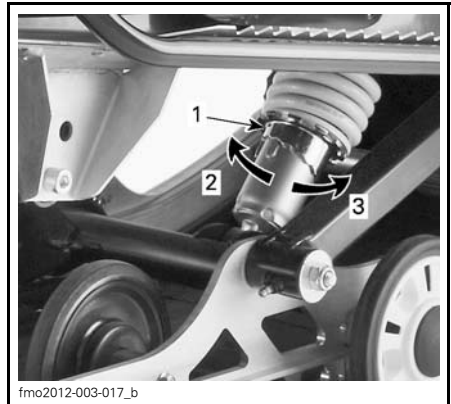
Center Spring Preload

Center spring preload has an effect on steering effort, handling and bump absorption.

Also, since center spring preload adjustment puts more or less pressure on the front of the track, it has an effect on the performance in deep snow.

ACTION	RESULT
Increasing preload	Lighter steering
	More bump absorption capability
	Better deep snow starts
	Better deep snow performance and handling
Decreasing preload	Heavier steering
	Less bump absorption capability
	Better trail handling

Using the suspension adjustment key from toolbox, turn adjustment cam to set the desired preload.

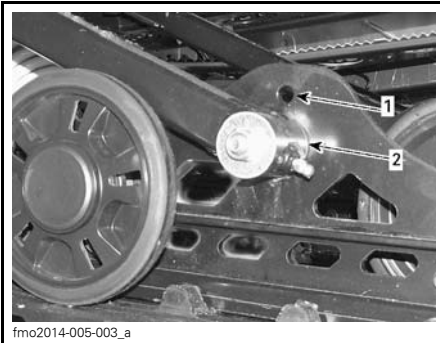


- 1. Adjustment cam
- 2. Increase preload
- 3. Decrease preload

Center Arm has two positions. When operating the snowmobile on trail, utility or 2-UP, set Center arm on position 1.

When operating the snowmobile in deep snow, it may be necessary to set Center arm to position 2.

Standard position for Army model is position 2.

**CENTER ARM**

1. Position 1
2. Position 2

Vehicle Behavior Related to Suspension Adjustment

PROBLEM	CORRECTIVE MEASURES
Front suspension wandering	Check ski alignment and camber angle adjustment. See an authorized Lynx dealer. Reduce ski ground pressure. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Increase center spring preload. – Reduce rear spring preload.
Snowmobile seems unstable and seems to pivot around its center	Reduce rear suspension front arm pressure. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Reduce center spring preload. – Increase rear spring preload.
Steering feels too heavy	Reduce ski ground pressure. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Increase center spring preload.
Rear of snowmobile seems too stiff	Reduce rear spring preload.
Rear of snowmobile seems too soft	Increase rear spring preload.
Rear suspension front shock absorber is frequently bottoming	Lengthen stopper strap. Increase center spring preload.
Track spins too much at start	Lengthen stopper strap.

VEHICLE TRANSPORTATION

Make sure that oil reservoir and fuel tank caps are properly installed.

Tilt bed trailers can easily be equipped with a winch mechanism to afford maximum safety in loading. Simple as it may seem, never drive your snowmobile onto a tilt bed trailer or any other kind of trailer or vehicle. Many serious accidents have resulted from driving up and over a trailer. Anchor your vehicle securely, front and rear, even on short hauls. Be certain all equipment is securely fastened. Cover your snowmobile when trailering to prevent road grime from causing damage.

Be certain your trailer meets state or provincial requirements. Ensure the hitch and safety chains are secure and the brake, turn indicators and clearance lights all function.

MAINTENANCE

FIRST INSPECTION

After the first 10 hours or 500 km (300 mi) of operation, whichever comes first, your vehicle have to be inspected by an authorized Lynx dealer, repair shop, or person of your own choosing. The break-in inspection is very important and must not be neglected.

NOTE: The first inspection is at the expense of the vehicle owner.

FIRST INSPECTION (2-STROKE) AFTER THE FIRST 500 KM (300 MI) OR 10 HOURS OF OPERATION, WHICHEVER COMES FIRST	
ENGINE	Inspect engine motor mounts
	Inspect exhaust system and check for leaks
	Tighten exhaust manifold screws to specified torque
	Check coolant level
	Adjust oil injection pump (only 550F model)
FUEL SYSTEM	Inspect fuel lines and connections
	Inspect throttle cable
DRIVE SYSTEM AND BRAKE	Inspect drive belt
	Visually inspect drive pulley
	Tighten drive pulley retaining screw to specified torque
	Inspect driven pulley
	Adjust and align track
	Change chaincase / gearbox oil
	Change NEW gasket ring with gearbox oil change. Apply LOCTITE 542 on the thread of the plug (XU models)
	Adjust drive chain (except models with gearbox)
	Check brake fluid level
Inspect brake hose, pads and disk	
STEERING SYSTEM	Inspect steering mechanism
	Inspect skis and runners
FRAME	Tighten frame pyramid rod screws to 14 N•m (124 lbf•in)
	Retighten rear profile screws (6 pcs) to 40 N•m (30 lbf•ft) (Only XU models)
	Retighten rear member screws to frame to specified torque (XU 14 N•m (124 lbf•in))
SUSPENSION	Inspect front suspension
	Inspect rear suspension (including stopper straps and slider shoes)
	Lubricate front and rear suspension
ELECTRICAL SYSTEM	Inspect spark plugs (only 550)

FIRST INSPECTION

FIRST INSPECTION (4-STROKE) AFTER THE FIRST 500 KM (300 MI) OR 10 HOURS OF OPERATION, WHICHEVER COMES FIRST	
ENGINE	Inspect engine seals and gaskets for leaks
	Inspect exhaust system and check for leaks
	Check coolant level
FUEL SYSTEM	Inspect fuel lines and connections
DRIVE SYSTEM AND BRAKE	Inspect drive belt
	Visually inspect drive pulley
	Tighten drive pulley retaining screw to specified torque
	Inspect driven pulley
	Check driven pulley preload
	Adjust and align track
	Change chaincase / gearbox oil
	Change NEW gasket ring with gearbox oil change. Apply LOCTITE 542 on the thread of the plug (XU models)
	Adjust drive chain (Not for models equipped with gearbox)
	Check brake fluid level
Inspect brake hose, pads and disk	
STEERING SYSTEM	Inspect steering mechanism
	Inspect skis and runners
FRAME	Tighten frame pyramid rod screws to 14 N•m (124 lbf•in)
	Retighten rear profile screws (6 pcs) to 40 N•m (30 lbf•ft) (Only XU models)
	Retighten rear member screws to frame to specified torque (XU 14 N•m (124 lbf•in))
SUSPENSION	Inspect front suspension
	Inspect rear suspension (including stopper straps and slider shoes)
FIRST INSPECTION (4-STROKE) AFTER THE FIRST 3 000 KM (2,000 MI) OR 1 YEAR OF OPERATION, WHICHEVER COMES FIRST	
ENGINE	Change engine oil and filter

MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE (2-STROKE)

NOTE: The maintenance schedule does not exempt the pre-ride inspection.

WARNING

Failure to properly maintain the vehicle according to the maintenance schedule and procedures can make it unsafe to operate.

EVERY 1 500 KM (1,000 MI)

DRIVE SYSTEM	Models with chaincase: Adjust drive chain
	Models with chaincase: Check chaincase oil level
	Models with gearbox: Check oil level

EVERY 3 000 KM (2,000 MI) OR 1 YEAR (WHICHEVER COMES FIRST)	
ENGINE	Inspect heat shields
	Inspect engine rubber mounts
	Inspect exhaust system and check for leaks
	Inspect cooling system cap, hoses and clamps and check for leaks
	Check cooling fan and cooling fan belt (550F)
	Adjust engine stopper
DRIVE SYSTEM AND BRAKE	Visually inspect and clean drive pulley
	Tighten drive pulley retaining screw to specified torque
	Clean driven pulley
	Adjust and align track
	Inspect brake hose, pads and disk
STEERING SYSTEM	Inspect steering mechanism
FRAME	Retighten rear member screws to frame to specified torque (XU 14 N•m (124 lbf•in))
SUSPENSION	Inspect front suspension
	Inspect rear suspension and stopper strap.
	Lubricate front and rear suspension whenever the vehicle is used in wet conditions (wet snow, rain, puddles)
	Check ski leg bushing and bearing. Replace if needed.
	All models with T/A shocks, oil change / service.
ELECTRICAL SYSTEM	Replace spark plugs (All except of E-TEC)

EVERY 6 000 KM (4,000 MI) OR 2 YEARS (WHICHEVER COMES FIRST)	
ENGINE	Clean and lubricate rewind starter
FUEL SYSTEM	Inspect fuel pump strainer and replace if necessary
	Inspect throttle cable
DRIVE SYSTEM	Replace brake fluid
	Lubricate the splines of joint between QRS axle and gearbox (XU models)
	Lubricate the splines of joint between QRS axle and driven pulley (XU models)
	Replace the following drive pulley wear parts: slider shoes, O-rings and sliding sheave bushing (E-TEC)

EVERY 10 000 KM (6,000 MI) OR 3 YEARS (WHICHEVER COMES FIRST)	
ENGINE	E-TEC: Inspect oil pump strainer and clean if needed
	Replace oil filter (550 only)
	Clean 3D rave valves
DRIVE SYSTEM	Replace the following drive pulley wear parts: spring cover bushing and ramps (E-TEC)
ELECTRICAL SYSTEM	E-TEC: Replace spark plugs

EVERY 5 YEARS	
ENGINE	Replace engine coolant
FUEL SYSTEM	Replace in-line fuel filter (E-TEC)

MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE (4-STROKE)

NOTE: The maintenance schedule does not exempt the pre-ride inspection.

WARNING

Failure to properly maintain the vehicle according to the maintenance schedule and procedures can make it unsafe to operate.

EVERY 1 500 KM (1,000 MI)

DRIVE SYSTEM	Models with chaincase: Adjust drive chain
	Models with chaincase: Check chaincase oil level
	Models with gearbox: Check oil level

EVERY 3 000 KM (2,000 MI) OR 1 YEAR (WHICHEVER COMES FIRST)

ENGINE	Inspect all heat shields
	Inspect exhaust system and check for leaks (ACE)
DRIVE SYSTEM AND BRAKE	Visually inspect and clean drive pulley
	Tighten drive pulley retaining screw to specified torque
	Check driven pulley preload
	Clean driven pulley
	Adjust and align track
	Inspect brake hose, pads and disk
STEERING SYSTEM	Inspect steering mechanism
FRAME	Retighten rear member screws to frame to specified torque (XU 14 N•m (124 lbf•in))
SUSPENSION	Inspect front suspension
	Inspect rear suspension and stopper strap.
	Lubricate front and rear suspension whenever the vehicle is used in wet conditions (wet snow, rain, puddles)
	Check ski leg bushing and bearing. Replace if needed.
	All models with T/A shocks, oil change / service

EVERY 6 000 KM (4,000 MI) OR AT PRE-SEASON (WHICHEVER COMES FIRST)

ENGINE	Change engine oil and filter
--------	------------------------------

EVERY 6 000 KM (4,000 MI) OR 2 YEARS (WHICHEVER COMES FIRST)	
FUEL SYSTEM	Replace fuel pump outlet filter
	Replace fuel filter
DRIVE SYSTEM AND BRAKE	Replace drive pulley slider shoes, O-ring and rollers and inspect ramps
	Replace brake fluid
	Lubricate the splines of joint between QRS axle and gearbox (XU models)
	Lubricate the splines of joint between QRS axle and driven pulley (XU models)
EVERY 10 000 KM (6,000 MI) OR 3 YEARS (WHICHEVER COMES FIRST)	
ELECTRICAL SYSTEM	Replace spark plugs
EVERY 5 YEARS	
ENGINE	Replace engine coolant

MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

This subsection includes instructions for basic maintenance procedures

⚠ WARNING

Turn off the engine, remove tether cord cap and follow these maintenance procedures when performing maintenance. If you do not follow proper maintenance procedures you can be injured by hot parts, moving parts, electricity, chemicals or other hazards.

⚠ WARNING

Should removal of a locking device be required (e.g. lock tabs, self-locking fasteners, etc.) when undergoing disassembly/assembly, always replace with a new one.

Air Intake Silencer Prefilter

Air Intake Silencer Prefilter Verification

Ensure that air intake silencer prefilter is properly installed, clean and in good condition.



1. Prefilter

To remove prefilter, simply pull it out.
To install prefilter, push it back in place making sure it is properly secured.

Engine Coolant (Except 550F)

⚠ WARNING

Never open coolant tank cap when engine is hot.

Engine Coolant level

The engine coolant tank is located behind the upper RH side panel. See *CONTROLS, INSTRUMENTS AND EQUIPMENT* for removal procedure.

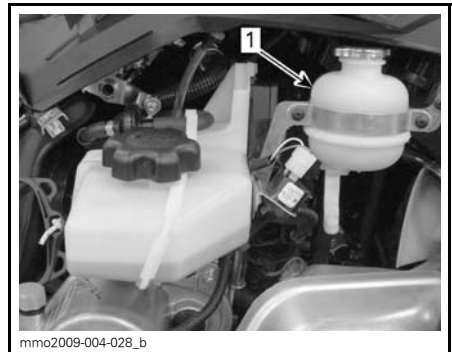
The cold level line is just above the retaining clamp.

Check coolant level at room temperature with the cap removed. Liquid should be at cold level line (engine cold) of coolant tank.

NOTE: When checking coolant level at low temperature it may be slightly below the cold level line.

To add coolant, remove front coolant tank fixation and slightly pull the tank outwards to make room for the cap.

If additional a large amount of coolant has to be added or if entire system has to be refilled, refer to an authorized Lynx dealer, repair shop, or person of your own choosing.



TYPICAL

1. Coolant tank

Recommended Engine Coolant

Always use ethylene-glycol antifreeze containing corrosion inhibitors specifically for internal combustion aluminum engines.

Cooling system must be filled with LONG LIFE ANTIFREEZE (P/N 619 590 204) or with distilled water and antifreeze solution (50% distilled water, 50% antifreeze).

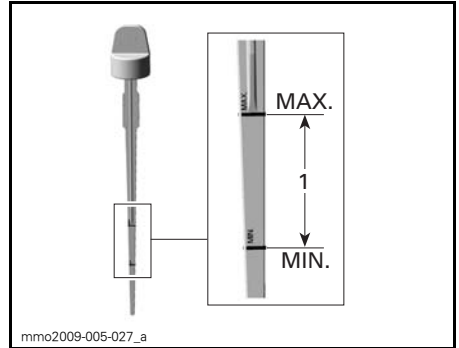
Engine Oil (600 ACE / 900 ACE)

Engine Oil Level Verification

NOTICE Check level every 10 hours of use and refill if necessary. Do not overfill. Operating the engine with an improper level may severely damage engine. Wipe off any spillage.

Place vehicle on a level surface and proceed as follows to check oil level:

1. Start engine and let it reach its normal operating temperature. Engine is at normal temperature when rear radiator gets warm, indicating that the thermostat is open.
2. Let engine run at idle for 30 more seconds.
3. Stop engine.
4. Remove the drive belt guard, refer to *CONTROLS, INSTRUMENTS AND EQUIPMENT*.
5. Remove dipstick from the filler tube, then wipe it clean.
6. Completely insert dipstick in the filler tube.
7. Remove dipstick and check the oil level. Oil level should be between the MIN. and MAX. marks as shown, add if necessary.



1. Oil level between MIN. and MAX.

CAUTION Engine oil can be very hot.

WARNING
Wipe off any oil spills. Oil is highly flammable when heated.

Exhaust System

Exhaust System Verification

The tail pipe of the muffler should be centered with the exit hole in the bottom pan. Exhaust system must be free of rust or leaks. Make sure that all parts are securely in place.

Check retaining springs condition and replace if necessary.

The exhaust system is designed to reduce noise and to improve the total performance of the engine. Modification may be in violation of local laws.

NOTICE If any exhaust system component is removed, modified or damaged, severe engine damage may result.

Spark Plugs

Spark plugs inspection or replacement must be done by an authorized Lynx dealer, repair shop, or person of your own choosing. Spark plugs inspection or replacement requires an in-depth technical knowledge due to the E-TEC direct fuel injection technol-

ogy. Though not required, it is recommended that an authorized Lynx dealer performs spark plugs inspection or replacement.

Recommended Spark Plug

! CAUTION Use only spark plug mentioned list below. It must be installed to a specific torque, refer to *SPARK PLUG INSTALLATION* for proper installation procedure.

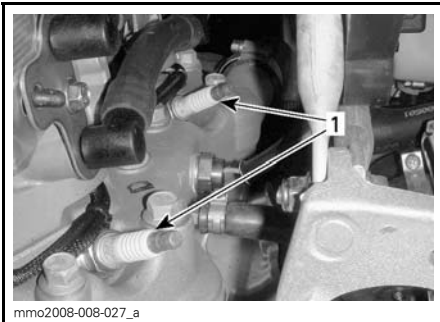
Spark Plug Removal/Installation

Removal

Open LH side panel.

Remove belt guard, refer to *BELT GUARD REMOVAL*.

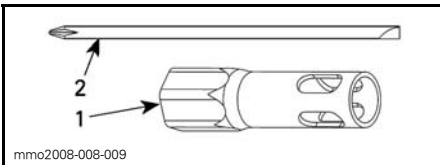
Unplug spark plug cables.



LH SIDE OF ENGINE COMPARTMENT

1. Spark plugs

Using tools from tool kit, unscrew spark plugs one turn.



1. 16 mm socket
2. Screwdriver rod

Clean spark plugs and cylinder heads with pressurized air if possible.

! WARNING

Always wear safety goggles when using pressurized air.

Unscrew spark plugs completely then remove them.

Installation

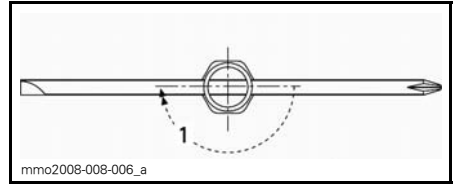
Prior to installation, make sure that contact surfaces of cylinder head and spark plugs are free of grime.

Using a feeler gauge, verify spark plug gap.

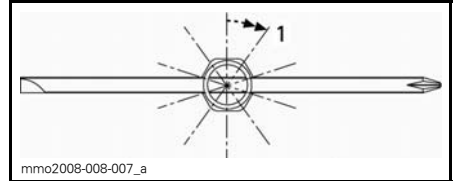
Replace spark plug if not within specifications.

⚠ CAUTION Do not attempt to adjust gap on these plugs.

Model	Spark plug type	Spark plug gap
550F	BRC9ECS-5	Not adjustable. 0.45 mm ± 0.05
600 HO E-TEC	NGK PZFR6F	Not adjustable. 0.75mm ± 0.05 mm
800R E-TEC	NGK PFR7AB	Not adjustable. 0.75 + 0.05 mm/- 0.05 mm
600 ACE	NGK MR8BI-8.	0.75mm ± 0.05
900 ACE	NGK MR8BI-8.	0.8mm



NEW SPARK PLUG
1. Torque 1/2 of a turn



USED SPARK PLUG
1. Torque 1/10 of a turn

Using a Torque Wrench.

Torque spark plugs to 27.5 N•m (20.3 lbf•ft).

Engine Stopper (E-TEC models)

Engine Stopper Adjustment

The engine stopper is located on the LH front engine support, in front of the drive pulley.

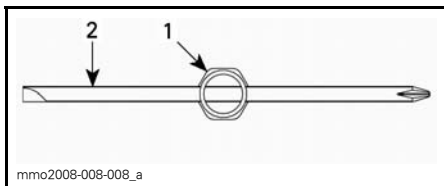
1. Remove tether cord cap from engine cut-off switch.
2. Remove the LH lower side panel, refer to *BODY*.
3. Remove drive belt guard, refer to *DRIVE BELT GUARD REMOVAL* in this subsection.
4. Loosen the three screws retaining the engine stopper to the engine support just enough to allow a vertical play (1/2 to one turn).

Screw spark plugs into cylinder head by hand until it bottoms.

Tighten plugs using tools from tool kit or with a torque wrench and a proper socket.

Using Tools from Tool Kit

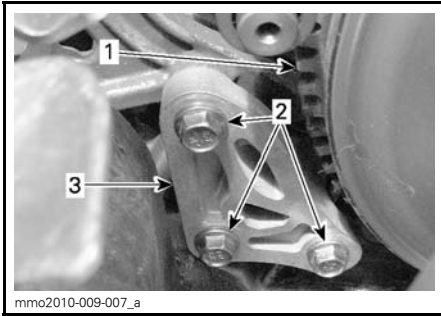
Use the 16 mm socket and the screwdriver rod from the vehicle tool kit.



TOP VIEW
1. 16 mm socket
2. Screwdriver rod

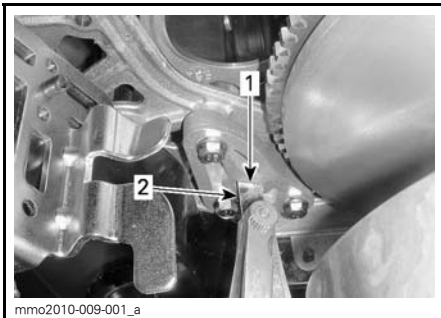
Torque spark plugs as per the following illustrations.

NOTE: Ensure spark and washer sits properly on cylinder head.



1. Drive pulley
2. Engine stopper screws
3. Engine stopper

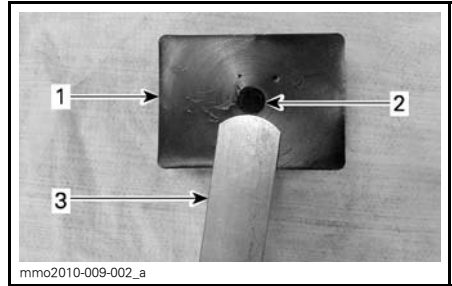
5. Insert a 0.5 mm (.02 in) feeler gauge in the engine stopper opening (see illustration).



1. Opening
2. Feeler gauge

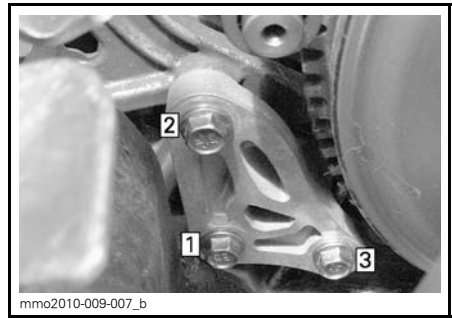
6. Place feeler gauge between engine stopper and rubber stop block (on engine).

NOTE: Do not insert the feeler gauge too deep, as it will pass over the bump at the surface of the rubber stop block and alter adjustment. See illustration.



1. Rubber stop block
2. Bump
3. Feeler gauge

7. Tighten screws to the specified torque, following the illustrated sequence. Take care not to pinch the feeler gauge.



TIGHTENING SEQUENCE

<p>STOPPER SCREW TIGHTENING TORQUE</p>
<p>10 N•m ± 2 N•m (89 lbf•in ± 18 lbf•in)</p>

NOTICE Serious pulley damage can occur if the engine stopper and its screws are not properly installed.

Brake Fluid

Recommended Fluid

Use only DOT 4 brake fluid from a sealed container. An opened container may be contaminated or may have absorbed moisture from the air.

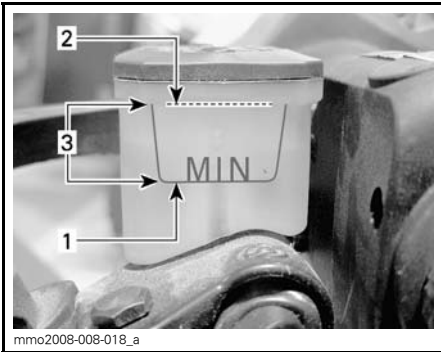
⚠ WARNING

Use only DOT 4 brake fluid from a sealed container. To avoid serious damage to the braking system, do not use fluids other than the recommended one, nor mix different fluids for topping up.

NOTICE Brake fluid can damage painted and plastic parts. Handle with care. Rinse thoroughly in case of spillage.

Brake Fluid Level Verification

Place vehicle on a level surface.
Check brake fluid in reservoir for proper level. Add recommended brake fluid as required.



- 1. Minimum
- 2. Maximum
- 3. Operating range

⚠ CAUTION Avoid getting brake fluid on skin or eyes - it may cause severe burns. In case of contact skin, wash thoroughly. In case of contact with the eyes, immediately rinse with plenty of water for at least 10 minutes and then consult a doctor immediately.

Gearbox Oil

Recommended Gearbox Oil

RECOMMENDED GEARBOX OIL
XPS SYNTHETIC GEAR OIL (75W 140 Hypoid) (P/N 619 590 182)

NOTICE The gearbox oil have to meet requirements of API GL 5 class. The gearbox of this snowmobile has been developed and validated using the XPS™ Synthetic gear oil. BRP strongly recommends the use of its XPS Synthetic gear oil at all times. Damages caused by oil which is not suitable for the gearbox will not be covered by the BRP

Access to Gearbox

Remove upper and lower side panels, refer to *CONTROLS, INSTRUMENTS AND EQUIPMENT*.

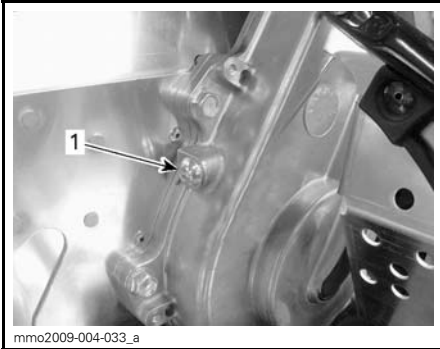
Gearbox Oil Level Verification

With the vehicle on a level surface, check the oil level by removing the check plug on the left side of gearbox.

NOTE: It is important that the body of the vehicle is in horizontal plane.

Oil level must reach the threaded hole's lower edge.

NOTE: Oil level is allowed to be 2 mm below the lower surface of the check hole.



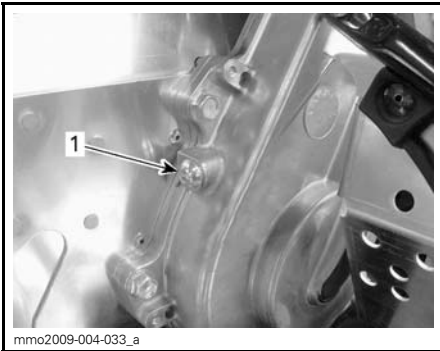
1. Check plug

1. Reinstall check plug and torque to specification.

CHECK PLUG TIGHTENING TORQUE
10 N•m ± 1 N•m (89 lbf•in ± 9 lbf•in)

Adding Gearbox Oil

1. Remove the check plug located on the left side of gearbox.



1. Check plug

2. Remove the filler cap.



TYPICAL

1. Filler cap

3. Pour recommended oil in gearbox by the filler hole.

Oil level is correct when it just begins to come out of the check plug orifice.

4. Reinstall check plug and torque to specification.

CHECK PLUG TIGHTENING TORQUE
10 N•m ± 1 N•m (89 lbf•in ± 9 lbf•in)

Drive Belt

Drive Belt Inspection

Inspect drive belt for cracks, fraying or abnormal wear (uneven wear, wear on one side, missing cogs, cracked fabric). If abnormal wear is noted, probable cause could be pulley misalignment, excessive RPM with frozen track, fast starts without warm-up period, burred or rusty sheave, oil on drive belt or distorted spare drive belt. Contact an authorized Lynx dealer.

Spare Drive Belt

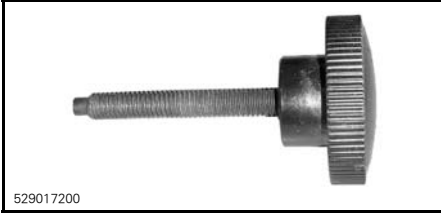
A spare drive belt can be stored in the storage box.

Drive Belt Replacement

Drive Belt Removal

1. Remove the drive belt guard refer to *CONTROLS, INSTRUMENTS AND EQUIPMENT*.

2. Insert the **DRIVEN PULLEY OPENING TOOL** (P/N 529 017 200) (or the pulley expander provided in the tool box) in the threaded hole on the adjuster hub.



DRIVEN PULLEY OPENING TOOL



PULLEY EXPANDER INSTALLED ON ADJUSTER HUB

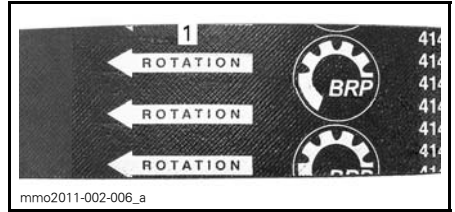
3. Open the driven pulley by screwing the tool in.
4. To remove belt, slip the belt over the top of driven pulley, then over the drive pulley.

Drive Belt Installation

1. If necessary, open the driven pulley, refer to *DRIVE BELT REMOVAL* above.
2. Slip the drive belt over the drive pulley, then over the driven pulley.

NOTICE Do not force or use tools to pry the drive belt into place, as this could cut or break the cords in the drive belt.

NOTE: The maximum drive belt life span is obtained when drive belt is installed with arrows in the direction of rotation.



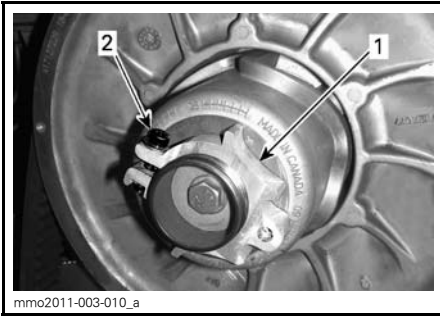
1. To be pointed in the direction of rotation

3. Unscrew and remove the driven pulley expander from the pulley.
4. Rotate the driven pulley several times to properly set the drive belt between the sheaves.
5. If a new drive belt was installed, adjust the drive belt height. Refer to *DRIVE BELT HEIGHT ADJUSTMENT* below.
6. Install drive belt guard and close side panel. Refer to *CONTROLS, INSTRUMENTS AND EQUIPMENT*.

Drive Belt Height Adjustment

The drive belt height must be checked every time a new drive belt is installed. To adjust the drive belt height, proceed as follows:

1. Remove tether cord cap from engine cut-off switch.
2. Remove drive belt guard.
3. Loosen the clamping bolt.



1. Adjuster hub
2. Clamping bolt

4. Using the suspension adjustment tool provided in the tool kit, turn the ring 1/4 turn at a time then rotate the driven pulley to properly set the drive belt between the pulley sheaves.

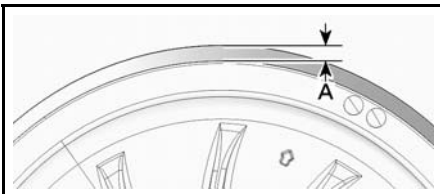


1. Suspension adjustment tool

NOTE: The adjustment ring has left hand treads.

Belt without External Cogs

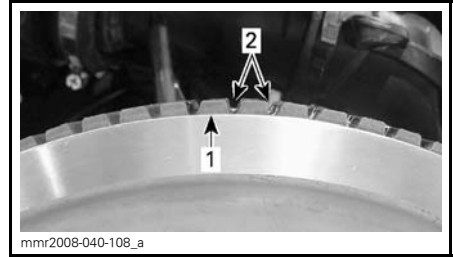
Repeat step 4 until the external surface of drive belt exceeds driven pulley edge by 0mm.



PRELIMINARY SETTING
1. 0mm

Belt with External Cogs

Repeat step 4 until the bottom of grooves on the external side of drive belt are flush with the driven pulley edges.



PRELIMINARY SETTING

1. Driven pulley edge
2. External drive belt grooves

All Drive Belt Types

NOTE: Turning the ring counterclockwise lowers the drive belt in the pulley. Turning the ring clockwise raises the drive belt in the pulley.

5. Firmly tighten the clamping bolt. If possible, tighten to specified torque using a torque wrench.

CLAMPING BOLT TIGHTENING TORQUE
$5.5 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m} \pm 0.5 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$ $(49 \text{ lbf}\cdot\text{in} \pm 4 \text{ lbf}\cdot\text{in})$

- 6. Install drive belt guard.
- 7. Install side panel.

NOTE: This setting is correct as a preliminary adjustment for most models. In some cases, when starting the engine, the vehicle could creep, indicating that the drive belt is too tight.

If the vehicle creeps, lower the drive belt height from the preliminary setting. Repeat procedure until creeping stops.

Reverse Activation

NOTE: The reverse may not activate or may be harder to activate if the drive belt is positioned too high in the driven pulley. If reverse activation does not work properly, ensure the drive belt is properly adjusted. Adjust the drive belt lower in the driven pulley if needed.

Drive Pulley

Drive Pulley Adjustment

All drive pulleys are factory calibrated for sea level operation.

Calibration screws (ramp position)

550F, 600 ACE and 900 ACE Models

Not adjustable.

600 HO E-TEC and 800R E-TEC Models

Drive pulley are fully adjustable.

⚠ WARNING

Remove the tether cord cap from engine cut-off switch before performing any adjustment. Vehicle must be parked in a safe place, away from the trail.

The drive pulley is factory calibrated to transmit maximum engine power at a predefined RPM. Factors such as ambient temperature, altitude or surface condition may vary this critical engine RPM thus affecting snowmobile efficiency.

This adjustable drive pulley allows setting maximum engine RPM to maintain maximum power.

Calibration screws should be adjusted so that actual maximum engine RPM matches the maximum horsepower RPM.

ENGINE	MAXIMUM HORSEPOWER RPM
600 HO E-TEC	8100 RPM (± 100)
800R E-TEC	7900 RPM (± 100)

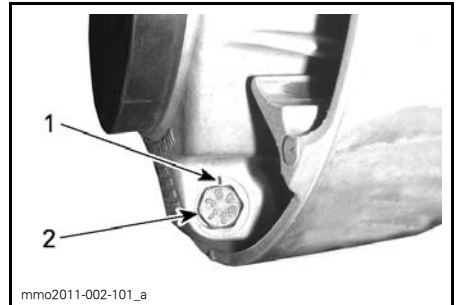
NOTE: Use precision digital tachometer for engine RPM adjustment.

NOTE: The adjustment has an effect on high RPM only.

There are 6 positions numbered 1 to 6.

The calibration screws have 6 different settings identified by numbers scribed on their head.

The actual setting is the screw head number aligned with the mark on the pulley.



PULLEY SETTING

1. Mark
2. Number

Each position modifies maximum engine RPM by approximately 200 RPM.

Lower position numbers decrease engine RPM in steps of 200 RPM and higher position numbers increase it in steps of 200 RPM.

Example:

Calibration screws initially set at position 4 and changed to position 6 will increase maximum engine RPM by 400 RPM.

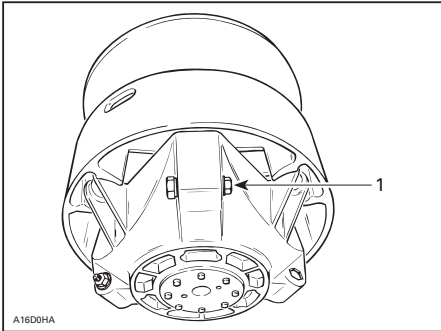
Procedure

Loosen the lock nut just enough to get the calibration screw head out of the pulley and rotate to the desired position. Do not completely remove the lock nut.

Set all 3 calibration screws to the same position.

Tighten lock nuts to $10 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m} \pm 2 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$ (89 **lbf**•**in** \pm 18 **lbf**•**in**).

NOTICE Do not completely remove calibration screw otherwise internal washers will fall off. Always adjust all 3 calibration screws and make sure they are all set to the same position.



TYPICAL

1. Loosen just enough to permit rotating of calibrate screw

WARNING

NEVER disassemble or modify the drive pulley.

Improper assembly or modifications could cause the pulley to explode violently under the stress generated by the high rotational speed.

See your Lynx dealer to maintain or service the drive pulley. Improper servicing or maintenance may affect performance and reduce drive belt life. Always respect maintenance schedules.

WARNING

NEVER operate engine:

- Without shields and drive belt guard securely installed.
- With hood and/or side panels opened or removed.

NEVER attempt to make adjustments to moving parts while engine is running.

Track

Track Inspection

WARNING

Remove the tether cord cap from engine cut-off switch before performing any maintenance or adjustment, unless otherwise specified. Vehicle must be parked in a safe place, away from the trail.

Remove the tether cord cap from engine cut-off switch.

Lift the rear of the snowmobile and support it with a wide-base snowmobile mechanical stand with a rear deflector panel. With the engine off, rotate the track by hand, and inspect condition. If worn or cut, or if track fibers are exposed, or if missing or defective inserts or guides are noted; contact an authorized Lynx dealer.

Snowmobiles Equipped with Traction Enhancing Products

If your snowmobile is equipped with a BRP approved studded track, **PROCEED WITH A VISUAL INSPECTION OF YOUR TRACK BEFORE EACH USE.**

Look for any defects, such as:

- Perforations in the track
- Tears in the track (particularly around traction holes on studded tracks)
- Lugs that are broken or torn off, exposing portions of rods

- Delamination of the rubber
- Broken rods
- Broken studs (studded tracks)
- Bent studs (studded tracks)
- Missing studs
- Studs that are torn off the track
- Missing track guide(s)
- Also, ensure that studs nut are tighten to the recommended torque.

On approved studded tracks, replace broken or damaged studs immediately. If your track shows signs of deterioration, it must be replaced immediately. When in doubt, ask your dealer.

⚠ WARNING

Riding with a damaged track or studs could lead to a loss of control, resulting in a risk of serious injury or death.

For complete information on traction enhancing products, refer to the section entitled *TRACTION ENHANCING PRODUCTS* in the *SAFETY INFORMATION* section at the beginning of this Operator's Guide.

Track Tension and Alignment

NOTE: Track tension and alignment are interrelated. Do not adjust one without the other.

⚠ WARNING

To prevent serious injury to individuals near the snowmobile:

- NEVER stand behind or near a moving track.
- Always use a wide-base snowmobile stand with a rear deflector panel if it is necessary to rotate track.
- When the track is raised off the ground, only run it at the lowest possible speed.

Centrifugal force could cause debris, pieces of torn track, or an entire severed track to be violently thrown backwards out of the tunnel with tremendous force.

Track Tension Verification

NOTE: Ride the snowmobile in snow about 15 to 20 minutes prior to adjusting track tension.

1. Remove tether cord cap from engine cut-off switch.
2. Lift rear of vehicle and support it off the ground.
- ⚠ CAUTION** Use proper lifting techniques, notably using your legs force. Do not attempt to lift the rear of vehicle if it is above your limits.
3. Allow rear suspension to fully extend.
4. Use the TENSIO METER (P/N 414 348 200).



5. Set deflection using bottom O-ring.

DEFLECTION
40 mm to 50 mm (1.5 in to 2 in)



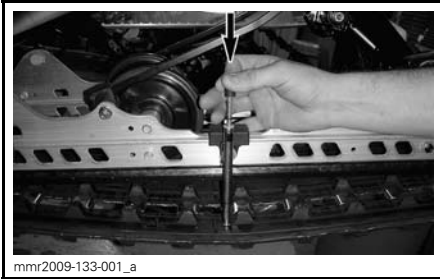
DEFLECTION SETTING

1. Bottom O-ring set to specification
6. Place upper O-ring to 0 kgf (0 lbf).
7. Position the tensiometer on track, halfway between front and rear idler wheels.
8. Push the tensiometer downwards until bottom O-ring (deflection) be aligned with the bottom of slider shoe.

LOAD READING

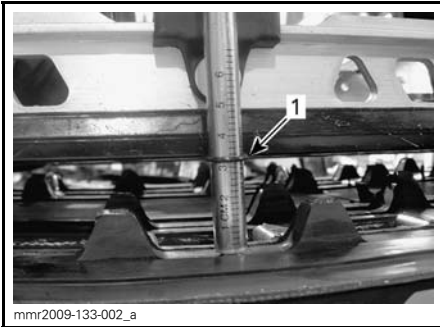
1. Upper O-ring
10. Load reading must be as per the following table.

TRACK ADJUSTMENT SPECIFICATION	
TRACK DEFLECTION SETTING	40 mm to 50 mm (1.5 in to 2 in)
TRACK LOAD READING	7.3 kg (16 lb)



11. If load reading is not in accordance with the specification, adjust track tension. Refer to *TRACK TENSION ADJUSTMENT*.

NOTICE Too much tension will result in power loss and excessive stresses on suspension components.



1. Deflection O-ring aligned with slider shoe
9. Read load recorded by the upper O-ring on the tensiometer.

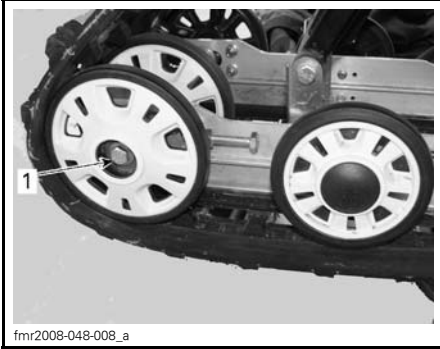
Track Tension Adjustment

1. Remove the tether cord cap from engine cut-off switch.
2. Remove rear wheel caps (if so equipped).



1. RH rear idler wheel cap

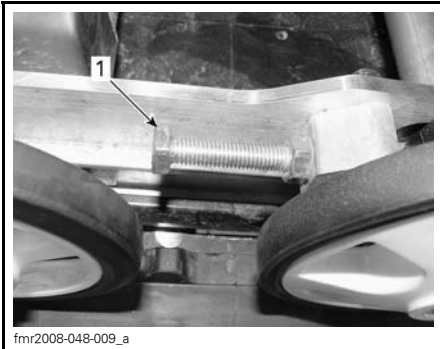
- Loosen the rear idler wheel retaining bolts.



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1. RH rear idler wheel bolt

- Tighten or loosen both adjustment screws to increase or decrease track tension.



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1. RH adjustment screw

- If correct tension is unattainable, contact an authorized Lynx dealer.
- Retighten retaining bolts to specification.

TIGHTENING TORQUE
48 N•m ± 6 N•m (35 lbf•ft ± 4 lbf•ft)

- Check track alignment as described below.

Track Alignment

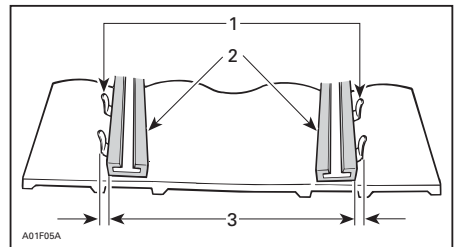
⚠ WARNING

Before checking track alignment, ensure that the track is free of all particles which could be thrown out while track is rotating. Keep hands, tools, feet and clothing clear of track. Always lift the snowmobile on a wide-base stand with a rear deflector panel. Ensure no one is standing in close proximity to the snowmobile, especially at the rear of the track. Never rotate track at high speed.

Centrifugal force could cause debris, pieces of torn track, or an entire severed track to be violently thrown backwards out of the tunnel with tremendous force.

Start the engine and accelerate slightly so that track barely turns. This must be done in a short period of time (about 5 seconds).

Check that the track is well centered; equal distance on both sides between edges of track guides and slider shoes.



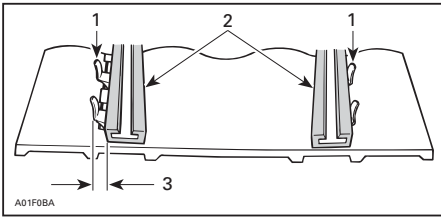
- Guides
- Slider shoes
- Equal distance

If off center, perform alignment as follows:

⚠ WARNING

Remove the tether cord cap from engine cut-off switch before performing any maintenance or adjustment, unless otherwise specified. Vehicle must be parked in a safe place, away from the trail.

1. Remove the tether cord cap from engine cut-off switch.
2. Loosen rear idler wheel retaining bolts.
3. Tighten the adjustment bolt on side where the slider shoe is the farthest from the track insert guides.

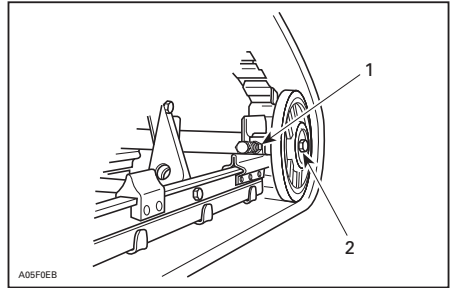


1. Guides
2. Slider shoes
3. Tighten on this side

4. Tighten lock nuts.
5. Torque idler wheels retaining bolts to $48 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m} \pm 6 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$ ($35 \text{ lbf}\cdot\text{ft} \pm 4 \text{ lbf}\cdot\text{ft}$).

⚠ WARNING

Make sure all fasteners are properly tightened to avoid losing an idler wheel or causing the track to lock.



- TYPICAL**
1. Locknut
 2. Retaining bolts

6. Start engine and rotate track slowly to recheck alignment.
7. Reposition snowmobile on ground.
8. Install rear wheel caps if so equipped.

Suspension

Rear Suspension Condition

Visually inspect all suspension components including slider shoes, springs, wheels, etc.

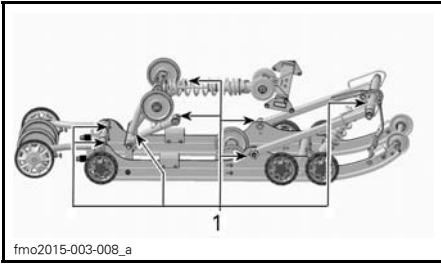
NOTE: During normal driving, snow will act as a lubricant and coolant for the slider shoes. Extensive riding on ice or sanded snow, will create excessive heat build-up and cause premature slider shoe wear.

Suspension Stopper Strap Condition

Inspect stopper strap for wear and cracks, bolt and nut for tightness. If loose inspect holes for deformation. Replace as required. Torque nut to $9 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m} \pm 1 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$ ($80 \text{ lbf}\cdot\text{in} \pm 9 \text{ lbf}\cdot\text{in}$).

Rear Suspension Lubrication

Lubricate rear suspension at grease fittings using SUSPENSION GREASE (P/N 293 550 033). Refer to *MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE* for maintenance frequency.



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1. Grease fittings

Steering and Front Suspension Condition

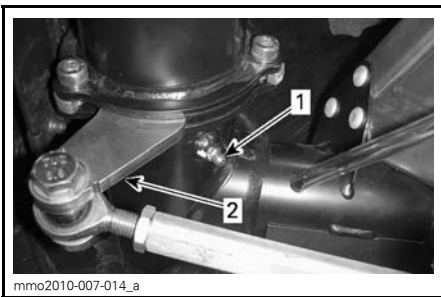
Visually inspect steering and front suspension for tightness of components (steering arms, tie rods, ski bolts, ski legs, etc.). If necessary, contact an authorized Lynx dealer.

Front Suspension Lubrication

Lubricate front suspension at grease fittings using suspension synthetic grease (P/N 293 550 033).

Generally, 4 to 5 grease gun strokes is sufficient.

NOTE: If too much grease is injected, the overflow will come out at steering levers and ski legs. Wipe off any excess of grease to avoid contact with other parts.



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LH SIDE SHOWN

1. Grease fitting
2. Steering arm

Skis

Wear and Condition of Skis and Runners

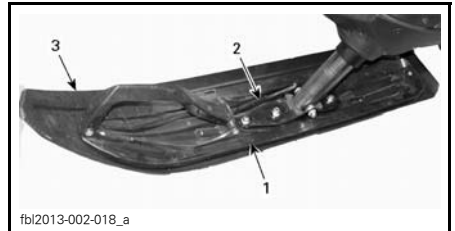
Check the condition of the skis and ski runner carbides. If worn, contact an authorized Lynx dealer.

⚠ WARNING

Excessively worn skis and/or ski runners will adversely affect snowmobile control.

Blade Ski

Standard position for Ski is that Ski runner is installed on center holes.



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TYPICAL

1. Ski
2. Ski Runner
3. Ski Liner (Army model)

On 69 Army models Ski liner is installed on the inside.

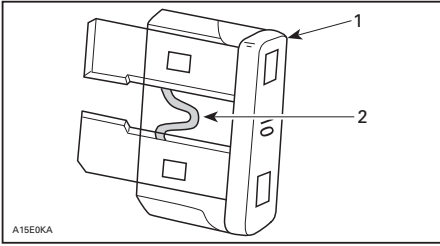
Fuses

Fuse Inspection

The electrical system is protected with fuses.

Check fuse condition and replace it if necessary.

To remove fuse from holder, pull fuse out. Check if filament is melted.



1. Fuse
2. Check if melted

⚠ WARNING

Do not use a higher rated fuse.

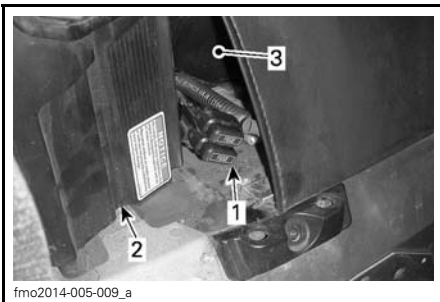
⚠ WARNING

If fuse has burnt out, source of malfunction should be determined and corrected before restarting. See an authorized Lynx dealer for servicing.

Fuse Location

550F

The 20A charging system and 10 A GPS & charger fuses are located on left side of vehicle, between fuel tank and primary air intake silencer.



1. 20A charging system and 10 A GPS & charger fuses
2. Primary air intake silencer
3. Fuel tank

Other Models

The fuse box is located behind the front seat upholstery at the LH front lower portion of seat.

Refer to the decal inside the fuse box cover or the *SPECIFICATIONS* subsection for fuse identification.

To access the fuse box, carefully pull seat upholstery out of the aluminum extrusion by pulling the plastic strip downwards and sideways at the same time.



TYPICAL - PULL STRIP



1. Fuse box

Close upholstery by pushing the strip back into the aluminium extrusion.

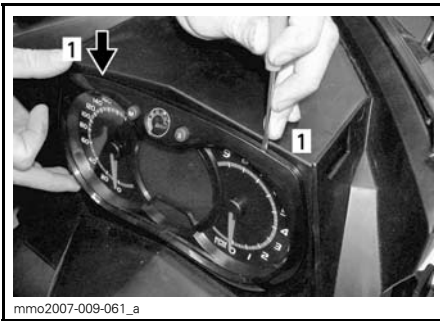
Lights

Always check light operation after bulb replacement.

Headlights Bulb Replacement

NOTICE Never touch glass portion of an halogen bulb with bare fingers, it shortens its operating life. If glass is touched, clean it with isopropyl alcohol which will not leave a film on the bulb.

1. By using a small screwdriver, release multifunction gauge locking tabs.

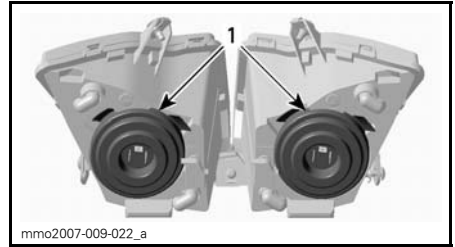


1. Locking tab

2. Gently pull on multifunction gauge and set aside.

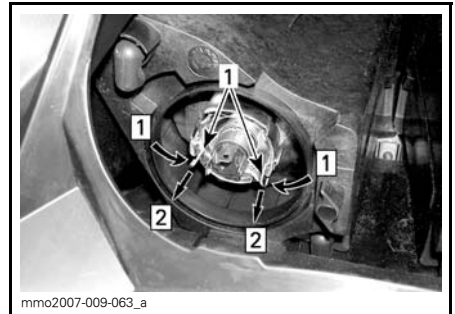


3. Unplug burnt bulb connector. Remove the rubber boot.



1. Rubber boots

4. Press and pull both sides of the retaining clip at the same time to release it from bulb support.

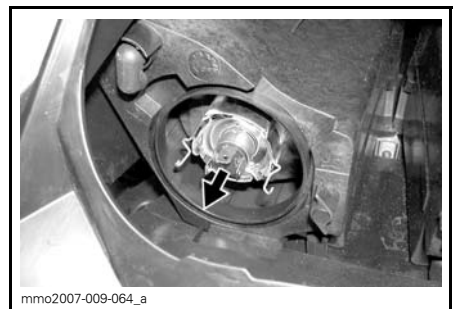


Step 1: Push both sides

Step 2: Pull to release

1. Retaining clip

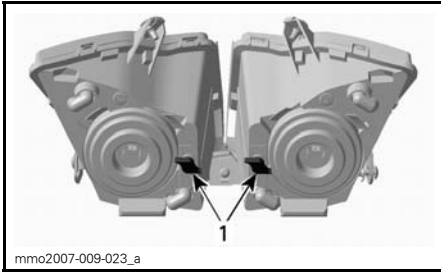
5. Pull bulb and replace. Properly reinstall parts.



PULL BULB AND REPLACE

Headlights Beam Aiming

Remove multifunction gauge, refer to *HEADLIGHTS BULB REPLACEMENT*. Turn knob to adjust beam height.



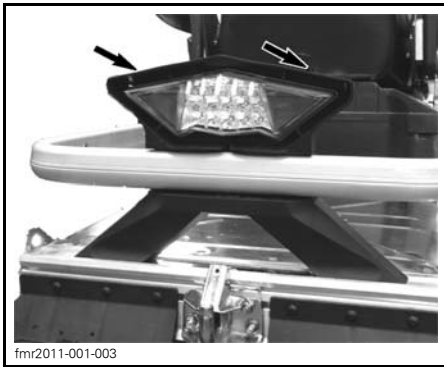
TYPICAL

1. Knobs

Taillight Bulb Replacement

1. Remove taillight housing by carefully pulling on lens at both ends using an equal force.

NOTICE If taillight housing is not removed perpendicularly to the taillight holder, mounting pins may break and taillight housing will have to be replaced.



NOTICE Do not pull taillight housing out too far to avoid damaging wiring.

2. Remove lamp socket from taillight assembly.
 - 2.1 Turn socket counterclockwise.
 - 2.2 Pull socket out.
3. Replace bulb.
4. Secure socket into taillight assembly.

5. Push taillight assembly back into place.

NOTE: Led taillight leds cannot be replaced.

If led taillight is failed change taillight assembly. Fasten new taillight by screws.

VEHICLE CARE

Post-Operation Care

Remove snow and ice from rear suspension, track, front suspension, steering mechanism and skis.

WARNING

Make sure tether cord cap is away from engine cut-off switch before standing in front the vehicle, getting close to the track or rear suspension components.

Always cover your snowmobile when leaving it outside overnight or during extended periods of inactivity. This will protect it from frost and snow as well as help retain its appearance.

Vehicle Cleaning and Protection

Wash vehicle with water mixed with a mild detergent. Use only microfiber cloths or an equivalent.

NOTICE It is necessary to use microfiber cloths or equivalent on windshield and hood to avoid scratching the surfaces.

To remove grease, oil and grime, use BRP HEAVY DUTY CLEANER (P/N 293 110 001).

NOTICE Do not use Heavy duty cleaner on decals or vinyl.

To remove stubborn dirt from all plastic and vinyl surfaces, use XPS MULTI-PURPOSE CLEANER (P/N 219 701 709).

To remove scratches on windshield or hood use the SCRATCH REMOVER KIT (P/N 861 774 800).

NOTICE Never clean plastic parts or hood with strong detergent, degreasing agent, paint thinner, acetone, products containing chlorine, etc.

Wax painted portion of the vehicle for better protection.

NOTE: Apply wax on glossy finish only.

STORAGE

During summer, or when a snowmobile is not in use for more than three months, proper storage is necessary.

STORAGE	
VEHICLE	Clean the vehicle
ENGINE	2-Stroke models: Lubricate engine. See owners manual for instruction.
	Block muffler with rags
	Add fuel stabilizer to fuel following the product manufacturer recommendations Run the engine after adding the product to the fuel
DRIVE SYSTEM AND BRAKE	Lubricate brake lever pivot
	Lift rear of vehicle until track is clear of the ground. Do not release track tension
SUSPENSION	Inspect and lubricate rear suspension
	Lubricate front and rear suspension
ELECTRICAL SYSTEM	Charge battery monthly to keep it fully charge during storage

⚠ CAUTION Use appropriate lifting device or have assistance to share lifting stress. If a lifting device is not used, use proper lifting techniques, notably using your legs force. Do not attempt to lift the rear of vehicle if it is above your limits.

NOTICE The snowmobile has to be stored in a cool and dry place and covered with an opaque but ventilated tarpaulin. This will prevent sun rays and grime from affecting plastic components and vehicle finish.

Engine Lubrication

Engine Lubrication Procedure (550F)

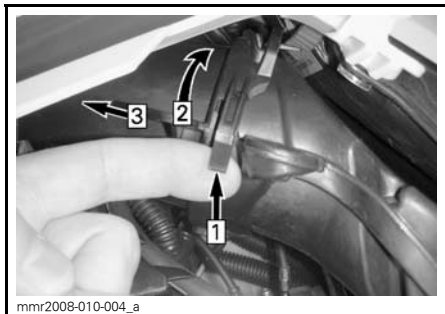
NOTICE Fuel stabilizer should be added prior to engine lubrication to ensure carburetor protection against varnish deposits.

Engine internal parts must be lubricated to protect them from possible corrosion during the storage period.

Proceed as follows:

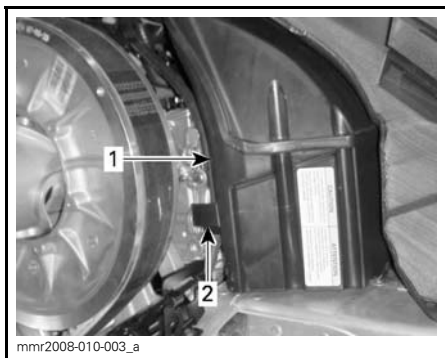
1. Place the vehicle in a well ventilated area and start the engine.
2. Start the engine and let it run at idle speed until it reaches its operating temperature.
3. Stop the engine.
4. Remove the primary air intake silencer as follows:
 - 4.1 Remove LH side panel. Refer to *CONTROLS, INSTRUMENTS AND EQUIPMENT* section.
 - 4.2 Remove drive belt guard. Refer to *CONTROLS, INSTRUMENTS AND EQUIPMENT* section.
 - 4.3 Lift tab on rear section of connector tube.

- Twist tube adapter counter clockwise and pull it off the primary silencer slightly.

**TYPICAL**

- Step 1: Lift tab
Step 2: Twist adapter
Step 3: Pull off

- Press locking tab securing the primary air intake silencer and pull silencer out of adapter plate.



- Primary air intake silencer
- Primary intake silencer locking tab

- Restart engine and run at idle speed.
- Inject storage oil into each carburetor/throttle body until the engine stalls, or until a sufficient quantity of oil has entered the engine (approximately half a can).
- With the engine stopped, remove the spark plugs and spray XPS STORAGE OIL (P/N 619 590 094) into each cylinder.

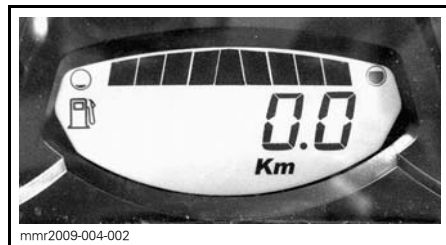
- Slowly crank engine 2 or 3 revolutions to lubricate cylinders.
- Reinstall spark plugs and primary air intake silencer.

Engine Storage Mode (E-TEC)

Like other engines, the E-TEC has to be properly lubricated at storage for internal parts protection. The E-TEC system offers a built-in engine lubrication function can be initiated by the operator.

To engage procedure, do the following:

- Place the vehicle in a well ventilated area.
- Start the engine and let it run at idle speed until it reaches its operating temperature.
- Push the SET (S) button repeatedly until odometer is displayed (total mileage).



NOTE: The storage mode does not function in other modes (trip A, trip B and hr trip).

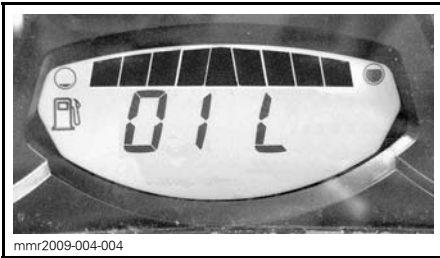
- Repeatedly depress the HI/LOW beam switch rapidly, then, **while doing this**, press and hold the **SET button** until "PUSH S" appears on the display.

NOTE: It is critical for this procedure to depress the HI/LOW beam switch repeatedly **before** holding down the SET button.



5. When the gauge displays "PUSH S", release all buttons.
6. Again, press and hold the SET button for 2 - 3 seconds.

The gauge will display "OIL" when the engine enters storage procedure (summerization feature).



Do not touch anything during engine lubrication cycle.

The engine will increase its RPM to approximately 1600, then the oil pump will "fog with oil" the engine for 30 - 60 seconds.

When completed, the engine will stop by itself.

Remove D.E.S.S. key.

NOTICE Do not start the engine during storage period.

PRESEASON PREPARATION

PRESEASON PREPARATION (2-STROKE)	
ENGINE	Inspect engine rubber mounts
	Check exhaust system condition and check for leaks
	Tighten exhaust manifold screws or nuts to specified torque
	Inspect engine fan belt (550 model)
	Adjust oil injection pump (550 model)
	Inspect cooling system cap, hoses and clamps and check for leaks
	Check coolant density
	Inspect crankshaft PTO seal
FUEL SYSTEM	Inspect fuel lines and connections
	Clean, inspect and adjust carburetors (550 model)
	Clean and inspect throttle body (except 550 model)
	Inspect throttle cable
DRIVE SYSTEM AND BRAKE	Inspect drive belt (adjust at every drive belt replacement)
	Clean and visually inspect drive pulley
	Clean and inspect driven pulley
	Inspect, adjust and align track
	Adjust drive chain (Not for models equipped with gearbox)
	Change chaincase / gearbox oil
	Change NEW gasket ring with gearbox oil change. Apply LOCTITE 542 on the thread of the plug (XU models)
	Check brake fluid level
Inspect brake hose, pads and disk	
STEERING SYSTEM	Inspect steering mechanism
	Inspect skis and runners
SUSPENSION	Inspect front suspension
	Inspect rear suspension (including stopper straps and slider shoes)
ELECTRICAL SYSTEM	Inspect spark plugs (All except E-TEC)
	Replace spark plugs after starting the engine with the old spark plugs to burn the excess of storage oil (550 model)
	Charge battery (if so equipped)
	Adjust headlight beam aiming

NOTICE Have carburetors cleaned before restarting engine.

PRESEASON PREPARATION (4-STROKE)	
ENGINE	Visually inspect engine seals and gaskets and check for leaks
	Check exhaust system condition and check for leaks
	Change engine oil and filter
	Check coolant density
FUEL SYSTEM	Inspect fuel lines and connections
	Clean and inspect throttle body
DRIVE SYSTEM AND BRAKE	Inspect drive belt (adjust at every drive belt replacement)
	Clean and visually inspect drive pulley
	Clean and inspect driven pulley
	Inspect, adjust and align track
	Adjust drive chain (Not for models equipped with gearbox)
	Change chaincase / gearbox oil
	Change NEW gasket ring with gearbox oil change. Apply LOCTITE 542 on the thread of the plug (XU models)
	Check brake fluid level
Inspect brake hose, pads and disk	
STEERING SYSTEM	Inspect steering mechanism
	Inspect skis and runners
SUSPENSION	Inspect front suspension
	Inspect rear suspension and stopper strap.
ELECTRICAL SYSTEM	Charge battery (if so equipped)
	Adjust headlight beam aiming

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION

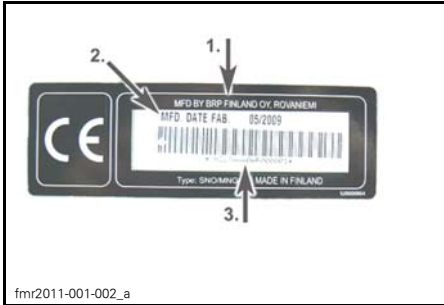
Vehicle Description Decal

Vehicle description decal is located on right hand side of the tunnel.



TYPICAL

1. Vehicle description decal



VEHICLE DESCRIPTION DECAL

1. Manufacturer name
2. Manufacturing date
3. Vehicle identification number (VIN)

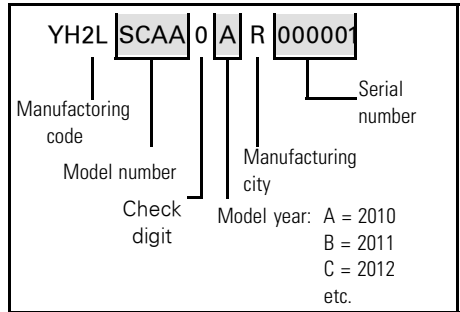
Identification Numbers

The main components of your snowmobile (engine and frame) are identified by different identification numbers. It may sometimes become necessary to locate these numbers for warranty purposes or to trace your snowmobile in the event of loss. These numbers are required by the authorized Lynx dealer to complete warranty claims properly. No warranty will be allowed by BRP if the engine identification number or vehicle identification number (VIN) is removed or mutilated in any way. We strongly recommend that you take note of all the identification numbers on your snowmobile and supply them to your insurance company.

Vehicle Identification Number (VIN)

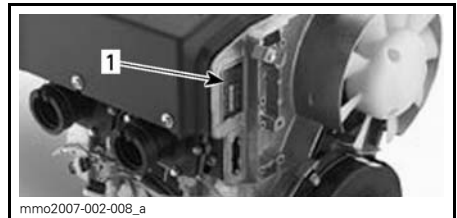
VIN is scribed on the vehicle description decal. See above. It is also engraved on the tunnel, near the vehicle description decal.

Model number and model year are part of the information found in the VIN. See illustration.



Engine Identification Number

Refer to the following illustrations to locate the engine identification number on the applicable engine.



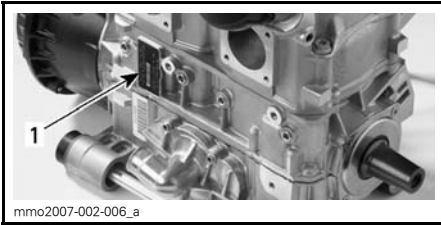
550F ENGINE

1. Engine identification number



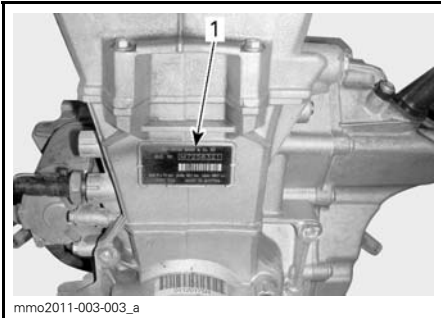
TYPICAL - 600 HO E-TEC ENGINE

1. Engine serial number



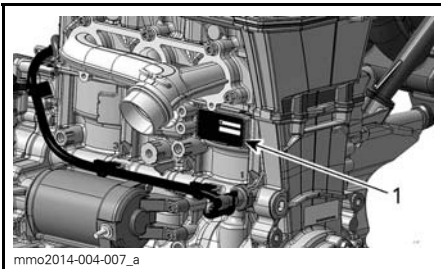
800R E-TEC ENGINE

1. Engine identification number



600 ACE ENGINE

1. Engine identification number



900 ACE ENGINE

1. Engine identification number

EC-DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

The EC-Declaration of Conformity does not appear in this version of the Operator's Guide.

Please refer to the printed version that was delivered with your vehicle.

Vibrations in the seat (EN 1032, ISO 5008), is less than 0,5 m/s².

Vibrations in the handle (EN 1032, ISO 5008), is less than 2,5 m/s².

SPECIFICATIONS

SYSTEM	MODELS
ENGINE	550F
Engine type	Rotax® 552, fan-cooled (axial fan), cylinder reed porting
Cylinders	2
Displacement	553.4 cm ³ (33.8 in ³)
Bore	76 mm (3 in)
Stroke	61 mm (2.4 in)
Maximum horsepower RPM	6800 RPM
Carburetion	2 x VM-30
Exhaust system	Single tuned pipe, baffle muffler
Injection oil	XPS INJECTION OIL (P/N 619 590 100)
Injection oil tank capacity	2.8 L (3 qt (U.S. liq.))
Recommended fuel	Regular unleaded (Fuel containing MAXIMUM 10% ethanol)
Minimum octane rating	95 (Fuel which may contain up to 10% MAX ethanol)
Fuel tank capacity	41 L (10.8 U.S. gal.)

SPECIFICATIONS

SYSTEM	MODELS
ENGINE	600 HO E-TEC
Engine type	Rotax® 593, liquid cooled w/Reed valve, 3D-RAVE
Cylinders	2
Displacement	594.4 cm ³ (36.27 in ³)
Bore	72 mm (2.83 in)
Stroke	73 mm (2.87 in)
Maximum horsepower engine RPM	8100 RPM
Fuel injection system	E-TEC direct injection
Exhaust system	Single tuned pipe, baffle muffler
Engine oil	XPS SYNTHETIC 2-STROKE OIL (P/N 619 590 106)
Engine oil tank capacity	2.8 L (95 U.S. oz)
Engine coolant	Ethyl glycol/water mix (50% coolant, 50% distilled water). Use BRP premix coolant or coolant specifically designed for aluminum engines
Recommended fuel type	Premium unleaded
Minimum octane rating	95 (Fuel which may contain up to 10% MAX ethanol)
Fuel tank capacity	41 L (10.8 U.S. gal.)

SYSTEM	MODELS
ENGINE	800R E-TEC
Engine type	Rotax® 797, liquid cooled w/Reed valve, 3D-RAVE
Cylinders	2
Displacement	799.5 cm ³ (48.79 in ³)
Bore	82 mm (3.23 in)
Stroke	75.7 mm (2.98 in)
Maximum horsepower engine RPM	7900 RPM
Fuel injection system	E-TEC direct injection
Exhaust system	Single tuned pipe, baffle muffler
Engine oil	XPS SYNTHETIC 2-STROKE OIL (P/N 619 590 106)
Engine oil tank capacity	2.8 L (95 U.S. oz)
Engine coolant	Ethyl glycol/water mix (50% coolant, 50% distilled water). Use BRP premix coolant or coolant specifically designed for aluminum engines
Recommended fuel type	Premium unleaded
Minimum octane rating	95 (Fuel which may contain up to 10% MAX ethanol)
Fuel tank capacity	41 L (10.8 U.S. gal.)

SPECIFICATIONS

SYSTEM	MODELS
ENGINE	600 ACE
Engine type	Rotax 602, liquid cooled, 4-stroke, D.O.H.C., dry sump.
Cylinders	2
Displacement	599.54 cm ³ (36.6 in ³)
Bore	74 mm (2.91 in)
Stroke	69.7 mm (2.74 in)
Maximum horsepower RPM	7250 RPM
Fuel injection system	Multi point EFI, 46 mm throttle body
Exhaust system	Double front pipe, baffle muffler
Engine oil	XPS 4-STROKE SYNTHETIC OIL (ALL CLIMATE) (P/N 619 590 114)
Engine oil tank capacity	Oil change, 2.1 L (2.22 qt (U.S. liq.))
Engine coolant	Ethyl glycol/water mix (50% coolant, 50% distilled water). Use BRP premix coolant or coolant specifically designed for aluminum engines
Recommended fuel	Regular unleaded (Fuel containing maximum 10% ethanol)
Minimum octane rating	95 (Fuel which may contain up to 10% MAX ethanol)
Fuel tank capacity	41 L (10.8 U.S. gal.)

SYSTEM	MODELS
ENGINE	900 ACE
Engine type	Rotax 903, liquid cooled, 4-stroke, D.O.H.C., dry sump
Cylinders	3
Displacement	899 cm ³ (54.9 in ³)
Bore	74 mm (2.9 in)
Stroke	69.7 mm (2.74 in)
Maximum horsepower RPM	7250 RPM
Exhaust system	Single front pipe, baffle muffler
Engine oil	XPS 4-STROKE SYNTHETIC OIL (ALL CLIMATE) (P/N 619 590 114)
Engine oil capacity	Oil change, 3.3 L (3.5 qt (U.S. liq.))
Engine coolant	Ethyl glycol/water mix (50% coolant, 50% distilled water). Use BRP premix coolant or coolant specifically designed for aluminum engines
Fuel injection system	Multi point EFI, 46 mm throttle body
Recommended fuel	Regular unleaded (fuel containing MAXIMUM 10% ethanol)
Minimum octane rating. Refer to <i>FUEL REQUIREMENTS</i>	95 RON (fuel which may contain up to 10% MAX ethanol)
Fuel tank capacity	41 L (10.8 U.S. gal.)

SPECIFICATIONS

SYSTEM		MODELS	
DRIVE SYSTEM		ALL MODELS	
Drive pulley	Type	550F	eDrive II
		600 HO E-TEC	TRA III™
		800R E-TEC	TRA VII™
		600 ACE / 900 ACE	eDrive II
	Engagement	550F	2600 ± 100 RPM
		600 HO E-TEC	3000 RPM ± 100
		800R E-TEC	3800 RPM ± 100
		600 ACE / 900 ACE	2200 RPM ± 100
Driven pulley type		QRS SS	
Drive sprocket number of teeth	59 Yeti 550	7 (2,86")	
	69 YETI 600E-TEC, 800 E-TEC	8 (2,52")	
	59 Yeti 600 ACE	7 (2,86")	
	69 Yeti 900 ACE	8 (2,52")	
Gearbox oil		XPS SYNTHETIC GEAR OIL (75W 140 Hypoid) (P/N 619 590 182)	
Gearbox oil capacity		600 ml (20.3 U.S. oz)	

SYSTEM		MODELS
DRIVE SYSTEM		ALL MODELS
Track nominal width	59 Yeti	500 mm (20 in)
	69 Yeti	600 mm (24 in)
Track nominal length	59 Yeti	392.3 cm (154 in)
	69 Yeti	396.8 cm (156 in)
Track profile height	59 Yeti 550, 600 ACE 69 YETI 900 ACE	32mm
	69 YETI ARMY 600 E-TEC	32mm (Ice Ripper studded)
	69 YETI ARMY 800R E-TEC	44mm
Track tension	Deflection	40 mm to 50 mm (1.575 in to 1.969 in)
	Force ⁽¹⁾	7.3 kg (16 lb)
Track alignment		Equal distance between edges of track guides and slider shoes
BRAKE SYSTEM		ALL MODELS
Brake system		Brembo/Hydrauloc caliper, self adjustable/disk
Brake fluid		DOT 4
SUSPENSION		ALL MODELS
Front suspension		LTS
Front shock		MC
Front suspension max. travel		160 mm
Rear suspension	59 Yeti	PPS 5900 A
	69 Yeti	PPS 6900 A
Front arm shock		HPG 25
Rear arm shock	59 Yeti, 69 Yeti 900 ACE	HPG 25
	69 Yeti 600 E-TEC, 800 E-TEC	HPG 36
Rear suspension max. travel		340 mm (13.4 in)

SPECIFICATIONS

SYSTEM		MODELS
ELECTRICAL SYSTEM		550F
Lightning system output		340 Watts @ 6000 RPM
Headlights bulb HI/LOW beam		2 x 60/55 Watts (H-4)
Taillight bulb		12V 21/5W
Spark plug	Type	NGK BR9ECS ⁽²⁾
	Gap	0.45 mm ± 0.05 mm (.018 in ± .002 in) (not adjustable)
Fuses		Refer to <i>FUSES</i> section
ELECTRICAL SYSTEM		600 HO E-TEC
Lightning system output		12V/360 W
Headlights bulb HI/LOW beam		2 x 60/55 Watts (H-4)
Taillight bulb		12V 21/5W
Spark plug	Type	NGK PZFR6F ⁽²⁾
	Gap	0.75 mm ± 0.05 mm (.03 in ± .002 in) (not adjustable)
Fuses/ Relays/ Capacitor	F 1: Battery	30 A
	F 2: Start	5 A
	F 3: Horn (optional)	10 A
	F 4: Fan	15 A
	F6: GPS & Charger	10 A
	R 1:	Accessory relay
R 2:	Fan relay	

SYSTEM		MODELS
ELECTRICAL SYSTEM		800 R E-TEC
Lightning system output		12V/360 W
Headlights bulb HI/LOW beam		2 x 60/55 Watts (H-4)
Taillight bulb		12V 21/5W
Spark plug	Type	NGK PFR7AB ⁽²⁾
	Gap	0.75 mm ± 0.05 mm (.03 in ± .002 in) (not adjustable)
Fuses/ Relays/ Capacitor	F 1: Battery	30 A
	F 2: Start	5 A
	F 3: Horn (optional)	10 A
	F 4: Fan	15 A
	F6: GPS & Charger	10 A
	R 1:	Accessory relay
	R 2:	Fan relay

SPECIFICATIONS

SYSTEM		MODELS
ELECTRICAL SYSTEM		600 ACE
Lightning system output		12V/650 W
Headlights bulb HI/LOW beam		2 x 60/55 Watts (H-4)
Taillight bulb		12V 21/5W
Spark plug	Type	NGK MR8BI-8.
	Gap	.8mm (.031 in)
Fuses	F 1: Battery	30 A
	F 2: Relay / Start button	5 A
	F 3: Starter solenoid	10 A
	F 4: Fan	15 A
	F 5: HIC	10 A
	F 6: HIC / Gauge	10 A
	F 7: Front PW outlet and heaters	10 A
	F 8: Lights	20 A
	F 9: Horn	5 A
	F 10: Rear power outlet	5 A
	F11: GPS & Charger	10 A
Relays	R 1:	Run relay
	R 2:	Load relay
	R 3:	Load relay
	R 4:	Fan relay

SYSTEM		MODELS
ELECTRICAL SYSTEM		900 ACE
Lightning system output		12V / 650 W
Headlights bulb HI/LOW beam		2 x 60/55 Watts (H-4)
Taillight bulb		2.6 W / 139m W LED
Spark Plug	Type	NGK MR8BI-8.
	Gap	0.8 mm (.031 in)
Fuses and relays	F1 : Battery	30 A
	F2 : Relay / Start button	5 A
	F3 : Starter solenoid	10 A
	F4 : Fan	15 A
	F5 : HIC	10 A
	F6 : HIC / Gauge	10 A
	F7 : Front power outlet and heaters	10 A
	F8 : Lighting	20 A
	F9 : Horn	5 A
	F10 : Rear power outlet	5 A
	F11 : Compressor	15 A
	R1:	Run
	R2:	Load
	R3:	Accessory relay
R4:	Fan relay	

SPECIFICATIONS

SYSTEM		MODELS
WEIGHT AND DIMENSIONS		ALL MODELS
Dry weight	59 Yeti 550	263 kg (579.8 lb)
	59 Yeti 600 ACE	287 kg (632.7 lb)
	69 Yeti 900 ACE	311 kg (685.6 lb)
	69 Yeti 600 E-TEC	324 kg (714.3 lb)
	69 Yeti 800 E-TEC	329 kg (725.3 lb)
Vehicle overall length	59 Yeti	333 cm (131 in)
	69 YETI 900 ACE	335 cm (132 in)
	69 YETI ARMY 600 E-TEC, 800R E-TEC	336 cm (132 in)
Vehicle overall width	59 Yeti 550, 600 ACE 69 YETI 900 ACE	106.5 cm (41.9 in)
	69 YETI ARMY 600 E-TEC, 800R E-TEC	112 cm (44.1 in)
Vehicle overall height		143 cm (56.3 in)
Ski stance		90 cm (35.4 in)

⁽¹⁾ Measure gap between slider shoe and bottom inside track when exerting a downward pull to the track.

⁽²⁾ **Notice** Do not attempt to adjust gap on this spark plug.

TROUBLESHOOTING

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDELINES (550)

ENGINE IS CRANKED BUT FAILS TO START

1. One of the switch is not in position to start engine.
 - *Place emergency engine stop switch and ignition switch in the ON position and install tether cord cap on engine cut-off switch.*
2. Mixture not rich enough to start cold engine.
 - *Check fuel tank level.*
 - *Make sure to use choke properly, refer to CHOKE APPLICATION in BASIC PROCEDURES.*
3. Flooded engine (spark plug wet when removed).
 - *Do not choke. Remove wet spark plug, place engine stop switch in OFF position and crank engine several times. Install clean dry spark plugs.*
 - *Start engine following usual starting procedure. If engine continues to flood, see an authorized LYNX dealer.*
4. No fuel to the engine (spark plug dry when removed).
 - *Check fuel tank level; check condition of fuel and impulse lines and their connections. Possible fuel pump or carburetor failure, contact an authorized LYNX dealer.*
5. Spark plug/ignition (no spark).
 - *Install new spark plugs crank engine. If engine fails to start, contact an authorized LYNX dealer.*
6. Engine compression.
 - *As the engine is pulled over with the rewind starter, “cycles” of resistance should be felt as piston goes past top dead center (each piston on multi-cylinder engines).*
 - *If no pulsating resistance is felt, it suggests a major loss of compression. Contact an authorized LYNX dealer.*

ENGINE LACKS POWER/VEHICLE DOES NOT REACH FULL SPEED

1. Fouled or defective spark plug.
 - *See item 5 of ENGINE IS CRANKED BUT FAILS TO START.*
2. Lack of fuel to engine.
 - *See item 4 of ENGINE IS CRANKED BUT FAILS TO START.*
3. Carburetor adjustments.
 - *Contact an authorized LYNX dealer.*
4. Drive belt worn too thin.
 - *If the drive belt has lost more than 3 mm (1/8 in) of its original width, it will affect vehicle performance.*
 - *Replace drive belt.*
5. Incorrect track adjustment.
 - *See MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES and/or an authorized LYNX dealer for proper alignment and tension adjustments.*
6. Drive and driven pulleys require servicing.
 - *Contact an authorized LYNX dealer.*

ENGINE LACKS POWER/VEHICLE DOES NOT REACH FULL SPEED (cont'd)

7. Engine overheats.

- *Check fan belt condition and tension.*
- *Check cooling fins. Clean if necessary.*
- *If engine overheating persists, contact an authorized LYNX dealer.*

ENGINE BACKFIRES

1. Faulty spark plug (carbon accumulation).

- *See item 5 of ENGINE IS CRANKED BUT FAILS TO START.*

2. Engine is running too hot.

- *See item 7 of ENGINE LACKS POWER/VEHICLE DOES NOT REACH FULL SPEED.*

3. Incorrect ignition timing or ignition system failure.

- *Contact an authorized LYNX dealer.*

ENGINE MISFIRES

1. Fouled/defective/worn spark plugs.

- *Clean/verify spark plug gap and identification number. Replace if required.*

2. Too much oil supplied to engine.

- *Improper oil pump adjustment, refer to an authorized LYNX dealer.*

3. Water in fuel.

- *Drain fuel system and refill with fresh fuel.*

ENGINE HAS SHUT DOWN

1. The engine shuts down after long periods of idling.

- *Do not let engine idle too long. Refer to VEHICLE WARM-UP in OPERATING INSTRUCTION.*

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDELINES (E-TEC AND ACE)

ELECTRIC STARTER DOES NOT WORK

1. Emergency engine stop switch in OFF position or tether cord cap not installed on engine cut-off switch.
 - *Place the emergency engine stop switch in the ON position and install tether cord cap (on engine cut-off switch).*
2. Throttle applied while attempting an engine start.
 - *Release throttle while cranking.*

ENGINE IS CRANKED BUT FAILS TO START

1. No fuel to the engine.
 - *Check fuel tank level, add fuel if necessary.*
2. System voltage too low.
 - *Contact an authorized Lynx dealer.*

ENGINE RPM DOES NOT REACH CLUTCH ENGAGEMENT POINT

1. D.E.S.S. key not recognized. D.E.S.S. pilot lamp blinks (slow short beeps/repetitive).
 - *Properly install tether cord cap.*
 - *Install a tether cord cap with the D.E.S.S. key for which this snowmobile was programmed.*
2. ECM does not recognize the D.E.S.S. key (600 ACE / 900 ACE).
 - *Refer to an authorized Lynx dealer.*

ENGINE OVERHEATS (EXCEPT 550F)

1. Insufficient snow or hard packed snow.
 - *Drive in loose snow. If there is no loose snow near, pull over, stop engine and let it cool down. Once engine has cooled down, reach loose snow as soon as possible.*
2. Low coolant level.
 - *Check coolant level, see MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES.*
3. Clogged heat exchangers.
 - *Clean heat exchangers.*

ENGINE LACKS ACCELERATION OR POWER

1. Learning key used (600 ACE / 900 ACE).
 - *Use a Normal key.*
2. Sport mode not activated (600 ACE / 900 ACE).
 - *Refer to ACTIVATING SPORT MODE in OPERATING MODES.*
3. Engine warm-up in progress (E-TEC).
 - *Drive vehicle at low speeds for a few minutes.*
4. Engine break-in period not completed (E-TEC).
 - *Complete break-in period.*

ENGINE LACKS ACCELERATION OR POWER (cont'd)

- 5. Incorrect drive pulley adjustment.**
 - *Adjust drive pulley, refer to MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES.*
- 6. Drive and driven pulleys require servicing.**
 - *Contact an authorized Lynx dealer.*
- 7. Drive belt worn too thin.**
 - *If the drive belt has lost more than 3 mm (1/8 in) of its original width, it will affect vehicle performance.*
 - *Replace drive belt.*
- 8. Incorrect track adjustment.**
 - *See MAINTENANCE and/or an authorized Lynx dealer for proper alignment and tension adjustments.*
- 9. RAVE valves problem (E-TEC).**
 - *Seek service from an authorized Lynx dealer, repair shop, or person of your own choosing for maintenance, repair, or replacement.*
- 10. Fuel pressure too low.**
 - *Contact an authorized Lynx dealer.*

ENGINE BACKFIRES

- 1. Engine is running too hot.**
 - *See ENGINE OVERHEATS.*
- 2. Ignition timing is incorrect or ignition system failure.**
 - *Seek service from an authorized Lynx dealer, repair shop, or person of your own choosing for maintenance, repair, or replacement.*
- 3. Exhaust system leak.**
 - *Seek service from an authorized Lynx dealer, repair shop, or person of your own choosing for maintenance, repair, or replacement.*
- 4. Fuel pressure too low.**
 - *Seek service from an authorized Lynx dealer, repair shop, or person of your own choosing for maintenance, repair, or replacement.*

ENGINE MISFIRES

- 1. Water in fuel.**
 - *Drain fuel system and refill with fresh fuel.*
- 2. RAVE valves malfunction (E-TEC).**
 - *Have RAVE valves system inspected. Seek service from an authorized Lynx dealer, repair shop, or person of your own choosing for maintenance, repair, or replacement.*

HEATED GRIPS/THUMB WARMERS ARE NOT WORKING

- 1. Engine RPM is too low.**
 - *Make sure engine RPM is above 1900 (600 ACE).*

MONITORING SYSTEM

Pilot Lamps, Messages and Beeper Codes

Gauge pilot lamp(s) will inform you if an anomaly occurs or to inform you of a particular condition.







TYPICAL — PILOT LAMPS


Pilot lamp can flash alone or in combination with another lamp.

Beeper codes will be emitted to catch your attention.

See table below for details.

NOTE: Some of the listed pilot lamps do not apply to all models.

PILOT LAMP(S) ON	BEEPER	DESCRIPTION
	4 short beeps every 30 seconds	<p>Engine is overheating, reduce snowmobile speed and run in loose snow or stop engine immediately and let engine cool down. Check coolant level, refer to <i>MAINTENANCE</i>. If coolant level is correct and overheating persists, contact an authorized Lynx dealer. Do not run the engine if condition persists.</p> <p>Reduce speed or stop engine. Let engine cool down and restart. If overheating persists, contact an authorized Lynx dealer. Do not run the engine if condition persists.</p>
	Short beeps repeating rapidly	Critical overheat. Stop engine immediately and let engine cool down. Check coolant level, refer to <i>MAINTENANCE</i> . If coolant level is correct and overheating persists, contact an authorized Lynx dealer. Do not run the engine if condition persists.
	4 short beeps every 5 minutes	Indicate a low or high battery voltage condition. See an authorized Lynx dealer as soon as possible.
	4 short beeps	Engine fault, see an authorized Lynx dealer as soon as possible.
—	4 short beeps every 5 minutes	<p>Engine detonation (RPM is limited when this condition occurs).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Ensure recommended fuel is used. – Check fuel quality, replace if necessary. – If fault still occurs, contact an authorized Lynx dealer.
—	4 short beeps every 5 minutes	Engine RPM limited for protection when certain faults occur.
—	Short beeps repeating rapidly	Shutdown procedure in force due to engine overheating or fuel pump problem, remove tether cord cap from engine cut-off switch and contact an authorized Lynx dealer.

PILOT LAMP(S) ON	BEEPER	DESCRIPTION
D.E.S.S.	2 short beeps	Good key, vehicle ready to operate.
	2 short beeps, repeating slowly	Unable to read key (bad connection). Make sure the key is clean and correctly snapped on post.
	Short beeps repeating rapidly	Invalid key or key not programmed. Use the proper key for the vehicle or have the programmed.
 (blinking)	—	Fuel level sensor problem.
—	—	Throttle lever applied while attempting an engine start (engine cranks but won't run). Release throttle while starting.
—	—	Throttle lever wide open while attempting an engine start (engine cranks but won't run). Release throttle while starting.

WARRANTY

BRP FINLAND OY INTERNATIONAL LIMITED WARRANTY: 2016 LYNX® SNOWMOBILES

1) SCOPE OF THE LIMITED WARRANTY

BRP Finland Oy ("BRP") warrants its 2016 LYNX snowmobiles from defects in material or workmanship for the period and under the conditions described below.

All genuine LYNX parts and accessories, installed by an authorized BRP distributor/dealer (as hereinafter defined) at the time of delivery of the 2016 LYNX snowmobile, carry the same warranty as that of the snowmobile.

Use of the product for racing or any other competitive activity, at any point, even by a previous owner, will render this warranty null and void.

2) WARRANTY COVERAGE PERIOD

This warranty will be in effect from the date of delivery to the first retail consumer or the date the product is first put into use, whichever occurs first and for a period of:

A) TWELVE (12) CONSECUTIVE MONTHS, for private use owners

B) TWELVE (12) CONSECUTIVE MONTHS, for commercial use owners

C) TWENTY FOUR (24) CONSECUTIVE MONTHS, for private use owners when product was sold in a member state of the European Union and Russia.

However, the warranty coverage period on a snowmobile delivered between June 1st and December 1st of a given year will expire November 30th of the applicable year. A snowmobile is used commercially when it is used in connection with generating income or any work or employment during any part of the warranty period. A snowmobile is also used commercially when, at any point during the warranty period, it has commercial tags or is licensed for commercial use.

The repair or replacement of parts or the performance of service under this warranty does not extend the life of this warranty beyond its original expiration date.

Note that the duration and any other modalities of the warranty coverage are subject to the applicable national or local legislation in the customer's country.

3) CONDITIONS TO HAVE WARRANTY COVERAGE

This warranty coverage is available only on 2016 LYNX snowmobile purchased as new and unused by its first owner from a BRP distributor/dealer authorized to distribute LYNX products in the country in which the sale occurred ("BRP distributor/dealer"), and then only after the BRP specified pre-delivery inspection process is completed and documented. Warranty coverage only becomes available upon proper registration of the product by an authorized BRP distributor/dealer. Moreover, this warranty coverage is only available if the LYNX snowmobile is purchased in the country in which the purchaser resides. BRP will not honor this limited warranty to any private use owner or commercial use owner if the preceding conditions have not been met. Such limitations are necessary in order to allow BRP to preserve both the safety of its products, and also that of its consumers and the general public.

Routine maintenance outlined in the Operator's Guide must be timely performed in order to maintain warranty coverage. BRP reserves the right to make warranty coverage contingent upon proof of proper maintenance.

4) WHAT TO DO TO OBTAIN WARRANTY COVERAGE

The customer must notify a servicing BRP distributor/dealer within two (2) months of the appearance of a defect, and provide it with reasonable access to the product and reasonable opportunity to repair it. The customer must also present to the authorized BRP distributor/dealer, proof of purchase of the product and must sign the repair/work order prior to starting the repair in order to validate the warranty repair. All parts replaced under this limited warranty become the property of BRP.

5) WHAT BRP WILL DO

BRP's obligations under this warranty are limited to, at its sole discretion, repairing parts found defective under normal use, maintenance and service, or replacing such parts with new genuine LYNX parts without charge for parts and labor, at any authorized BRP distributor/dealer during the warranty coverage period.

BRP reserves the right to improve or modify products from time to time without assuming any obligation to modify products previously manufactured.

6) EXCLUSIONS

The following are not warranted under any circumstances:

- Normal wear and tear;
- Routine maintenance items, tune ups, adjustments;
- Damage caused by failure to provide proper maintenance and/or storage, as described in the Operator's Guide;
- Damage resulting from removal of parts, improper repairs, service, maintenance, modifications or use of parts not manufactured or approved by BRP or resulting from repairs done by a person that is not an authorized servicing BRP distributor/dealer;
- Damage caused by abuse, abnormal use, neglect, use of the product on surfaces other than snow, or operation of the product in a manner inconsistent with the recommended operation described in the Operator's Guide;
- Damage resulting from accident, submersion, fire, theft, vandalism or any act of God;
- Operation with fuels, oils or lubricants which are not suitable for use with the product (see the Operator's Guide);
- Snow or water ingestion;
- Incidental or consequential damages, or damages of any kind including without limitation towing, storage, telephone, rental, taxi, inconvenience, insurance coverage, loan payments, loss of time, loss of income; and
- Damage resulting from studs installed on tracks if the installation does not conform to BRP's instructions.

7) LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY

THIS WARRANTY IS EXPRESSLY GIVEN AND ACCEPTED IN LIEU OF ANY AND ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. TO THE EXTENT THAT THEY CANNOT BE DISCLAIMED, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES ARE LIMITED IN DURATION TO THE LIFE OF THE EXPRESS WARRANTY. INCIDENTAL AND CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES ARE EXCLUDED FROM COVERAGE UNDER THIS

WARRANTY. SOME STATES/ PROVINCES DO NOT ALLOW FOR THE DISCLAIMERS, LIMITATIONS AND EXCLUSIONS IDENTIFIED ABOVE, AS A RESULT, THEY MAY NOT APPLY TO YOU. THIS WARRANTY GIVES YOU SPECIFIC RIGHTS, AND YOU MAY ALSO HAVE OTHER LEGAL RIGHTS WHICH MAY VARY FROM STATE TO STATE, OR PROVINCE TO PROVINCE.

Neither the distributor, any BRP distributor/dealer nor any other person has been authorized to make any affirmation, representation or warranty regarding the product, other than those contained in this limited warranty, and if made, shall not be enforceable against BRP.

BRP reserves the right to modify this warranty at any time, being understood that such modification will not alter the warranty conditions applicable to the products sold while this warranty is in effect.

8) TRANSFER

If the ownership of a product is transferred during the warranty coverage period, this warranty shall also be transferred and be valid for the remaining coverage period provided BRP or an authorised BRP distributor / dealer receives a proof that the former owner agreed to the transfer of ownership, in addition to the co-ordinates of the new owner.

9) CONSUMER ASSISTANCE

1. In the event of a controversy or a dispute in connection with this limited warranty, BRP suggests that you try to resolve the issue at the dealership level. We recommend discussing the issue with the authorized distributor/dealer's service manager or owner.
2. If further assistance is required, the distributor's service department should be contacted in order to resolve the matter.
3. If the matter still remains unresolved then contact BRP by writing to us at the address below.

ADDRESS:

BRP-FINLAND OY
SERVICE DEPARTMENT
P.O. BOX 8040
FIN-96101 ROVANIEMI
FINLAND

MAINTENANCE RECORDS

Send photocopy of maintenance record to BRP if needed.

PREDELIVERY	
Serial number: _____ Mileage / km: _____ Hours: _____ Date: _____ Dealer no: _____ Notes: _____	Signature/Print: _____
Refer to vehicle Pre-Delivery Bulletin for detailed installation procedures	

FIRST INSPECTION	
Serial number: _____ Mileage / km: _____ Hours: _____ Date: _____ Dealer no: _____ Notes: _____	Signature/Print: _____
For maintenance schedule refer to Maintenance Information section of this operator's guide	

SERVICE	
Mileage / km: _____ Hours: _____ Date: _____ Dealer no: _____ Notes: _____	Signature/Print: _____
For maintenance schedule refer to Maintenance Information section of this operator's guide	

SERVICE	
Mileage / km: _____ Hours: _____ Date: _____ Dealer no: _____ Notes: _____	Signature/Print: _____
For maintenance schedule refer to Maintenance Information section of this operator's guide	

SERVICE

Mileage / km: _____
Hours: _____
Date: _____
Dealer no: _____
Notes: _____

Signature/Print: _____

For maintenance schedule refer to Maintenance Information section of this operator's guide

SERVICE

Mileage / km: _____
Hours: _____
Date: _____
Dealer no: _____
Notes: _____

Signature/Print: _____

For maintenance schedule refer to Maintenance Information section of this operator's guide

SERVICE

Mileage / km: _____
Hours: _____
Date: _____
Dealer no: _____
Notes: _____

Signature/Print: _____

For maintenance schedule refer to Maintenance Information section of this operator's guide

SERVICE

Mileage / km: _____
Hours: _____
Date: _____
Dealer no: _____
Notes: _____

Signature/Print: _____

For maintenance schedule refer to Maintenance Information section of this operator's guide

SERVICE

Mileage / km: _____
Hours: _____
Date: _____
Dealer no: _____
Notes: _____

Signature/Print: _____

For maintenance schedule refer to Maintenance Information section of this operator's guide

SERVICE	
Mileage / km: _____ Hours: _____ Date: _____ Dealer no: _____ Notes: _____ 	Signature/Print: _____
For maintenance schedule refer to Maintenance Information section of this operator's guide	

SERVICE	
Mileage / km: _____ Hours: _____ Date: _____ Dealer no: _____ Notes: _____ 	Signature/Print: _____
For maintenance schedule refer to Maintenance Information section of this operator's guide	

SERVICE	
Mileage / km: _____ Hours: _____ Date: _____ Dealer no: _____ Notes: _____ 	Signature/Print: _____
For maintenance schedule refer to Maintenance Information section of this operator's guide	

SERVICE	
Mileage / km: _____ Hours: _____ Date: _____ Dealer no: _____ Notes: _____ 	Signature/Print: _____
For maintenance schedule refer to Maintenance Information section of this operator's guide	

SERVICE	
Mileage / km: _____ Hours: _____ Date: _____ Dealer no: _____ Notes: _____ 	Signature/Print: _____
For maintenance schedule refer to Maintenance Information section of this operator's guide	

CUSTOMER INFORMATION

CHANGE OF ADDRESS/OWNERSHIP

If your address has changed or if you are the new owner of the snowmobile, be sure to notify BRP by either:

- Mailing one of the change of address cards on the following pages.
- Notifying an authorized Lynx dealer.

In case of change of ownership, please join a proof that the former owner agreed to the transfer.

Notifying BRP, even after the expiration of the limited warranty, is very important as it enables BRP to reach the snowmobile owner if necessary, like when safety recalls are initiated. It is the owner's responsibility to notify BRP.

STOLEN UNITS: If your personal snowmobile is stolen, you should notify BRP or an authorized Lynx dealer. We will ask you to provide your name, address, phone number, the vehicle identification number and the date it was stolen.

BRP FINLAND OY
Service Department
Isoaavantie 7
FIN-96320 Rovaniemi

CHANGE OF ADDRESS CHANGE OF OWNERSHIP 

VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

Model Number

Vehicle Identification Number (V.I.N.)

OLD ADDRESS
OR PREVIOUS OWNER:

NAME

NO.

STREET

APT

CITY

STATE/PROVINCE

ZIP/POSTAL CODE

COUNTRY

TELEPHONE

NEW ADDRESS
OR NEW OWNER:

NAME

NO.

STREET

APT

CITY

STATE/PROVINCE

ZIP/POSTAL CODE

COUNTRY

TELEPHONE

E-MAIL ADDRESS

V00A2F

CHANGE OF ADDRESS CHANGE OF OWNERSHIP 

VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

Model Number

Vehicle Identification Number (V.I.N.)

OLD ADDRESS
OR PREVIOUS OWNER:

NAME

NO.

STREET

APT

CITY

STATE/PROVINCE

ZIP/POSTAL CODE

COUNTRY

TELEPHONE

NEW ADDRESS
OR NEW OWNER:

NAME

NO.

STREET

APT

CITY

STATE/PROVINCE

ZIP/POSTAL CODE

COUNTRY

TELEPHONE

E-MAIL ADDRESS

V00A2F

VEHICLE MODEL No. _____

VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (V.I.N.) _____

ENGINE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (E.I.N.) _____

Owner: _____
NAME

No. STREET APT

CITY STATE/PROVINCE ZIP/POSTAL CODE

Purchase Date _____
YEAR MONTH DAY

Warranty Expiry Date _____
YEAR MONTH DAY

To be completed by the dealer at the time of the sale.

DEALER IMPRINT AREA



brp.com

LYNX



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